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NORTH SYDNEY COUNCIL REPORTS

NSLPP MEETING HELD ON 01/06/2022

Attachments:

1. Site Plan
2. Architectural and Landscape Plans
3. Geotechnical Report
4. Structural Report
Clause 4.6 Written Request

ADDRESS/WARD: 1 Warung Street, McMahons Point

APPLICATION No: DA 379/21

PROPOSAL: Partial demolition of existing residential flat building, construction

of below ground basement and reconstructed and new apartment

addition above and configuration of remaining apartments.

PLANS REF: Architectural Plans, prepared by Squillace, Issue B, Plan No's DA

001- DA-800, dated 28 March 2022.

Stormwater Plans, prepared by Jones Nicholson Pty Ltd, Issue 3,

Plan No's C001 - C401, dated 30 August 2021.

Landscape Plans, prepared by Conzept Landscape Architects, Revision B, Plan No's LPDA-22-79, Sheets 1-4, dated 1 April 2022.

OWNERS: T Paradisis, D J Collins, L Kingsborough McNeall, C B Dettmann, D

Brutans, L B Conway-Hunt, F Marks, P B Seddon

APPLICANT: T Paradisis

AUTHOR: Miguel Rivera, Senior Assessment Officer

DATE OF REPORT: 21 May 2022

DATE LODGED: 9 November 2021

RECOMMENDATION: Refusal

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Applicant seeks development consent from the North Sydney Local Planning Panel (NSLPP) for partial demolition of existing residential flat building, excavation and construction of basement, new basement entry from Henry Lawson Avenue and construction of a new apartment additions above, and substantial alterations of remaining apartments on land identified as No 1 Warung Street, McMahons Point.

The application is required to be reported to the NSLPP for determination, as directed by the Minister of Planning, as the development application has attracted 10 or more unique submissions by way of objection; involves a departure from a development standard that is greater than 10%; and is considered sensitive development which State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development (SEPP 65) applies.

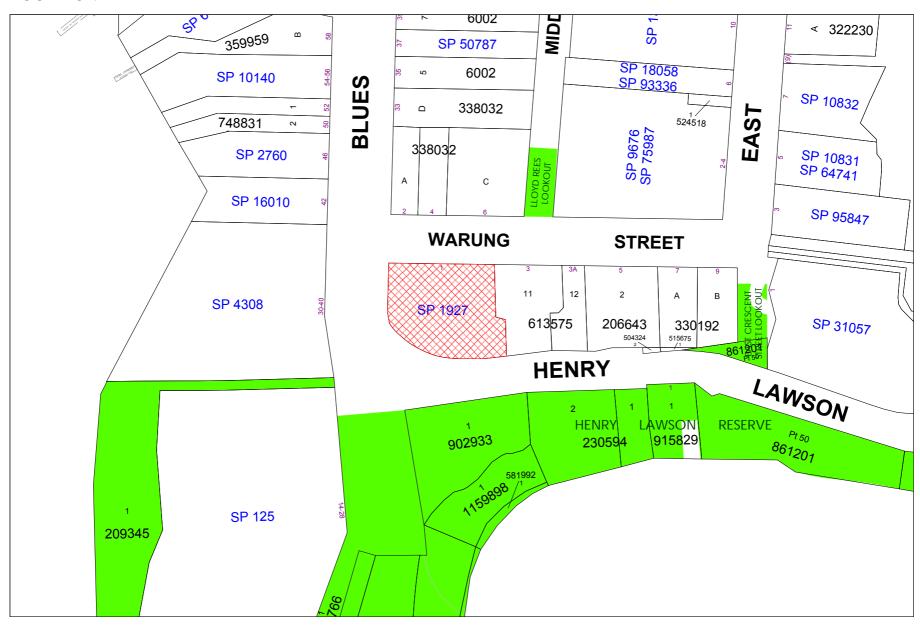
Council's notification of the original plans has attracted a total of eleven (11) submissions from eight (8) individual addresses and the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee and Union Precinct Committee, raising concerns regarding impacts on the sandstone cutting to Henry Lawson Avenue, breach to maximum building height, bulk and scale, impacts associated with traffic, safety, amenity, view loss, privacy and solar access, loss of landscaped areas, excavation, uncharacteristic built form, and impacts on the heritage conservation area. Amended plans illustrating a revised scheme were re-notified in April 2022, which attracted a further eight (8) submissions from four (4) individual addresses and the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee.

The development application was assessed against relevant State Planning Policies such as SEPP 65, as well as Council policies including the North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013 (NSLEP 2013) and North Sydney Development Control Plan 2013 (NSDCP 2013). Having regard for the context of the site and the applicable environmental planning controls the proposed development will result in an undesirable and unacceptable design and planning outcome that fails to appropriately respond to the site's unique constraints, context and setting. The proposed development is regarded as in-fill development that would not contribute positively to the streetscape, conservation area, foreshore zone and public domain and is a clear reflection that the site is not suitable for the development as proposed. This is further demonstrated by the excess bulk and scale, poor aesthetic and architectural expression, significant adverse impacts on heritage and streetscape and the lack of residential amenity attributed to the scheme.

The application involves a non-compliance to the maximum height of buildings development standard (8.5m) under Clause 4.3 of NSLEP 2013 as the proposal features a building height of 11.7m above natural ground level. This represents a departure of 3.2m or 38% from the development standard. The Applicant submitted a written request pursuant to Clause 4.6 of the NSLEP 2013. The request is not supported as insufficient planning grounds were provided and the included information failed to demonstrate that compliance with this development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary.

The assessment of the proposed development considered the concerns raised in the submissions and its performance against Council's planning requirements. Following this assessment and having regard to the provisions of Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended), the application is recommended for refusal given the proposal's failure to achieve compliance to and consistency with critical objectives, provisions and controls under the SEPP 65 and Council policy.

LOCATION MAP



Property/Applicant

Submittors - Properties Notified

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL

The proposal before the Panel is for partial demolition of existing residential flat building, excavation and construction of basement, new basement entry from Henry Lawson Avenue and construction of a new apartment additions above, and substantial alterations of remaining apartments at No. 1 Warung Street, McMahons Point. The residential flat building will comprise of nine (9) residential units, which is a reduced from the current yield of twelve (12) units. It is noted that the original proposal consisted of ten (10) residential units. The final scheme has a reduced number of units and a modified layout of each level in the building. The general building footprint of both basement level and building remained unchanged between both revisions.

Specifically, the proposed development involves the following elements:

Tree removal:

• Removal of seven (7) trees within the subject site.

Demolition:

- Demolition of eastern portion of residential flat building resulting in the removal of three
 (3) apartments and nine (9) under croft parking spaces; and
- Demolition of internal and external components within the building including walls, stairs, balconies, windows and doors.

Construction:

- Excavation works and demolition of an existing sandstone rock wall to facilitate a single basement level and opening for vehicular access to the basement. The basement level will comprise of twelve (12) car spaces arranged in car stackers, five (5) bike/storage cages, stairwell and lift to access upper levels and turntable and vehicular access areas;
- Re-construction and extension of the eastern portion of the building and alterations and additions to remaining building to create:
 - Lower ground floor (Lower Ground Level) containing a 3-bedroom + study unit (adaptable), four (4) bike/storage cages, service rooms, garage room, communal open space with undercover area and two (2) retained car spaces, a single visitor car space/car wash bay;
 - Ground floor (Ground Floor Level) containing a 2-bedroom unit, a 2-bedroom + study unit and a 3-bedroom + study unit (adaptable);
 - First floor (Level 1) containing a 2-bedroom + study unit, a 3-bedroom unit and a double storey 3-bedroom + study unit;
 - Second floor (Level 2) containing the upper level of the 3-bedroom + study unit (at the level below), a 2-bedroom + study unit and a 3-bedroom + study unit; and
- Retention of existing roof and construction of a flat roof for the new and re-built eastern portions.

Ancillary and external works:

- Installation of skylights, pebbled areas and solar panels on roof;
- Works for new stormwater management system including drains, pipes and other components to distribute runoff to existing infrastructure within Henry Lawson Avenue road reserve; and
- Associated landscaping works including garden beds, plantings on top of rock wall addressing Henry Lawson Avenue, Blues Point Road and, open atrium within ground floor of dwelling house and roof garden above garage.

A site analysis plan, demolition plans, floor plans, roof plan, elevations, section basement details and photomontages are shown in Figures 1 to 19 below.

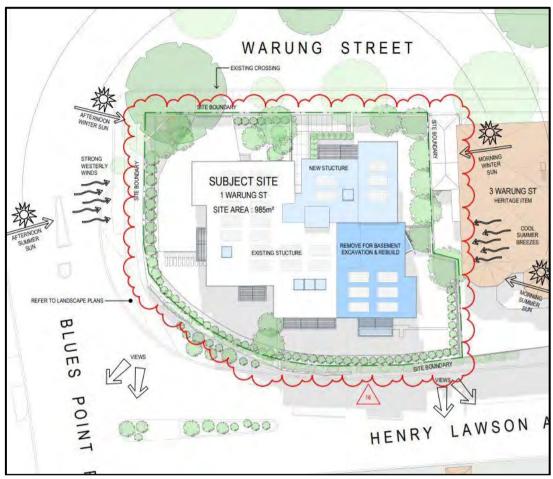


Figure 1: Site analysis plan



Figure 2: Demolition plan – existing lower ground floor

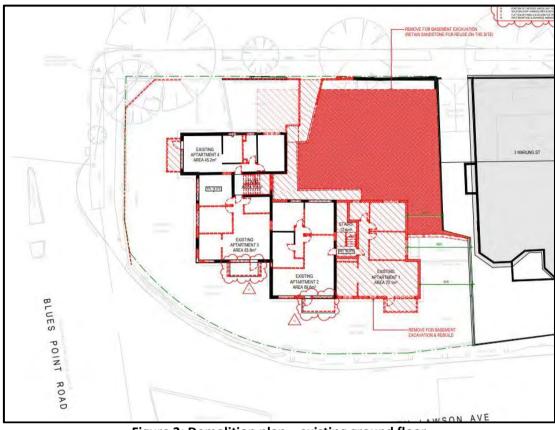


Figure 3: Demolition plan – existing ground floor

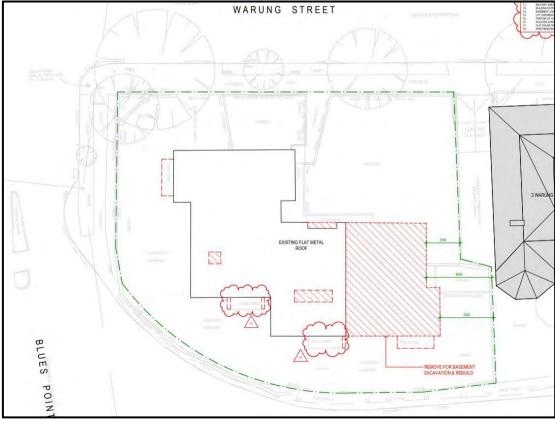


Figure 4: Demolition plan – existing roof

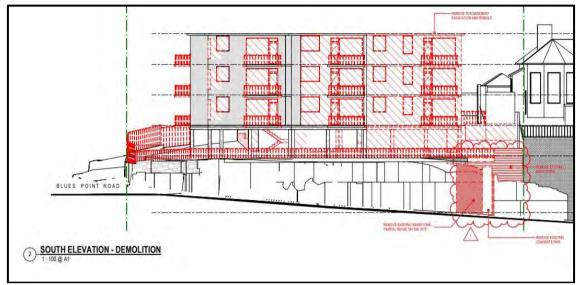


Figure 5: Demolition plan – south elevation

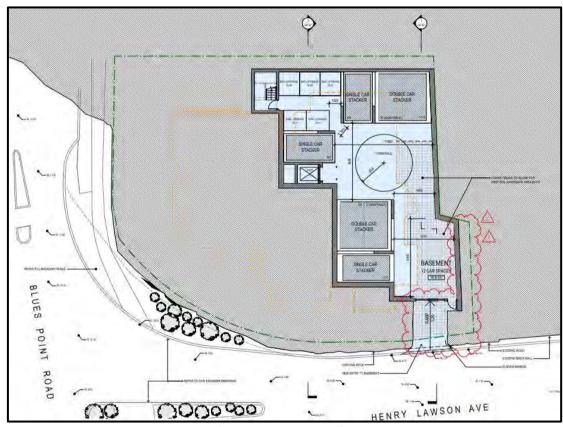


Figure 6: Basement plan

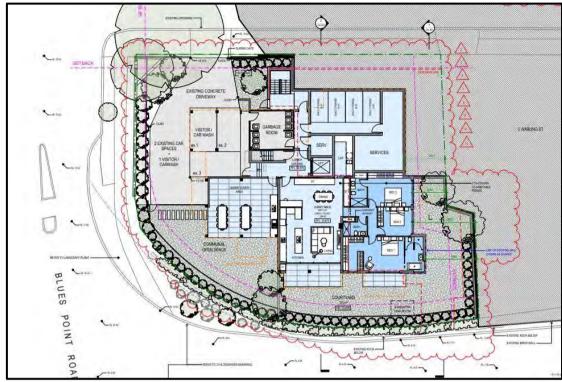


Figure 7: Lower ground floor plan



Figure 8: Ground floor plan



Figure 9: First floor (Level 1) plan



Figure 10: Second floor (Level 2) plan



Figure 11: Roof plan

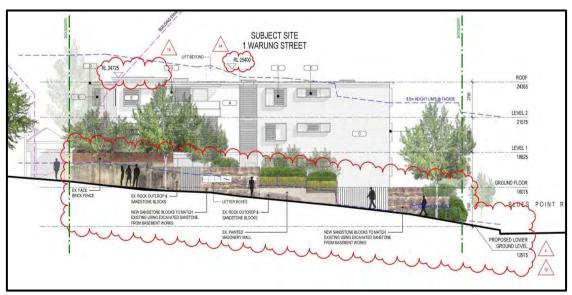


Figure 12: Northern elevation

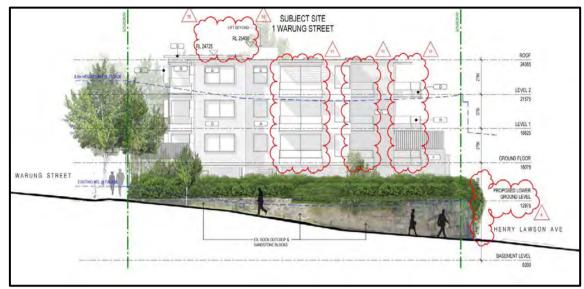


Figure 13: Western elevation

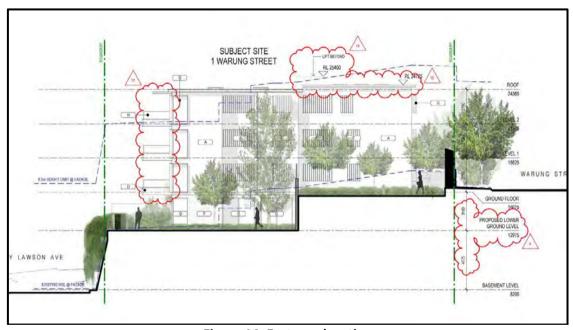


Figure 14: Eastern elevation

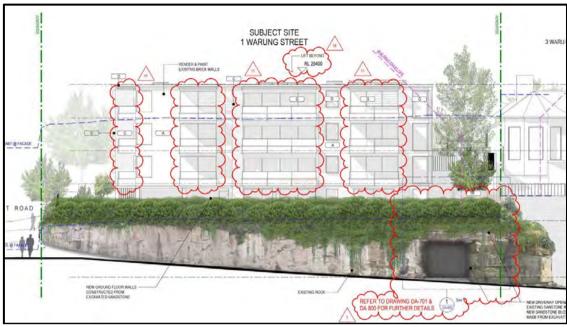


Figure 15: Southern elevation

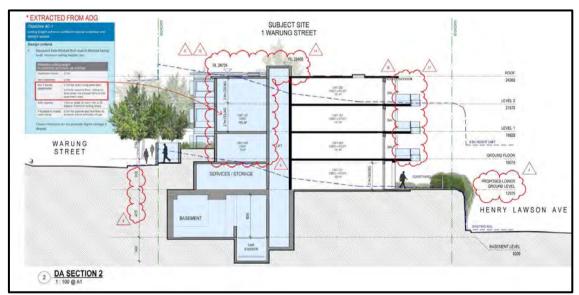


Figure 16: Section



Figure 17: Basement details

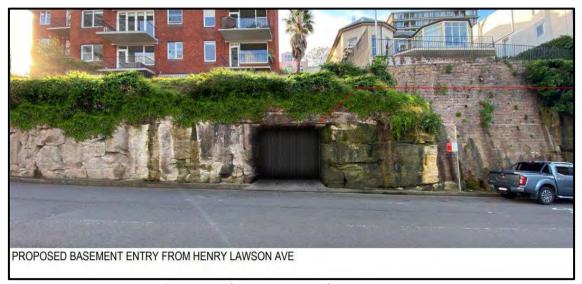


Figure 18: Photomontage - basement entry



Figure 19: Photomontage – proposed development (view from Blues Point Road)

STATUTORY CONTROLS

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended) Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021

North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013 (NSLEP 2013):

- Zoning R3 Medium Density Residential
- Clause 5.6 Architectural roof features No
- Clause 5.7 Development below mean high water mark No
- Clause 5.10 Heritage conservation:
- Item of heritage No

- o In vicinity of heritage item Yes, adjoins No. 3 Warung Street (IO515)
- Conservation area Yes, noted as an uncharacteristic item in McMahons Point South (CA14)
- Clause 6.9 Limited development in foreshore area No
- Clause 6.10 Earthworks Yes
- Clause 6.12 Residential flat buildings No, not on land zoned R4

State and regional environmental planning policies:

- State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development (SEPP 65)
- SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021
- SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
- SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
- SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

POLICY CONTROLS

North Sydney Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan North Sydney Development Control Plan 2013 (NSDCP 2013) Sydney Harbour Foreshores and Waterways Area DCP 2005

DESCRIPTION OF LOCALITY

The subject site is commonly identified as No. 1 Warung Street, McMahons Point, and is legally described as SP 1927. It is an irregular shaped allotment, located on a prominent corner with Warung Street, Blues Point Road and Henry Lawson Avenue bordering its northern, western and southern boundaries (refer to Figures 20 and 21). The site has a north-south orientation, a 33.53m wide frontage (addressing Warung Street), a 19.178m wide secondary frontage (addressing Blues Point Road) and a 32.59m wide splayed boundary (addressing Henry Lawson Avenue). It comprises a total area of 985.4m² and features a steep fall of 5m from the north-eastern corner to the south-western corner with a small cliff to the road reserve at Henry Lawson Avenue.

The subject site is predominantly modified and currently occupied by a 3-storey residential flat building containing twelve (12) units and at-grade undercover parking and undercroft service areas arranged in a L-shaped formation (refer to Figures 22 to 32). External of and surrounding the existing building are open areas consisting of internal driveway and paved turning areas, garden beds and grassed lawn areas and pedestrian access paths. The site features a sandstone rock wall that wraps around its northern, southern and western perimeters (refer to Figures 22 to 26 and Figure 32). This wall is a prominent element that is highly visible from public domain and is continued along the eastern extent of Henry Lawson Avenue.



Figure 20: Location plan showing subject site (outlined in blue) and surrounding properties (Source: Spatial Information Exchange Maps)

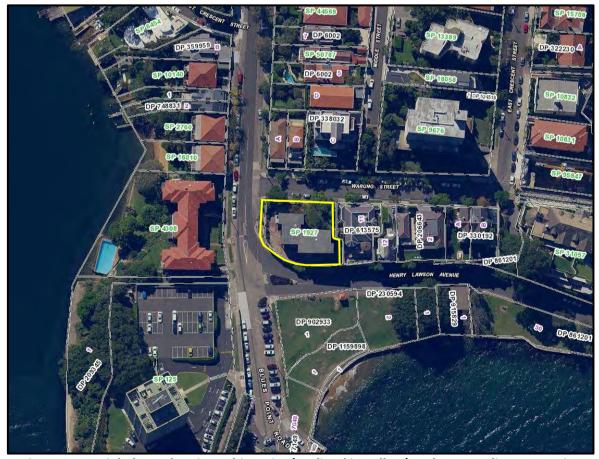


Figure 21: Aerial photo showing subject site (outlined in yellow) and surrounding properties (Source: Spatial Information Exchange Maps)



Figure 22: Front of existing residential flat building – viewed from Warung Street



Figure 23: Front driveway of existing residential flat building – viewed from Warung Street



Figure 24: Southern side of existing building and rock wall – viewed from Henry Lawson Avenue



Figure 25: South-western side of existing building and rock wall – viewed from Henry Lawson Avenue



Figure 26: Western and south-western sides of existing building and rock wall – viewed from Blues

Point Road



Figure 27: Pedestrian access to front entry of existing building



Figure 28: Internal driveway area and undercover parking



Figure 29: Southern extent of driveway, turning areas, undercover parking and landscaping



Figure 30: Eastern view of driveway, turning areas, undercover parking and landscaping



Figure 31: Undercover parking, clothes drying area and landscaping and rear view of No. 3 Warung Street



Figure 32: Rock wall along western boundary of site

The immediate locality features a varied low-medium and high density residential-suburban character that is dominated by low-rise apartment buildings, taller and expansive residential flat buildings, and palatial, traditional-style dwelling houses on slopping sites. Many residences overlook Sydney Harbour (including Blues Bay) and have some views and vistas of the harbour and public reserves.

The site is surrounded and adjoined by the following properties:

- Front (north): No. 2 Warung Street (dwelling house), No. 4 Warung Street (dwelling house), No. 6 Warung Street (dwelling house) (refer to Figure 33)
- East-adjoining: No. 3 Warung Street (dwelling house) (refer to Figure 34)
- Secondary front (west): No. 30-40 Blues Point Road (4-storey residential flat building) refer to Figure 35).
- Rear (south): Henry Lawson Reserve (refer to Figures 36 and 37).

A tall, multi-storey residential tower-building (Blues Point Tower) is situated south-west of the site (at No. 14-28 Blues Point Road) and is a highly prominent structure in the vicinity (refer to Figure 38).



Figure 33: Front of residences at No.'s 2, 4 and 6 Warung Street



Figure 34: Front of residence at No. 3 Warung Street



Figure 35: Front of 4-storey building at No. 30-40 Blues Point Road



Figure 36: Northern boundary of Henry Lawson Reserve showing landscaped traffic island and a bus shelter along Henry Lawson Avenue



Figure 37: Southern views of Henry Lawson Reserve and properties at No.'s 1 and 3 Warung Street



Figure 38: Blues Point Tower at No. 14-28 Blues Point Road

RELEVANT HISTORY

Pre-lodgement advice

Date	Action
18 January 2021	 A Pre-Lodgement Meeting was undertaken via Zoom with the Applicant and Council officers. The minutes of this meeting were distributed to the Applicant on 8 March 2021. The following matters/issues were raised in the meeting and detailed in the minutes: Heritage matters such as impacts on conservation area due to partial demolition of rock wall; Engineering issues such as structural stability of rock wall and traffic assessment to considered vehicular safety and manoeuvring; Impacts on the scenic quality of the foreshore; Permissibility of residential flat buildings in the R3 zone and existing use rights; Non-compliance with maximum building height provision under Clause 4.3 of NSLEP 2013; View loss impacts; and Application and consideration of controls under NSDCP 2013.

Amendment No. 30 - NSLEP 2013

On 30 June 2021, Amendment No. 30 of the NSLEP 2013 was endorsed by the NSW Department of Planning and Environment. One of the key amendments in Amendment No. 30 included permissibility of residential flat buildings within the R3 – Medium Density Residential zone. It is noted that the subject application was lodged to Council after 30 June 2021 and accordingly, permissibility and existing use rights are not considered critical issues with regard to the assessment of the proposed development.

It is noted that on 28 March 2022, Council resolved to re-visit the permissibility of residential flat buildings in the R3 – Medium Density Residential zone and to endorse the respective Planning Proposal to be submitted to the Minister for Planning for consideration of gateway determination in accordance with Section 3.34 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. This Planning Proposal has been lodged; however, gateway determination has not been issued by the Minister for Planning. Under the current NSLEP 2013, residential flat buildings remain a permissible development in the R3 – Medium Density Residential zone and as such, the application does not rely the application does not rely on the existing use rights or the Incorporated Provisions of the NSW EP&A Regulations 2021 to be considered permissible. The application must be considered against the prevailing development controls otherwise applicable to the R3 (Medium Density Residential) zone, including applicable standards for building height and zone objectives. Any further amendment to the NSLEP 2013 could not; however, be regarded as imminent or certain at this time and any breach to the maximum height of buildings development standard would be subject to consideration under Clause 4.6.

There are no previously lodged development applications for the site that are relevant to the subject application.

Current Application

Date	Action
9 November 2021	The subject application was lodged with Council.
26 November 2021	A Stop the Clock (STC) letter was sent to the Applicant via the Planning Portal. The STC letter advised that the following additional information must be submitted to proceed with the assessment: • Heritage impact statement; • Elevational shadow diagrams; • Revised schedule of materials and colours; and • Detailed shoring diagrams.
26 November 2021	The application was notified as per Council's Community Participation Plan. The notification period ended on 10 December 2021. A total of eleven (11) submissions from eight (8) individual addresses and the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee and Union Precinct Committee, were received during this period.
2, 3, 15 December 2021	The Applicant provided the above additional information via the Planning Portal.
13 December 2021	A site inspection was conducted by Council's Assessment Officer.
14 December 2021	The Design Excellence Panel (DEP) Meeting was held via Zoom with the DEP, the Applicant and Council. The following matters/issues were raised in the meeting: Context and local character; Heritage impacts – namely demolition of rock wall; Built form and scale including height exceedance and extent of excavation; Sustainability, building performance and adaptability; Landscape integration; Building configuration, planning and amenity: Ceiling height; Building services; Building services; Building separation; Pedestrian entrance; Basement stair access; Bike parking; Roof-top design and materiality – should be high quality; Lack of communal open space; Excessive car parking; Apartment mix; and Architectural expression and materiality. The minutes of the meeting were sent to the Applicant via the Planning Portal on 19 January 2022. A summary of the issues raised were also included in a Withdraw/Refuse Letter. A Withdraw/Refuse Letter was sent to the Applicant via the Planning Portal.
18 January 2022	The letter advised the following matters that required addressing:

	 Matters raised in the DEP Meeting; Traffic and parking issues including use of car stackers and road works footpath extension and pedestrian island; Waste management and facilities.
1 February 2022	An informal meeting was held via Microsoft Teams between between the Applicant and Council officers to discuss the matters described in the Withdraw/Refuse Letter.
4 April 2022	The Applicant submitted additional information via the Planning Portal.
21 April 2022	The amended plans were re-notified as per Council's Community Participation Plan. The notification period ended on 6 May 2022. A total of eight (8) submissions from four (4) individual addresses and the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee, were received during this time.

INTERNAL REFERRALS

BUILDING

Council's Senior Building Surveyor reviewed the application and provided the following commentary with regard to compliance against the relevant requirements under the Building Code of Australia (BCA) (now known as the National Construction Code/NCC):

The Development Application seeks approval for the partial demolition of an existing residential flat building and construction of new basement level and change to the configuration of all existing units. The building will be classified by the NCC BCA 2019 as a class 2 and 7a building of Type A construction.

The development application is supported by a Disability Access Report dated 26 August 2021 prepared by Access Solutions Pty Ltd which concludes that the proposed development can comply with the requirements of the NCC BCA 2019 and Disability (Access to Premises- Buildings) Standards 2010.

It should be noted that no BCA Compliance Assessment Report has been provided with the application. It is recommended that a BCA Compliance Assessment Report be provided to ensure no additional works are required that would require any major change to proposed building design or trigger need for a s4.55 Modified Development Application at a later date.

Given the scope and scale of the proposed building works upgrade of the existing building pursuant to Clause 94 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulations 2000 is required.

A detailed assessment of compliance with the Building Code of Australia 2019 will be undertaken by an appropriately accredited certifier at the Construction Certificate Stage of the proposed development. Additionally, a Fire Safety Schedule is to be prepared by the certifier and accompany the Construction Certificate.

It is recommended that standard conditions are imposed.

Planning comment: The above comments are noted are concurred with. Conditions can be imposed to ensure compliance with the relevant building standards.

ENGINEERING

Council's Development Engineer reviewed the application and the comments made by Council's Traffic and Transport Engineer, and confirmed that no objections were raised with regard to the proposed vehicular access and parking, and stormwater management system, subject to the imposition of recommended conditions.

Planning comment: The above comments are noted and concurred with. The recommended conditions could be imposed and included in any development consent.

HERITAGE

Council's Heritage Planner reviewed the application and provided the following advice:

"The site is occupied by a free standing 1960s walk-up residential flat building with red textured face brick containing three storeys above an open car park. The building occupies a prominent and highly visible location and is orientated to take advantage of harbour views. It is set within a highly significant heritage context and is directly adjacent heritage item 3 Warung Street.

The construction of 1 Warung Street is generally in the same timeline as the nearby residential flat buildings at Blues Point Tower and 30-40 Blues Point Road (see descriptions above). All three buildings have distinctive but different forms and are built outside the key development period of the McMahons Point conservation area. Their typology as residential flat buildings represent the larger scale, higher density development from the mid-20th century expressing the evolving built history of the McMahons Point South Conservation Area

The subject development application is for alterations and additions to the existing building and not for the construction of a new replacement building. The assessment of the proposed development is therefore, guided by heritage conservation area provisions in NDCP 2013 Part B.

Whilst the proposed treatment of the existing building does upgrade/refresh the appearance of the building and noting that it is built in the same era as Blues Point Tower and 30-40 Blues Point Road to the west, collectively expressing the evolving built history of the McMahons Point South Conservation Area, it does not overcome the potential reason for the buildings' classification as an uncharacteristic item. A preliminary assessment as to the uncharacteristic status of the building is likely to be:

- its bulk and scale adjacent to the heritage item group along Warung Street, and in relation to which the description of the heritage group as provided in the SHI sheet states that the view is spoilt by the Flats at No.1;
- the prominent and highly visible location of the site; and
- that the subject site does not form part of any significant view setting in relation to the heritage items in the vicinity of the site.

As an uncharacteristic building the key emphasis of any future works is to encourage an improved outcome by incorporating changes to improve the contextual design and visual impact on the site generally and on the setting of the nearby heritage items adjacent to the site and with the objective being to reclassify the building from "uncharacteristic" to "neutral or even "contributory". The limitations of working with the existing building in terms of its form, massing and scale does not achieve this.

The creation of a vehicular access off Henry Lawson Avenue is not supported on heritage grounds for its physical and visual impact on the rocky outcrop and in relation to the landscape setting with Henry Lawson Reserve. It is disruptive to the scenic and environmental qualities of the site and its proximity to Henry Lawson Reserve and will adversely impact on the historical evidence of the man-made wall that follows the line of the tramline that once serviced the area. The man-made sandstone wall to the northern side of Henry Lawson Avenue is important to the setting of the buildings above it. The wall was created by cutting into the natural stone as part of the construction of a tramline in 1909. Whilst it has undergone alteration in the past and has been repaired and/or altered, it traces the former tramline which closed in 1932 The cut was made in 1909 to accommodate the tram line from McMahon's Point to Chatswood and Lane Cove and was the principal car ferry service from the North Shore to Dawes Point. It gave residents from these suburbs and locations along the line direct access to a cross harbour ferry. Cliff Avenue (and earlier known as Cliff Lane as referenced in the 1890 waterboard plan) and was renamed to Henry Lawson Avenue in 1967 in the year of the centenary of Henry Lawsons birth. [Ref p5-7 of HIS 1 Warung Street Weir Philips Heritage and Planning December 2021].

Although identified as an uncharacteristic item, the building is typical of its era and retains its original character. As such, the changes should be cognisant of its original design. The pre-da advice sought to achieve a lightweight/ floating character for the balconies similar to the existing and with a similar, albeit updated balustrade design discernible as a contemporary overlay to the existing building. Despite the 'invigorated' appearance of the building, the limitations set by the form of the existing typical 1960s walk-up design do not mitigate the impact on the heritage setting/context of the subject site. The net outcome is that the existing building on the site is larger.

The upgrade works alter the appearance of the existing building by changing the proportions of the fenestration, reduction of the face brick and colour scheme and hence its architectural style. However, the limitations of working with the existing building form remain. Within this context, the glazed balustrades are not supported and nor is the vehicular access from Henry Lawson Avenue.

The most optimum outcome for the site would be for a new development designed to fit the site context applying the best practice architectural design principles applicable to current architectural trends and address the elements of the existing building design that identify it as an uncharacteristic item.

With reference to the above, the proposal does not comply with the heritage conservation provisions relevant to the site and is therefore not supported on heritage conservation grounds.

With reference to the above an assessment of the proposal has been undertaken in terms of North Sydney LEP 2013, Part 5 Clause 5.10 Heritage conservation with regard for North Sydney DCP 2013 Part B: section 13 Heritage and Conservation and the Lavender Bay Planning Area Character Statement in Part C relating to the McMahons Point South conservation area. The proposal is contrary to the following NDCP 2013 provisions and therefore does not meet the objectives of NLEP 2013 Cl 5.10 Heritage conservation."

Planning comment: The above comments are considered and generally concurred with. The amended scheme features a more acceptable basement opening design; however, insufficient information was provided to ensure the remaining structure is unaffected in terms of its integrity and stability. The potential heritage impacts and creation of a highly uncharacteristic item are key matters than have not been resolved and on heritage grounds, the proposed development cannot be supported.

DESIGN EXCELLENCE PANEL (DEP)

The Design Excellence Panel (DEP) provided a suite of key matters in relation to the design principles under the SEPP 65 and ADG. These matters were as follows:

"Principle 1: Context and local character

The primary contextual concerns regarding the proposed development include:

- Overshadowing impacts on Blues Point Reserve.
- Extent of basement excavation and impact on neighbouring heritage items.
- Part demolition of sandstone wall and precedent impacting on the heritage and landscape setting.
- Exceedance of maximum parking control, particularly in view of immediacy of public transport.
- Treatment of roofscape impacting the amenity of residences overlooking the site.
- External material treatment of render, glass, steel and the lack of relationship to neighbouring built character.

Principle 2: Built form, scale and public domain/urban design response

The proposal exceeds 8.5m height control by approximately one floor but appears to maintain the height of the existing building with the exception of the lift overrun and roof lights. Exceedance of the existing height is not supported in view of significant impact on harbour views from some of the existing nearby buildings and additional overshadowing impacts on Blues Point Reserve.

Acceptability of site coverage allowing for additional development in north-east corner, is subject to Council confirmation of compliance with height and boundary setback controls and provision of communal open space at ground level to satisfy ADG criteria.

The proposed improvement to exposed car parking at street level is marginal. The ground level remains partially devoted to visitor car-parking, wash bay and enclosed garage area. The ground level should be amended to improve presentation to the public domain. The extensive excavation for small number of additional carparking spaces is questioned.

Principle 3: Density

While the proposal may have the potential to achieve an acceptable density, issues raised under each of the Principles must be resolved.

Principle 4: Sustainability, building performance and adaptability

The design generally appears reasonable in relation to environmental performance, but there are no apparent additional initiatives. The Applicant should be urged to at least incorporate solar power generation and greening of the areas of new roof.

Sun shading to north facade, to manage low summer north western sun, and screening to west facing balconies should be provided.

Principle 5: Landscape integration

The drawings and montage views indicate the intended form of landscape. Detailed information should be provided with the amended design, maximising opportunities for greening and provision of a least medium sized trees to replace the seven (7) trees proposed for removed.

Council comments: the proposed tree removal is supported subject to additional planting of two (2) x Tristaniopsis laurina (75I) within the rear (southern) setback of the site. This replacement planting is in addition to any planting already shown in the Landscape Plan prepared by Conzept Landscape Architects, dated August 2021.

Principle 6: Amenity

The proposed development retains only a portion of the existing built fabric. Floor-to-floor dimensions are proposed as 2750mm resulting in ceiling heights less than ADG minimum requirements. This is due to the retention of ceiling heights in the existing building.

A major concern is the accumulative impacts of planning reconfiguration, relocation of buildings services and associated slab penetrations and introduction of new structure to extended balconies likely resulting in around 2450mm ceiling heights for a significant proportion of the floor area. Effectively, the proposed requires a rebuild of much of the existing fabric, in which case floor to ceiling heights should be made to comply with ADG requirements.

The north eastern portion which is entirely a new build, should comply with ADG required floor to ceiling heights. This would involve a reduction in unit yield in order to deliver a built form of the same scale and height as the existing building and which does not result in any additional overshadowing, view loss or amenity impacts.

No building services information nor spatial allocation has been provided for services such as heating, air-conditioning, power, basement car-park venting and utilities. Further, no structural nor hydraulic details have been provided for new and extended balconies proposed.

Sections and details should be provided including the provision for building services and structure demonstrating floor to ceiling heights meet ADG requirements.

Setbacks/building separation should comply with the ADG to protect acoustic and visual amenity of the heritage item (No. 3 Warung Street) noting that part of the proposal is contained within the footprint of the existing building envelope. Details to No. 3 Warung Street western elevation are required confirming windows/openings to habitable/non-habitable spaces relative to the proposed at all levels to meet ADG requirements.

The main entrance route includes four steps and platform lift, both could be avoided if the entrance gate was located a few metres to the east where the footpath level is higher. The pedestrian access should be amended to allow for at-grade entry from Warung Street and should not require a chairlift.

A seat and small covered space could be provided inside the entrance gate adjacent to the letter box for meeting, sitting/communal place.

The deep recess accessing the main entrance doors should be reduced in depth for security reasons.

Basement stair access is disconnected from the main entry and egress inconveniently requires exiting the building and re-entry via the lower ground level car-parking. The basement stair access should be rationalised and seamlessly connected to the residential levels.

Spatial allowance for bike parking located at ground is inadequate and in conflict with carparking. Bike parking should be reconfigured.

Roof-lights/vents should be provided to internal toilets/bathrooms on the top floor.

The design and external finish of the roof impacts on residents overlooking the subject site. Roof plan and details should be provided. The roof finish should not be reflective, all service penetrations and skylights should be detailed to present a high quality roofscape. Any extension of the roof area should maximize opportunities for greening and improvement of visual amenity.

No communal space is provided. Communal space at ground level in association with landscaping should be provided to meet ADG area and solar access requirements. Proposed reliance on private open space and Blues Point Reserve is not supported.

The lift overrun results in further height breech. The Applicant advised that the chosen lift company is able to design and construct a lift with a minimal over-run. Details of the lift must be provided to confirm the lift does not result in a further breech beyond that of the existing height. Skylights should not result in further height breech.

Off-street parking is proposed for a total of 17 cars as follows:

- 5 existing car spaces retained in the existing at-grade, under-croft car parking area, to be accessed via the existing driveway in Warung Street, and
- 12 car spaces (plus 2 shared zones) in 7 car stackers provided in a new single-level basement car parking area, to be accessed via a new driveway in Henry Lawson Drive.

That proposed provision of 17 car spaces results in 2 car spaces over and above Council's maximum car parking threshold.

Given the site has good access to public transport, the need for any basement carparking is questioned. The extent of excavation, associated likely significant structural challenges and impact on the presentation of sandstone wall to Blues Point Reserve and harbour are of concern. The Applicant should be encouraged to minimise carparking. Exceedance of Council's carparking controls is not supported.

Significant sandstone excavation of about 7-8m is proposed to reach the street level of Henry Lawson Ave with a further 2.4m excavation for car stacking. The new vehicle entry will impact the existing sandstone face. The partial removal of the sandstone wall for the new driveway is not supported given the visibility of this entrance from public domain and its contribution to the local heritage and landscape setting.

The Applicant should provide further engineering information to confirm any basement level construction is appropriately managed, and does not result in unacceptable visual impacts such as anchors and rock ties.

Principle 8: Housing diversity and social interaction

The development is located in proximity to good public transport. The apartment mix should provide a diversity of housing choices equal to that of the existing development or better to meet DCP compliance. External communal open space should be provided as noted above.

Principle 9: Architectural expression and material

Full-glass balconies provide inadequate privacy and are highly visible from Blues Point Reserve. The amount of glazing may not be appropriate in context of the heritage conservation area and unique setting of the site. A composition of solid upstands and metal balustrades more in keeping with neighbouring character should be considered.

The design is visually over-assertive in this sensitive context, with unduly contrasting materials and finishes. The dark 'charcoal' of the steel structure for example should be a warmer, lighter finish to better relate to other finishes and the overall context of the area.

Insufficient details have been provided to appropriately assess the quality of the development. Details at minimum scale 1:20 should be provided for fenestration, balcony design and soffits, brick rendering, skylights, roof finish.

Planning comment: The above comments relate to the originally proposed design and are noted and considered. It is noted that some of the above matters have been addressed in the amended design and additional information submitted by the Applicant; however, a number of design principles and remain unachieved by the proposed development and accordingly, some outstanding matters raised by DEP are substantive and have not been resolved. As such, the proposed development is not supported in its current form.

LANDSCAPING

Council's Landscape Development Officer evaluated the application and provided the following commentary with regard to the proposed tree removal and new landscaping treatments:

"Some concern is raised in relation to the proposed excavation into the existing exposed sandstone rockface for the realignment of the street/footpath on the corner of Blues Point Road and Henry Lawson Avenue. There does not appear to be much detail in lodged documents regarding the reason for this, nor the proposed finish. It is assumed that this proposal is in response to the traffic approach to the newly proposed driveway on Henry Lawson Avenue. Council does not normally support the removal of existing stone outcrops, and particularly given the proximity in relation to harbourside views, this particular component of the proposal may need to be considered by heritage & traffic/infrastructure.

Retention of existing rockface, or exposure of newly exposed natural sandstone would be the preferred finish.

Subject to satisfactory resolution of the above, recommended conditions shall apply.

The existing Jacaranda mimosifolia trees (3m - 12m var.) in the Council verge of the Warung Street frontage of the subject site shall be protected in accordance with AS4970.

A collective tree bond of \$35,000 shall be applied.

One (1) x unidentified, un-numbered small tree (4m) in the Council verge of the Blues Pt Rd frontage of the subject site (between postal box and telegraph pole) shall be protected in accordance with AS4970. A tree bond of \$3,00 shall be applied.

T6 Plumeria sp. (5x6m) located in the NW corner of No. 1 Warung Street shall be protected in accordance with AS4970.

No objection is raised to the removal of T7-T13, subject to the additional planting of 2×10^{-5} x Tristaniopsis laurina (751) within the rear (southern) setback of No. 1 Warung Street.

This replacement planting is in addition to any planting already shown in the Landscape Plan.

The Arborist Report prepared by advanced Treescape Consulting (dated 13/8/21) and all recommendations contained therein, shall be strictly adhered to for the duration of works.

Any work within the TPZ of a protected tree shall be carried out using sensitive construction techniques, no roots greater than 40mm shall be cut, no canopy pruning shall be permitted."

Planning comment: The above comments are noted and considered. It is noted that an amended design and additional information has been provided by the Applicant that comprises sufficient detail in relation to the visual presentation of the basement opening. The presentation of this opening and the partial removal of the rock wall to accommodate the opening are considered generally acceptable in terms of context and response to neighbourhood character, subject to the works successfully ensuring the remainder of the rock wall remains in-situ and that both the adjoining property at No. 3 Warung Street and the retained portions of the building are unaffected. As outlined in different sections of this report, the proposed development is not supported in its current form — however, conditions can be imposed (as recommended by Councils Landscape Development Officer).

TRAFFIC

Council's Traffic and Transport Engineer provided the following comments:

It is recommended that the development be refused due to the use of car stackers. The use of dependent single or double stacker should always be the last alternative, and car stackers by their very own nature are highly mechanical systems, which therefore makes it highly likely to break down.

Should Council approve this development it is recommended that the following conditions be imposed:

- That all aspects of the carpark comply with the Australian Standard AS2890.1 Off-Street Parking.
- That all aspects of the bicycle parking and storage facilities comply with the Australian Standard AS2890.3.
- Accommodate all bicycle parking and storage facilities in the basement parking area.
- That all aspects of parking spaces for people with disabilities comply with the Australian Standard AS 2890.6.
- That all queuing or waiting for the use of the stackers need to occur within the basement car park area
- That all aspects of the car stacker comply with the Austrian Standard AS2890.5 including the minimum height clearance of 2200mm.
- The driveway to the site must be designed such that there are minimum sightlines for pedestrian safety as per Figure 3.2 of AS 2890.1.
- That the developer upgrades the lighting on Warung Street, Blues Point Road and Henry Lawson Avenue adjacent to the site, to PR3 lighting level in accordance with AS1158.3.
- That a Demolition and Construction Management Program be prepared and submitted to Council for consideration by the North Sydney Traffic Committee and approval by Council prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. Any use of Council property shall require appropriate separate permits/approvals.
- That any further design of the footpath widening, and traffic calming device shall be submitted to Council for approval prior to implementation.

Planning comment: The above comments are noted and considered. There are examples of residential flat buildings and other forms of development in the North Sydney Local Government Area in which car stackers have been accepted and are successful. In this instance, the car stacker design could be accepted; however, due to a number of unresolved matters and key concerns, the proposed development is not supported.

WASTE

Council's Waste Operations and Education Officer reviewed the application and provided the following commentary with regard to the proposed tree removal and new landscaping treatments:

"Properties with a lift must have a garbage chute and recycling bin on each level. Recycling bins should be provided on each floor next to the garbage chute.

The residential waste bins need a temporary bin holding area for collection off the street and within 2m of the street alignment.

The proposed holding bay must fit the minimum eight (8) x 240L bins.

There needs to be functional bulky waste storage area to hold household clean up material. This room must be separate to the waste room. The proposed development must adhere to the NSC DCP 2013 Section 19 - Waste Minimisation and Management and Part B: Section 1 - Residential Development requirements.

A temporary holding bay for collections must be provided of sufficient size to accommodate the required garbage and recycling bins and located within 2m from the street boundary. At least eight (8) \times 240L bins are required as a minimum for this proposal. The standard conditions will apply to this proposed development."

Planning comment: The above comments are noted and considered. The proposed development is not supported in its current form. It is acknowledged that the existing residential flat building does not comply with the above waste requirements. Given the intent of the design (retaining a large proportion of the building) some consideration can be applied to eliminate the need for waste service rooms and chutes at the each floor. Given the number of units proposed is nine (9) total, some consideration can be given to provide a proportionate bulky storage area within the same vicinity as the proposed waste room.

EXTERNAL REFERRALS

TRANSPORT FOR NSW - SYDNEY METRO

The subject site is directly adjacent to an existing bus route along Henry Lawson Avenue and within immediate vicinity of the Sydney Metro – City and Southwest rail corridor. Accordingly, the application required a referral to Transport for NSW – Sydney Metro in accordance with Clause 86 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 (now repealed and contained within State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021). Transport for NSW – Sydney Metro assessed the application encompassing the amended design and raised no objections, subject to the imposition of conditions.

The following comments were received from Transport for NSW – Sydney Metro:

"Assessment requirements under the Transport and Infrastructure SEPP

Sydney Metro has reviewed the DA documents that were uploaded onto the NSW Planning

Portal on 4 November 2021 and received via email on 25 February 2022.

Sydney Metro has assessed the development proposed by the DA in accordance with the

requirements of Section 2.98 of the Transport and Infrastructure SEPP.

In this regard, Sydney Metro has taken into account:

- (a) the potential effects of the development (whether alone or cumulatively with other development or proposed development) on:
 - (i) the safety or structural integrity of existing or proposed rail infrastructure facilities in the rail corridor, and
 - (ii) the safe and effective operation of existing or proposed rail infrastructure facilities in the rail corridor, and
- (b) what measures are proposed, or could reasonably be taken, to avoid or minimise those potential effects.

Sydney Metro has taken the above matters into consideration and has decided to grant its concurrence to the development proposed in the DA, subject to the consent authority imposing recommended conditions.

Should the consent authority determine not to impose the conditions provided, then concurrence from Sydney Metro has not been granted to the DA.

The consent authority is also advised that Sydney Metro's concurrence is not to be amended, replaced or superseded by any concurrence which may be issued by any other authority, without further agreement from Sydney Metro."

Planning comment: The above recommendations are noted and considered. The proposed development is not supported in its current form.

It is noted that Sydney Buses did not provide comments on the proposed development (specifically, the design and location of the basement entry) in relation to the existing bus stop/shelter along Henry Lawson Avenue. Should the application be approved, Council can consult with Sydney Buses to confirm if any design changes are required and any conditions to be imposed to resolve potential issues with the bus stop/shelter.

FORESHORES AND WATERWAYS – PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The subject site is adjacent to the foreshore area and is at a prominent corner location that is visible from the foreshore. As per Chapter 10 of the SSEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021, the application was referred to the Foreshores and Waterways – Planning and Development Advisory Committee. No specific issues were raised.

Planning comment: Despite no issues being raised by the committee Council has identified numerous issues and concerns, and the proposed development cannot be supported in its current form.

SUBMISSIONS

Original proposal

In accordance with Council's Community Participation Plan, Council notified adjoining properties and the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee and Union Precinct Committee of the proposed development from 26 November to 10 December 2021. Council received eleven (11) submissions from eight (8) individual properties and from both precinct committees during this period.

The matters raised in these submissions objecting to the proposed development are listed below:

- Impacts on the sandstone cutting;
- Breach to maximum building height;
- Bulk, scale and density;
- Impacts associated with traffic, safety, amenity, view loss, privacy and solar access;
- impacts on heritage conservation area;
- Loss of landscaped areas;
- Excessive excavation;
- Setbacks;
- Construction noise;
- Inaccurate information in Statement of Environmental Effects;
- New building and additions and alterations; and
- Uncharacteristic built form.

The issues raised in the submissions are summarised below and addressed later in this report. The original submissions may be viewed by way of DA tracking on Council's website https://www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au/Building Development/Current DAs and are available for review by NSLPP members.

Amended Proposal

The Applicant submitted an amended design and additional information in response to correspondence from Council. The nature of the changes within the final scheme were such that it was determined that a re-notification of the revised design and associated plans was required as per Council's Community Participation Plan. Council notified adjoining properties and the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee and Union Precinct Committee of the amended plans from 21 April 2022 to 6 May 2022. Council received eight (8) submissions from four (4) individual properties and from the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee during this period.

The matters raised in these submissions were near identical to those mentioned in the submissions received in the first notification period.

CONSIDERATION

The relevant matters for consideration under Section 4.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979 (as amended), are assessed under the following headings:

SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

The subject site is situated adjacent to the Sydney Metro – City and Southwest rail corridor. As such, Division 15, Subdivision 2 Development in or adjacent to rail corridors and interim rail corridors—notification and other requirements of this SEPP applies and concurrence from the relevant authority (Transport for NSW – Sydney Metro) will be required. The application was referred to Transport for NSW – Sydney Metro and concurrence was granted, subject to the imposition of recommended conditions. The proposed development is considered to satisfy the relevant provisions under this SEPP.

SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

The following sections apply to the proposed development and have been considered in the assessment:

Chapter 2 – Vegetation in non-rural areas

The proposed development involves the removal of seven (7) trees and other plantings (refer to Figure 39). Council's Landscape Development Officer confirmed support for the removal of these trees and the replacement plantings incorporating several tall and medium-sized trees, shrubs, grasses and groundcover species, palms and tree ferns scattered throughout the site. It is noted that several trailing plants are proposed above the rock wall sections facing Henry Lawson Avenue and Blues Point Road — which further assist in improving the presentation of scheme and integrating the landscaped treatments with the rock wall. With regard to the proposed vegetation removal and landscaping treatments alone the application is able to satisfy the respective aims under Chapter 2 of this SEPP.

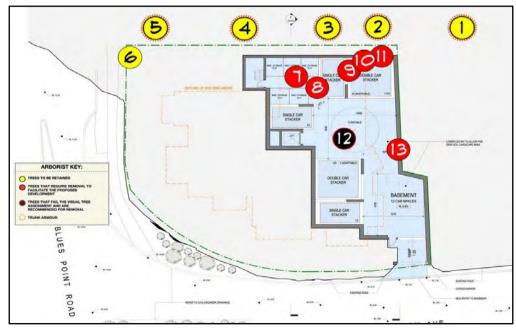


Figure 39: Tree removal and retention plan – trees to be retained (marked in yellow) and trees to be removed (marked in red/black)

Chapter 10 – Sydney Harbour Catchment

It is noted that the Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005 has been included in Chapter 10 of this SEPP since its endorsement in December 2021. Given the prominent and highly visible location of the site and the unsympathetic design and poor outcome delivered by the proposed development, it is considered that the aims relating to the enhancement of Sydney Harbour foreshores and achieving a highly quality urban environment, have not been satisfied. As such, the development is considered unacceptable having regard to the Chapter 10 of this SEPP and the Sydney Harbour Foreshores and Waterways DCP 2005.

SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

The provisions of Chapter 4 of this SEPP require Council to consider the likelihood that the site has previously been contaminated and to address the methods necessary to remediate the site. The subject site has been used for residential purposes (residential flat building) for over 50 years and as such is unlikely to contain any contamination. The nature and location of the proposed development (involving partial demolition and alterations and additions to an existing residential flat building) are such that any applicable requirements of this SEPP can be satisfactorily addressed. Further, the Applicant provided information such as a geotechnical report, demonstrating that the significant excavation works required for the basement level can be undertaken without significant risk of contamination and that the site does not require remediation for the purposes of undertaking the proposed works.

SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

A valid BASIX certificate (No. 1230923M, dated 30 August 2021) for the proposed development has been submitted with the application to satisfy the aims of this SEPP. It is noted that this certificate related to the initial and superseded design, which involved ten (10) units. Conditions can be imposed to ensure that new BASIX certificate is submitted prior to construction certificate, to reflect the final design.

State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development (SEPP 65)

The proposed development involves partial demolition and alterations and additions to a residential flat building that is over three (3) storeys and comprises more than four (4) dwellings. Consequently, SEPP 65 applies to the application. The table below provides a summary of the assessment of the proposed development against the design quality principles contained in this SEPP.

Design quality principles	Objective	Proposal
Principle 1: Context and	Good design responds and contributes to	Removal of rock wall
neighbourhood character	its context. Context is the key natural and	
	built features of an area, their	The Applicant provided an amended
	relationship and the character they	design and further information that
	create when combined. It also includes	comprises sufficient detail in relation to
	social, economic, health and	the visual presentation of the
	environmental conditions.	basement opening. The presentation of
		this opening and the partial removal of
	Responding to context involves	the rock wall to accommodate the
	identifying the desirable elements of an	opening are considered generally
	area's existing or future character.	acceptable in terms of context and

Design quality principles	Objective	Proposal
	Well designed buildings respond to and enhance the qualities and identity of the area including the adjacent sites, streetscape and neighbourhood. Consideration of local context is important for all sites, including sites in established areas, those undergoing change or identified for change	response to neighbourhood character, subject to the works successfully ensuring the remainder of the rock wall remains in-situ and that both the adjoining property at No. 3 Warung Street and the retained portions of the building are unaffected. In this regard, Council considers that insufficient information is provided to ensure that the above can be achieved. Concern is raised with regard to the significant extent of excavation works required for the design. Further, the use of anchors required to extend into the neighbouring property at No. 3 Warung Street is not considered an acceptable solution and would require consent from the respective owner/s.
		The final scheme includes a reallocation of bulk (relating to the balconies) from the western portion (to the southern portion), a reduction to glazing and a warmer, softer palette (within the materials and finishes) compared to the initial design. The roof form has also been amended to incorporate pebbled areas to partially resolve the presentation of the roof. Notwithstanding this, the overall presentation and height of building however remain critical issues to the design of the additions. It is evident that the design intends on utilising the design and height of the current building; however, it is recognised that a more sensitive design and contextually appropriate scheme is required. Such a scheme should involve a more compliant scale and removal of the bulk/massing contributing to the excess height into the lower ground portion comprising the current undercroft parking. It is noted that the northerly extension further contributes to the excessive bulk and scale. The proposed architecture expressed in the design is a confused mixture of features that are either borrowed from the existing building or highly contemporary, resulting in a poorly resolved architectural response to the streetscape and existing site context. The outcome delivered is incompatible with streetscape and locality and

Design quality principles	Objective	Proposal
		comprises a more uncharacteristic design compared to the current and more recessive building. Accordingly, the proposed development fails to achieve the objective of Principle 1.
Principle 2: Built form and scale	Good design achieves a scale, bulk and height appropriate to the existing or desired future character of the street and surrounding buildings. Good design also achieves an appropriate built form for a site and the building's purpose in terms of building alignments, proportions, building type, articulation and the manipulation of building elements. Appropriate built form defines the public domain, contributes to the character of streetscapes and parks, including their views and vistas, and provides internal amenity and outlook.	Whilst comparable in built form and scale as the existing building, the proposed development fails to achieve a scale, bulk and height that is appropriate to the existing or future desired character of the immediate locality. As mentioned above, the opportunity to shift bulk and massing to lower portions and achieve a more compliant building is lost and the new north-eastern portion further exacerbates the excessive bulk and scale through an expanded building footprint and the projection of large balconies to the southern and western building elevations. The prominent location of the site further ensures high visibility of the built form and exacerbates the dominant presentation of the building. Council is of the view that a more responsive design should incorporate a significantly reduced bulk and scale that recedes into the landscape and foreshore area. The proposed development fails to this this due to the proposed bulk and scale that extends into the northern portion of the site. Combined with the mixed architectural elements, the built form fails to provide a positive contribution to the streetscape, foreshore and heritage conservation area. Accordingly, the proposed development fails to achieve
Principle 3: Density	Good design achieves a high level of amenity for residents and each apartment, resulting in a density appropriate to the site and its context. Appropriate densities are consistent with the area's existing or projected population. Appropriate densities can be sustained by existing or proposed infrastructure, public transport, access to jobs, community facilities and the environment.	It is acknowledged that the proposed development will have modified and functional layouts with dimensions that are more in-line with current area requirements for habitable spaces and storage. It is noted however, that the residential amenity offered by the proposed development is poor and insufficient – reflected by the lack of solar access for several units and the majority of units failing to achieve the minimum floor to ceiling height requirements (2.7m) for habitable rooms (refer to ADG table below). The design intent for retaining a portion of the existing building and utilising the finished levels therein severely limits

Design quality principles	Objective	Proposal
Principle 4: Sustainability	Good design combines positive	the ability for the proposed development to achieve an acceptable outcome in terms of amenity. A more appropriate design should deliver an optimal outcome for the site without involving significant height breaches. Accordingly, the proposed development fails to achieve the objective of Principle 3. Unacceptable as the final scheme fails
	environmental, social and economic outcomes. Good sustainable design includes use of natural cross ventilation and sunlight for the amenity and liveability of residents and passive thermal design for ventilation, heating and cooling reducing reliance on technology and operation costs. Other elements include recycling and reuse of materials and waste, use of sustainable materials and deep soil zones for groundwater recharge and vegetation.	to demonstrate compliance with the Apartment Design Guide for providing solar access to residential units (refer to ADG table below). As mentioned above, the intention of retaining a portion of the existing building and utilising the finished levels therein restricts the ability for the proposed development to achieve an acceptable outcome in terms of amenity. Consequently, the proposed development does not feature good sustainable design and it fails to achieve the objective of Principle 4.
Principle 5: Landscape	Good design recognises that together landscape and buildings operate as an integrated and sustainable system, resulting in attractive developments with good amenity. A positive image and contextual fit of well designed developments is achieved by contributing to the landscape character of the streetscape and neighbourhood. Good landscape design enhances the development's environmental performance by retaining positive natural features which contribute to the local context, co-ordinating water and soil management, solar access, microclimate, tree canopy, habitat values and preserving green networks. Good landscape design optimises useability, privacy and opportunities for social interaction, equitable access, respect for neighbours' amenity and provides for practical establishment and long term management.	Acceptable and demonstrates compliance with the Apartment Design Guide. The amended landscaping treatments feature a number of scattered plantings in garden beds, grassed lawn areas and spilling vegetation to administer some softening of the built form and greater integration with the rock wall. Accordingly, the proposed development achieves the objective of Principle 5.
Principle 6: Amenity	Good design positively influences internal and external amenity for residents and neighbours. Achieving good amenity contributes to positive living environments and resident well being.	As mentioned above, the residential amenity featured in the proposed development is poor and insufficient — reflected by the lack of solar access for several units and the majority of units failing to achieve the minimum floor to ceiling height requirements (2.7m) for

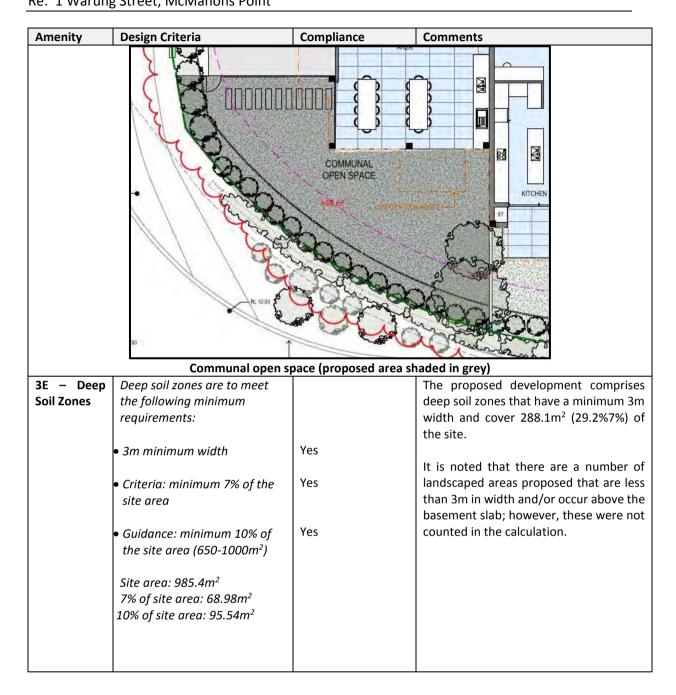
Design quality principles Objective		Proposal	
	Good amenity combines appropriate room dimensions and shapes, access to sunlight, natural ventilation, outlook, visual and acoustic privacy, storage, indoor and outdoor space, efficient layouts and service areas and ease of access for all age groups and degrees of mobility.	habitable rooms (refer to ADG table below). Accordingly, the proposed development fails to achieve the objective of Principle 6.	
Principle 7: Safety	Good design optimises safety and security within the development and the public domain. It provides for quality public and private spaces that are clearly defined and fit for the intended purpose. Opportunities to maximise passive surveillance of public and communal areas promote safety. A positive relationship between public and private spaces is achieved through clearly defined secure access points and well lit and visible areas that are easily maintained and appropriate to the location and purpose.	The proposed development provides some components that integrate appropriately with public domain and enable adequate passive surveillance across the surrounding public reserves and roadways. The new basement entry combined with the proposed retention of the existing driveway to accommodate the servicing of the building and some parking spaces is unacceptable in terms of safety as the provision of a single access/egress to site for all vehicles (including waste collection traffic) is considered a better performing design. The site clearly benefits from its a corner location and frontages to three (3) separate road reserves. An improved outcome could utilise the Warung Street interface solely for pedestrian activity and the Henry Lawson Avenue frontage could accommodate vehicular and bicycle traffic subject to a more sensitively design basement entry. The proposed development does not achieve this and would not achieve a positive relationship between public and private places. As reiterated above, the design intent of retaining portions of the building and the current constructed elements within the site limit the ability for the proposed development to achieve better safety outcomes. Accordingly, the proposed development fails to achieve the objective of Principle 7.	
Principle 8: Housing diversity and social interaction	Good design achieves a mix of apartment sizes, providing housing choice for different demographics, living needs and household budgets.	The proposed development involves removal of: Nine (9) x 2-bedroom units Three (3) x 1-bedroom units A total of twelve (12) units	
	Well designed apartment developments respond to social context by providing housing and facilities to suit the existing and future social mix.	within the building and replacing these with: • Four (4) x 2-bedroom units • Five (5) x 3-bedroom units A total of nine (9) units	

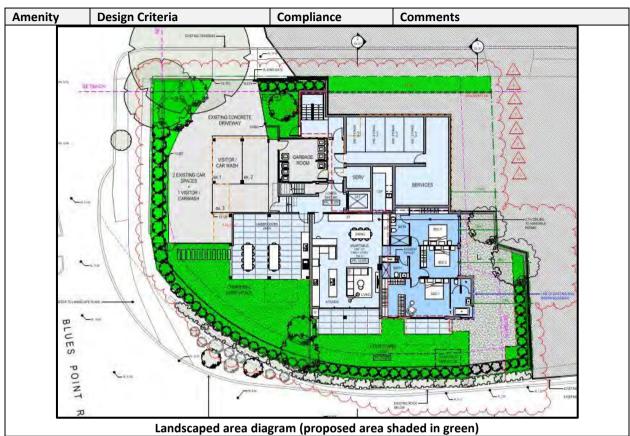
Design quality principles	Objective	Proposal
Design quanty principles	Good design involves practical and flexible features, including different types of communal spaces for a broad range of people and providing opportunities for social interaction among residents.	The proposed apartment mix is generally acceptable and encourages family-sized units that are typically uncommon in more traditional residential flat buildings such as Interwar and 1960's-built apartment buildings. This generally supports housing diversity and improved choices in the area, which primarily comprise of older residential flat buildings and palatial dwelling houses. It is further noted that two (2) of the units are adaptable units that can be reconfigured to cater for households with challenged accessibility. The amended design comprises a large grassed lawn area with uninterrupted vistas of Sydney Harbour including the Sydney Harbour Bridge and surrounding public reserves that is allocated for communal open space. This space connects to an undercover area (previously undercroft parking) with seating and BBQ/cooking facilities. The design of the communal areas will provide opportunities for social interaction among residents. Accordingly, the proposed
Drinciple O: Aasthatics	Cood design achieves a built form that	development achieves the objective of Principle 8.
Principle 9: Aesthetics	Good design achieves a built form that has good proportions and a balanced composition of elements, reflecting the internal layout and structure. Good design uses a variety of materials, colours and textures. The visual appearance of a well designed apartment development responds to the existing or future local context, particularly desirable elements and repetitions of the streetscape	As mentioned in detail above, the design, bulk, scale and visual presentation of the final scheme are considered unacceptable and uncharacteristic of the streetscape and immediate locality. The overall design and mixture of traditional and modern aesthetics fail to deliver an appropriate and site-responsive outcome that can be accepted with regard to the unique context of the site and its prominent foreshore setting — being highly visible from public domain (particularly Sydney Harbour). Accordingly, the proposed development's aesthetics are not supported and do not achieve the objective of Principle 9.

Apartment Design Guide (ADG)

The proposed development has also been assessed against the relevant provisions within the ADG as follows:

Amenity	Design Criteria	Compliance	Comments
2F - Building	Minimum separation distances	No	Setback of 2.795m to boundary from
Separation	for buildings (up to four		habitable room (Bedroom 3 in G02, 102,
-	storeys):		202). Privacy screens have been provided
	• 12m between habitable		to the east-facing windows to minimise
	rooms/balconies (6m to		privacy impacts. It is noted that a more
	boundary)		appropriate outcome involves a new
	• 9m between habitable and		building on a different footprint
	non-habitable rooms (4.5m to		(compared to the existing building) with
	boundary)		more compliant building separation -
	• 6m between non-habitable		thereby reducing the need to rely on
	rooms (3m to boundary)		design treatments to ameliorate privacy
			impacts.
			The proposed setback distances
			demonstrate some merit – however, the
			bulk and scale of the proposed building
			are unacceptable.
3D -	Communal open space has a	108m ² of	The proposed development has been
Communal	minimum area equal to 25%	communal open	amended to incorporate a single
Open Space	of the site.	space proposed =	communal open space at the south-
		11%	western portion of the site. Some merit
	Site area: 985.4m ²		can be applied to the variation given that
	25% of site area: 246.35m ²	No – demonstrates	all units are provided with a courtyard or
		merit	balconies and ample public open spaces
			– i.e. Henry Lawson Reserve and Blues
			Point Road Reserve are easily accessible
			within a short walking distance from the building. As such it is Council's position
			that the amount of communal open
			space provided will be sufficient for the
			number of units (9) proposed for the site.
			number of units (3) proposed for the site.
			Communal open space is orientated to
			the south-west and will receive sunlight
	Developments achieve a	Yes	for at least two (2) hours during mid-
	minimum of 50% direct	1.55	winter.
	sunlight to the principal		Willer
	usable part of the communal		
	open space for a minimum of		
	2 hours between 9 am and 3		
	pm on 21 June (mid-winter)		The undercroft (roofed) area with seating
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		and BBQ/cooking facilities provides
	Communal open space is	Yes	additional amenity and weather
	designed to allow for a range		protection, and provides opportunity for
	of activities, respond to site		leisure and interaction amongst
	conditions and be attractive		residents.
	and inviting		
	Communal open space is	Yes	
	designed to maximise safety		





3F - Visual privacy

Separation between windows and balconies is provided to ensure visual privacy is achieved. Minimum required separation distances from buildings to the side and rear boundaries are as follows:

6m (between habitable rooms and balconies to boundaries) 3m (between non-habitable rooms)

No – acceptable on merit

The proposed development (as amended) generally complies with the minimum separation distances criteria; with the only exception noted for several bedrooms within the eastern units. These bedrooms are located 2.795 to 5.6m from the eastern boundary. The above variations and separation distances can be acceptable considering that:

- Some of these spaces are wholly contained within the footprint of the existing building;
- The provision of privacy screens (fixed louvres) will aid in minimising overlooking from these spaces; and
- The orientation and design of the east-adjoining residence and the upper floor windows of the development being bedrooms; ensures that any associated privacy impacts are reasonable.

As mentioned above a more appropriate outcome involves a new building on a different footprint (compared to the existing building) with more compliant building separation — thereby reducing the need to rely on design treatments to ameliorate privacy impacts.

Amenity	Design Criteria	Compliance	Comments
3G –	Building entries and	Yes	The amended design will relocate the
Pedestrian Access &	pedestrian access connects to and addresses the public		entry point and pedestrian access to the centre of the northern boundary. This is
Entries	domain Access, entries and pathways are accessible and easy to identify		considered an improvement to the current situation, with the existing pedestrian access and entrance to the building being tucked away and recessed within the north-eastern corner. The new entrance and pedestrian access are more easily readable, accessible and will appropriately address public domain — ensuring minimal issues with regard to wayfinding and accessibility for occupants and visitors.
3H – Vehicle Access	Vehicle access points are designed and located to achieve safety, minimise conflicts between pedestrians and vehicles and create high quality streetscapes	No	The proposed development (as amended) retains the existing vehicular access to the site from Warung Street for some at-grade parking and waste services, and will provide a second driveway and vehicular access for the new basement parking off Henry Lawson Avenue. Whilst this arrangement is supportable – a more preferential design should involve a single, well-defined vehicular access for the site. The design intent restricts this. It is evident that a more site responsive design requires significant changes involving demolition of the existing building and creation of a more refined and clearly defined singular vehicular access that caters for all vehicular parking and servicing of the premises.

Amenity	Design Criteria	Compliance	Comments
3J – Bicycle	For development in the	3J – Bicycle and Car	As per the Section 10.1 of Part P, Section
and Car	following locations:	parking	10 of the NSDCP 2013, the following
parking	• on sites that are within 800		parking rates apply to the proposed
	metres of a railway station or		development:
	light rail stop in the Sydney		
	Metropolitan Area; or		Cars (maximum rates):
	• on land zoned, and sites within 400 metres of land zoned, B3 Commercial Core, B4 Mixed Use or equivalent in a nominated regional centre the minimum car parking requirement for residents and visitors is set out in the Guide to Traffic Generating Developments, or the car		 1-2 bedrooms: 1 space per dwelling 3 or more bedrooms: 1.5 spaces per dwelling Visitor parking: 0.25 spaces per dwelling Bicycle/Motorcycle (minimum rates): 1 space per dwelling 1 visitor space per 10 dwellings No requirement for motorcycles
	parking requirement prescribed by the relevant council, whichever is less The car parking needs for a development must be provided off street Parking and facilities are provided for other modes of	prescribed by the relevant council, whichever is less The car parking needs for a development must be provided off street Parking and facilities are	The proposed development (as amended) involves five (5) x 3-bedroom units and four (4) x 2-bedroom units. This capacity generates the following parking rates: Car (maximum rates): Four (4) car spaces (2 bedroom units)
	transport		 Eight (8) car spaces (3 bedroom units) Two (2) visitor spaces = 14 car spaces.
		No	Bicycle/Motorcycle (minimum rates): • Nine (9) bicycle spaces and a visitor space = 10 bicycle spaces. • No minimum motorcycle spaces.
			The amended scheme involves a total of fifteen (15) car spaces and nine (9) bicycle spaces. The proposed development involves an excessive amount of car parking (by a single space) and a lack of bike parking (by a single space).

Amenity	Design Criteria	Compliance	Comments
4A - Solar	Living rooms and private open	No	Six (6) of nine (9) units or 67% of units will
and daylight	spaces of at least 70% of		comply with the solar access criteria.
access	apartments in a building receive a minimum of 2 hours direct sunlight between 9 am and 3 pm at mid-winter in the		Three (3) out of nine (9) units or 33% of units do not comply.
	Sydney Metropolitan Area and in the Newcastle and Wollongong local government areas		Accordingly, the proposed development does not comply with both criteria. This is primarily due to the design intent – in utilising a portion of the existing building and re-building a section, which is a poor
	A maximum of 15% of apartments receive no direct sunlight between 9 am and 3 pm at mid-winter.	No	response to the site's constraints, context and setting. There is no merit in the variation as there is an opportunity to significantly improve residential amenity by providing a new building that responds more appropriately. It is evident that the site is not suitable for the proposed development and a significant re-design will be necessary to achieve compliance. As such, these non-compliant issues have no merit and are unacceptable.
4B - Natural ventilation	All habitable rooms are naturally ventilated.	Yes	The proposed development features openings for all habitable rooms – ensuring these are naturally ventilated.
	The layout and design of single aspect apartments maximises natural ventilation.	Yes	All 10 units or 100% of units will comply with the cross ventilation criteria.
	The number of apartments with natural cross ventilation is maximised to create a comfortable indoor environment for residents – At least 60% of apartments are naturally cross ventilated	Yes	

Amenity	Design Criteria	Compliance	Comments
4C - Ceiling Heights	Ceiling height achieves sufficient natural ventilation and daylight access - Minimum 2.7m (habitable rooms)	No	The proposed floor to floor height is approximately 2.75-2.79m for each residential level. With a required slab thickness of about 0.35m the resultant floor to ceiling height is likely to be 2.4m — which fails to comply. Notwithstanding that the proposal intends on keeping some of the existing building, a significant portion is demolished and rebuilt, a new extension is proposed, and significant changes to the current layout are also proposed. The proposed development should comply with this criteria and this has been highlighted by the DEP and Council. The amended design fails to achieve this for most units except the 2-storey unit (Unit 103). As mentioned, a more appropriate design entails full compliance with this criteria. There is not merit for supporting the variation and as such, is unacceptable.
4D 1 - Apartment size and layout	Apartments are required to have the following minimum internal areas: 50m² (1B), 70m² (2B), 90m² (3B) Additional bathrooms increase the minimum internal area by 5m² each A fourth bedroom and further additional bedrooms increase the minimum internal area by 12m² each Every habitable room must have a window in an external wall with a total minimum glass area of not less than 10% of the floor area of the room. Daylight and air may not be borrowed from other rooms	Noted Noted Yes	The proposed development comprises the following internal areas (minimum) for respective unit sizes: • 2-bedroom units: 75m² • 3-bedroom units: 141m² The proposed development complies with this criteria.

Amenity	Design Criteria	Compliance	Comments
4D 2 -	1. Habitable room depths are	Yes	The proposal complies with this control.
Apartment	limited to a maximum of 2.5 x		
size and	the ceiling height		
layout	2. In open plan layouts (where	No – acceptable on	The combined living, dining and kitchen
	the living, dining and kitchen	merit	room of the 3 bedroom units (L01, G02,
	are combined) the maximum	ment	102, 202) have a depth of about 9m. It is
	habitable room depth is 8m		noted that the northern most portion of
	from a window		these spaces comprise of storage
			cabinetry with much of the habitable
			area contained within the 8m from a
			window/opening. The configuration of
			these units are generally acceptable and
			a slight extension to their depth is
4D 3-	1. Master bedrooms have a	Yes	considered to have merit. Master bedrooms = minimum 11m ²
Apartment	minimum area of 10m ² and	163	Other bedrooms = minimum 11m ²
size and	other bedrooms 9m ²		Street Searcoms Immunitation
layout	(excluding wardrobe space)		
-			
	2. Bedrooms have a minimum	Yes	Bedrooms have a minimum dimension of
	dimension of 3m (excluding		3m.
	wardrobe space)		
	3. Living rooms or combined	Yes	Living rooms or combined living/dining
	living/dining rooms have a	163	rooms have a minimum width of 4m.
	minimum width of:		
	• 4m for 2 and 3 bedroom		
	apartments		
4E - Private	All apartments are required to		2-bedroom unit balconies:
open space	have primary balconies as		• Minimum size: 11m²
and balconies	follows: 2 bedroom apartments 10m²	Yes	Minimum depth: 2.4m
balcomes	minimum depth 2m	163	3-bedroom unit balconies:
	3+ bedroom apartments 12m ²	Yes	• Minimum size: 16m ²
	minimum depth 2.4m		Minimum depth: 2.4m
			'
	The minimum balcony depth to	Noted	
	be counted as contributing to		
	the balcony area is 1m		
	2. For apartments at ground	Yes	L01: 270m ² courtyard, depth of >3m
	level or on a podium or similar		G03: 85m ² courtyard, depth of >3m
	structure, a private open space		255.55 554.6,4.4, 46,611.51.75
	is provided instead of a		
	balcony. It must have a		
	minimum area of 15m² and a		
	minimum depth of 3m		
	Primary private open space	Yes	Privacy open spaces and balconies are
	and balconies are	- -	appropriately located – address street
	appropriately located to		frontages, provide passive surveillance
	enhance liveability for		and are adequately designed and
	residents.		orientated.

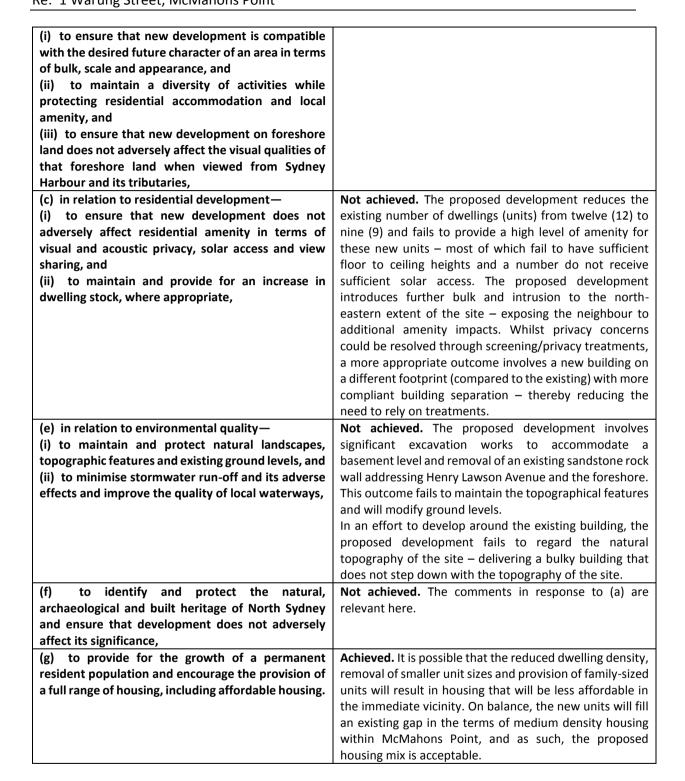
Amenity	Design Criteria	Compliance	Comments
	Private open space and balcony design is integrated into and contributes to the overall architectural form and detail of the building.	Yes	Design is integrated into the built form — providing visual interest, a break-up to the built form and articulation and variation of materiality. The design of these features are considered appropriate in context of the overall scheme and surrounding locality.
	Private open space and balcony design maximises safety.	Yes	Acceptable.
4F - Common circulation and spaces	The maximum number of apartments off a circulation core on a single level is eight	Yes	Maximum of three (3) units per level.
4G -Storage	Studio apartments- 4m³ 1 bedroom apartments- 6m³		2-bedroom unit storage: minimum 8.2m²
	2 bedroom apartments- 8m³ 3+bedroom apartments- 10m³		• 3-bedroom unit storage: minimum 18.6m²

NORTH SYDNEY LOCAL ENVIRONMENT PLAN (NSLEP 2013)

Aims of the Plan

The relevant aims of the NSLEP 2013 are contained in Clause 1.2. These aims have been considered as part of the assessment process for the subject application. The following is a summary of this assessment on any applicable aims under Clause 1.2.

Aim	Proposal
(a) to promote development that is appropriate to	Not achieved. The proposed development introduces an
its context and enhances the amenity of the North	""uncharacteristic building that is excessive in bulk and
Sydney community and environment,	scale, unsympathetic to the site constraints and in
	particular, the heritage conservation area context and
	prominent corner setting of the site. The design, bulk and
	scale of the proposed development is not compatible
	with the desired future character and does not respect
	the existing development pattern of the locality. The
	proposed height breach is considered to have little merit
	and is not be supported.
	The scheme fails to provide a positive and desirable
	contribution to the streetscape.
	·
	The high visibility of the proposed development from
	public domain and foreshore area further exacerbates its
	poor contribution and inappropriate design aesthetic and
	expression.
	It is evident that proposed development has not been
	sufficiently designed with respect to the site's constraints
	and context including the respective heritage and
	foreshore character of the immediate vicinity. The visual
	qualities of both the conservation area and foreshore are
	adversely impacted. Thus, this demonstrates that the site
	is not suitable for the proposed development.
(b) in relation to the character of North Sydney's	Not achieved. The comments in response to (a) are
neighbourhoods—	relevant here.



Permissibility

The subject site is within the R3 – Medium Density Residential zone under NSLEP 2013. The proposed development can be defined as partial demolition of and alterations and additions to an existing residential flat building. As of 30 June 2021 and as per Amendment 30 of the NSLEP 2013, *residential flat buildings* are permissible in the R3 zone, with development consent.

Objectives of the zone

The objectives of the R3 – Medium Density Residential zone are stated below:

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.
- To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To encourage the development of sites for medium density housing if such development does not compromise the amenity of the surrounding area or the natural or cultural heritage of the area.
- To provide for a suitable visual transition between high density residential areas and lower density residential areas.
- To ensure that a high level of residential amenity is achieved and maintained.

The proposed development fails to achieve key objectives of the zone that relate to compromising the natural and cultural heritage of the area, enabling a visual transition between high density residential and low density residential areas and ensuring a high level of residential amenity is maintained. The following matters are considered:

- The proposed design (comprising a mixture of traditional and modern architectural elements) and the excessive bulk and scale fails to achieve a suitable and responsive outcome for the site and surrounding area that is sympathetic to the unique constraints and setting of the site which is in a prominent and highly visible corner, set against the Sydney Harbour foreshore and in a conservation area. The proposed development will compromise the quality and importance of the heritage conservation area delivering a dominant, bulky and highly uncharacteristic built form that is not suitable to both the site and its context.
- The subject site is uniquely placed at the edge of an R3 zone, adjacent to areas zoned R4 and RE1 (refer to Figure 40). The proposed development fails to provide an acceptable visual transition between the high and low density residential areas as its scale is excessive and its design is not adequately recessive nor responsive to the site being in a conservation area and at the edge of a medium density residential zone, adjoining a high density residential zone and public reserves. The proposed development fails to have better integration with the current single dwelling houses to the north and east along Warung Street, which are more reflective of the current development pattern of the R3 zone (at this locality).
- The proposed development's intent of utilising the existing building significantly restricts the ability to achieve a high level of residential amenity. As such, despite the proposed excess bulk and non-compliant height, the resultant building provides inadequate amenity for future occupants and demonstrates that the site is not suitable for the proposal.



Figure 40: Land use zoning map showing subject site (outlined in yellow hatched) and surrounding properties (Source: ePlanning Spatial Viewer)

Given the above aspects, the proposed development fails to achieve the objectives of the R3 – Medium Density Residential zone.

Part 4 - Principal Development Standards

Principal Development Standards – North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013				
Site Area: 985.4m ²	Control	Proposed	Complies	
Clause 4.1 – Subdivision lot size	Min. 230m ²	N/A	N/A	
			No subdivision proposed	
Clause 4.3 – Heights of Building	Max. 8.5m	Roof ridge:	No*	
		10.68m to		
		11.37m	Roof ridge: 2.87m or 34%	
		Lift overrun: 11.7m	Lift overrun: 3.2m or 38%	

^{*} Clause 4.6 written submission provided

Clause 4.3 - Height of Buildings

The proposed development involves a maximum height of 11.7m, which is attributed to the new lift overrun and that represents a 3.2m or 38% variation to the maximum height of buildings development standard under Clause 4.3 of NSLEP 2013. It is noted that the existing building has a height of 11.37m, which is a pre-existing variation of 2.87m or 34%. The newer and re-built portions of the building will have a height of 10.68-11.19m above existing ground. It is noted that the northern extension will further exacerbate the excess scale and bulky presentation of the scheme as this will be built on an undeveloped portion of the site, which currently contains trees and other vegetation.

A discussion regarding the proposed height breach and its assessment against Clause 4.6 of the NSLEP 2013 are contained below.

Clause 4.6 – Exceptions to development standards

The Applicant has provided a written request to vary the development standard under Clause 4.3 of NSLEP 2013 – maximum height of buildings.

Extent of the Variation

As described above, the proposed development involves a maximum height of 11.7m (for the new lift overrun), which represents a 3.2m or 38% variation to the maximum height of buildings development standard. The entire flat roof of the proposed development involves a variation to this development standard as it is elevated to a height of 10.68-11.37m above natural ground. These elevations reflect the natural topography of the site. The roof will have a maximum variation of 2.87m or 34%.

Clause 4.6(3)(a) Is compliance with the development standard unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances of the case?

For reference the objectives of the development standard are as follows:

Clause 4.3 of the NSLEP 2013

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:-
 - (a) to promote development that conforms to and reflects natural landforms, by stepping development on sloping land to follow the natural gradient,
 - (b) to promote the retention and, if appropriate, sharing of existing views,
 - (c) to maintain solar access to existing dwellings, public reserves and streets, and to promote solar access for future development,
 - (d) to maintain privacy for residents of existing dwellings and to promote privacy for residents of new buildings,
 - (e) to ensure compatibility between development, particularly at zone boundaries,

- (f) to encourage an appropriate scale and density of development that is in accordance with, and promotes the character of, an area,
- (g) to maintain a built form of mainly 1 or 2 storeys in Zone R2 Low Density Residential, Zone R3 Medium Density Residential and Zone E4 Environmental Living.

The Applicant's written request relies upon Webhe Test 1 to demonstrate that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary. In response to Clause 4.6, the following excerpts are relevant and contained within the Applicant's written request:

"Objective (a) is to promote development that conforms to and reflects natural landforms, by stepping development on sloping land to follow the natural aradient.

The site has a crossfall from the north-eastern corner on Warung Street to its Henry Lawson frontage, noting that Henry Lawson Avenue slopes from Blues Point Road towards McMahons Point in the east. The pavement on Henry Lawson Avenue is 3.5m-5.7m lower than the subject site.

The existing building was not stepped down the site, rather it was constructed with ground level parking, accessed off Warung Street, with three habitable levels above. The parking areas utilises the slope of the land, not the habitable floor levels.

To satisfy the intent of this objective, a height compliant development on the site would need to step down the slope of the land. In this case this would require dropping off the existing upper-level units across the whole of the building.

The proposal provides access to a new basement for parking and services from Henry Lawson Avenue, with reconstructed apartments above, including a lower ground floor level unit that replaces the driveway and parking previously located under the southern wing of the building. The basement, being wholly below ground level, does not add to the overall height or building envelope when viewed from street level.

Overall, the proposal does not explicitly achieve this objective as the building is not stepped down the site. It must be accepted that the building envelope is a function of the existing construction and the proposal does not increase the height or massing of the building over and above the current built form.

Objective (b) is to promote the retention and, if appropriate, sharing of existing views. The proposal does not adversely impact views of adjoining or adjacent properties.

The properties to the north of the site are either high set or already impacted by the existing building envelope. As the height and eastern extent of the existing building is not changed from the existing building envelope, views from the north are not impacted.

Properties to the north along Blues Point Road are not unduly impacted by the modification of the western façade of the building. The north-western balconies are removed and the new western balconies do not protrude any further towards the Blues Point Road frontage than the existing balconies.

Overall, the height of the new roof is maintained in line with the existing roof height and the only protrusion above the existing roof height is a low set lift overrun (360mm higher than the roof). This particular model of lift was selected due to its low height and ability to significantly reduces any view impacts or loss of amenity. The lift overrun is centrally located within the building footplate. Any distant views across the top of the building will not be obscured to a degree that would warrant refusal or modification of the lift overrun.

The new apartments at the rear are sited behind the existing building (when viewed from the primary public domain), are well setback from the eastern side boundary and from the Warung Street boundary. The height of the addition is compliant and within the parameters of the existing building. This objective is achieved.

Objective (c) to maintain solar access to existing dwellings, public reserves and streets, and to promote solar access for future development.

The site has a north-south orientation with road reserves on the northern, western and southern sides of the property. Additional shadows from the proposal have been tracked and shadow diagrams submitted with the DA package. These demonstrate that only minor increases occur as a result of the new and updated development and these predominantly fall over the road reserve and Blue Point Reserve areas only. This objective is achieved.

Objective (d) is to maintain privacy for residents of existing dwellings and to promote privacy for residents of new buildings.

The layout and orientation of the apartments is not altered by the development. The new apartments (closest to Warung Street) have their main living areas facing the street. The remainder of the units face west and south to take full advantage of the Sydney Harbour and cityscape views. Low traffic rooms, being bedrooms face the eastern side boundary with each window opening screened to ensure cross-boundary privacy. This objective is achieved.

Objective (e) is to ensure compatibility between development, particularly at zone boundaries The development site is not located at a zone boundary and is permissible in the R3 Medium Density Residential zone.

This section of McMahons Point and Blues Point contains an eclectic mix of low, medium and high density development. The existing development is a longstanding flat building, built in the 1960's after the Warung Street heritage listed residences, No. 30-40 Blues Point Road (constructed prior to 1955) and the Blues Point Tower (built around 1962) were constructed. The building's height, bulk and building mass lies between the large, low density residences and the multistorey, high-density tower buildings. The proposal does not seek to substantially alter the built form of the existing development. In heritage terms the existing building has been categorised as 'uncharacteristic'. The proposed modernisation of the building provides a link between the past and present, providing a recategoristation of the building as 'neutral' within the McMahon Point South Heritage Conservation Area landscape. Given this in addition to the retention of the overall urban morphology of the building the development remains compatible with adjoining and adjacent development. This objective is achieved.

Objective (f) is to encourage an appropriate scale and density of development that is in accordance with, and promotes the character of, an area.

The subject site is located on a corner block with three street frontages and is opposite Henry Lawson Reserve. The three streets that surround the subject site vary in topography and character. The site is zoned R3 Medium Density Residential and the development is permissible with Council's consent.

As stated above the existing building is a 1960's red brick flat building with at-grade parking with access off Warung Street. It is situated amongst an eclectic mix of building types, including detached older dwellings (some heritage listed), modern infill developments and residential flat buildings (both medium and high density).

The proposal utilises, as part of its architectural expression, the existing red face brick and further breaks down the scale of the development through the use new painted rendered finishes, sandstone and new steel and glass detailing. The overall composition of these elements creates a scale that enhances the sense of place and comfort.

In terms of heritage, the site is not a listed heritage item, rather Council's DCP (Appendix) lists the site as 'uncharacteristic'. The proposal will improve the visual fit of the development, recategorising the development as 'neutral'. The existing setting is generally unchanged and the building façade modifications remain consistent with the character of the area. This objective is achieved.

Objective (g) is to maintain a built form of mainly 1 or 2 storeys in Zone R2 Low Density Residential, Zone R3 Medium Density Residential and Zone E4 Environmental Living.

<u>This objective is not applicable</u> to the existing or proposed residential flat building in this case. The existing building is three storeys over at-grade parking. The proposal retains the three habitable floor levels with a new basement below. The locality is clearly defined by buildings greater than 2 storeys and greater on the downslope."

Council's evaluation of the Applicant's written request confirmed that the objectives of the development standard and the relevant zone (R3) cannot be achieved should support for the proposal and the non-compliance with the development standard be supported (as demonstrated in the 'Objectives of the zone' section above and the section below).

The Applicant's written request nominates "environmental planning grounds" which should be considered to justify the variation and that support for the variation will be in the public interest. Council's assessment of the written request confirms that no sufficient environmental planning grounds have been demonstrated and support for the variation is not in the public interest.

The proposed development is considered below, having regard to the objectives of the development standard.

(a) to promote development that conforms to and reflects natural landforms, by stepping development on sloping land to follow the natural gradient

The proposed development fails to step the development on sloping land to follow the natural gradient. This is primarily due to the design intent, which retains a portion of the existing building. Regardless of this, significant works are proposed relating to the basement excavation and rock wall intrusion, the partial demolition of the building, a re-building of this portion and northerly extension – all of which, fail to respond to the existing topography and as a result, are unable to reduce bulk and scale. The proposed development fails to achieve this objective.

(b) to promote the retention and, if appropriate, sharing of existing views

The subject site and immediate vicinity benefits from having waterfront, scenic, iconic and prominent views — in particular, of Sydney Harbour and public reserves. Some of these views are interrupted and rely upon gaps between buildings. The proposed development has been designed to not only maintain the existing height breach but exacerbate this scale by providing a taller element (lift overrun) and extend the building to portions of the site that are undeveloped. Any additional view loss impacts are unlikely to be significant compared to the existing building due to the topography of the site, the centralised location and dimensions of the lift overrun and orientation of the building extension. These impacts could be considered acceptable; however, it is recognised that a more compliant building with reduced massing will assist in improved sharing of existing views. The proposed development fails to achieve this objective.

(c) to maintain solar access to existing dwellings, public reserves and streets, and to promote solar access for future development

Introducing a northerly extension of the building will have some additional overshadowing impacts on No. 3 Warung Street – however, these are considered acceptable as the minimum three (3) hours are achieved in the morning during winter solstice. It is noted, however, that the proposed development involves poor amenity for future occupants – as demonstrated in the lack of solar access for several units and failure to comply with the minimum ADG requirements. The proposed development is unable to achieve this objective.

(d) to maintain privacy for residents of existing dwellings and to promote privacy for residents of new buildings

The proposed development provides adequate separation distances and design measures that allow for adequate privacy between future occupants and neighbouring properties. It is noted that the windows along the eastern side of the building are within bedrooms and bathrooms, which are low activity spaces, and comprise of screening (fixed louvres) to minimise privacy impacts. The proposed development generally achieves this objective.

(e) to ensure compatibility between development, particularly at zone boundaries

The subject site is uniquely placed at the edge of an R3 zone, adjacent to areas zoned R4 and RE1 (refer to Figure 40). As mentioned above, the proposed development fails to provide an acceptable visual transition between the high and low density residential areas as its scale is excessive and its design is not adequately recessive nor responsive to the site being in a conservation area and at the edge of zone boundaries. The proposed development fails to achieve this objective.

(f) to encourage an appropriate scale and density of development that is in accordance with, and promotes the character of, an area

The proposed development is not of an appropriate scale, bulk and density that is compatible with and consistent to the development pattern of the locality and context of the site. As described in previous sections, the scale and density of the development does not adequately respond to the site's constraints, context and setting and the overall scheme's dominant presentation is further exacerbated by the mixture of traditional and contemporary architectural features that poorly integrate with the surrounding area. The overall scheme results in a highly uncharacteristic design outcome that does not promote the character of the area and will have unacceptable impacts on the conservation area and streetscape. The proposed development is unable to achieve this objective.

(g) to maintain a built form of mainly 1 or 2 storeys in Zone R2 Low Density Residential, Zone R3 Medium Density Residential and Zone E4 Environmental Living

The proposed development does not maintain a 2-storey development within the R3 zone. Notwithstanding that the existing residential flat building is greater than 2-storeys, the unique constraints and sensitivities of the site and its context are not sufficiently considered by the scheme and are exacerbated and enhanced by the unusual hybrid design and architectural expression. The development fails to achieve a number of critical principles under the SEPP 65 for delivering design excellence in residential buildings and is unable to meet ADG objectives and controls, and offers poor amenity for future occupants. These aspects further highlight that the site is not suitable for the proposed development and a poor design and planning outcome will be delivered. As such, the proposed development fails to achieve this objective.

Clause 4.6(4)(a)(ii) Applicant's written request

It is noted that the Applicant's written request provides limited justification as it identifies objective (g) of Clause 4.3 as not applicable. Critically, any discussion included in the Applicant's written request fails to provide sufficient information and reasons demonstrating that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary. Considering the excessive bulk and scale and dominant presentation of the built form; the creation of a highly uncharacteristic building that fails to appropriately and sympathetically respond to the site's constraints and setting within a conservation area and highly visible from the foreshore area and public domain; and the provision of housing that offer poor residential amenity for future occupants it is evident that the proposed development will deliver an undesirable and poor planning and design outcome for the site and locality and that there are no environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the maximum building height development standard under Clause 4.3.

Clause 4.6(4)(a)(ii) Public Interest

The proposed development is not in the public interest as it fails to achieve several key objectives of the R3 – Medium Density Residential zone and cannot achieve most objectives in Clause 4.3 of NSLEP 2013.

Conclusion

The Applicant has submitted a written request pursuant to Clause 4.6 of NSLEP 2013 and this request has been reviewed by Council. Council's review indicated that the request fails to adequately address subclauses (3) and (4). The variation request also is not supported on the basis that the development would not achieve the zone objectives and aims of the LEP which apply to development in a heritage context. As such, the proposed non-compliance is considered unacceptable and cannot be supported.

Part 5 - Miscellaneous Provisions

Clause 5.6 – Architectural roof features

The objectives of the clause are as follows:

- (a) to permit variations to maximum building height standards for roof features of visual interest,
- (b) to ensure that roof features are decorative elements and that the majority of the roof is contained within the maximum building height standard,
- (c) to maintain solar access to new and existing buildings, public reserves and streets,
- (d) to promote the retention and, if appropriate, sharing of existing views.

The proposed development involves a significant breach to the maximum building height that relate to the majority of Level 2 of the building including the new lift overrun and the retained and additional roofing of the building. The extent of variation being 2.87-3.2m means that none of the offending elements can be considered architectural roof features to which Clause 5.6 can be applied as these are not decorative roof features and do include floor space. No further consideration is necessary with regard to Clause 5.6.

Clause 5.10 – Heritage Conservation

The subject site is within the McMahons Point South Conservation Area (CA14), which is listed under Schedule 5 in NSLEP 2013 and it adjoins a listed heritage item at No. 3 Warung Street (I05015). As such, the following planning objectives apply to the site:

- (a) to conserve the environmental heritage of North Sydney,
- (b) to conserve the heritage significance of heritage items and heritage conservation areas, including associated fabric, settings and views,
- (c) to conserve archaeological sites,
- (d) to conserve Aboriginal objects and Aboriginal places of heritage significance.

As confirmed by Council's Heritage Planner the proposed development fails to achieve the above objectives as it fails to respond to the heritage context of the site and will have detrimental impacts on the quality and significance of the conservation area and respective item. Accordingly, the proposed development is not supported on heritage grounds and is unacceptable.

Part 6 - Additional local Provisions

Clause 6.10 – Earthworks

The proposed development involves a significant amount of excavation to accommodate the basement and lower ground level. An assessment has been carried out below having regard to Clause 6.10 in NSLEP 2013.

As per the provisions of Clause 6.10(3), the following matters are required to consider before consent can be issued.

- (3) Before granting development consent for earthworks (or for development involving ancillary earthworks), the consent authority must consider the following matters:
 - (a) the likely disruption of, or any detrimental effect on:
 - (i) drainage patterns and soil stability in the locality of the development, and
 - (ii) natural features of, and vegetation on, the site and adjoining land,

The proposed earthworks are considered major and have the potential to affect soil stability. Of particular concern is the stability of the rock wall and the land comprising the adjoining property (No. 3 Warung Street). The information provided by the Applicant fails to give any certainty that the remainder of the rock wall, and both the adjoining property at No. 3 Warung Street and the retained portions of the building are able to remain in-situ and withstand the extent of demolition and excavation works proposed. Further, the use of anchors required to extend into the neighbouring property at No. 3 Warung Street is not considered an acceptable solution and would require consent from the respective owner/s. As such, the above matter is unresolved.

(b) The effect of the development on the likely future use or redevelopment of the land,

The proposed development will maintain the current use of the land as a residential flat building. The proposed earthworks are unlikely to effect the future use/redevelopment of the land – however, the resultant outcome is not considered acceptable nor supportable in its current form and fails to accord with zone objectives applicable to the site.

(c) the quality of the fill or the soil to be excavated, or both,

Given the residential history of the site it is unlikely that the site has experienced any significant contaminating activities which would give rise for concern relating to the quality of material to be utilised as fill or of any existing material that will be disturbed.

(d) the effect of the development on the existing and likely amenity of adjoining properties,

As mentioned above, the proposed earthworks are considered major and have the potential to affect land stability of the adjoining property of No. 3 Warung Street. The Applicant failed to resolve this issue and as such the proposed development and associated earthworks are not acceptable in this regard.

(e) the source of any fill material and the destination of any excavated material,

If the proposed development is supported, conditions can be imposed to ensure fill material is adequate and fit for purpose and any waste material from excavation exported and disposed of appropriately.

(f) the likelihood of disturbing Aboriginal objects or relics,

The site has an extended history of residential usage with no surface outcropping of natural rock occurring on site. The likelihood of disturbing any relics is very low.

(g) the proximity to, and potential for adverse impacts on, any waterway, drinking water catchment or environmentally sensitive area,

The site does not supply any drinking water catchments. If the proposed development is supported, appropriate sediment and erosion control measures can be included to prevent sediment movement into adjoining properties.

In accordance with the provisions of Clause 6.10(3) this assessment has considered the impact of the proposed excavation and filling within the site and to surrounding properties and found that the proposed earthworks are not acceptable for the reasons as outlined above. Accordingly, the proposed development is not supportable in this regard.

NORTH SYDNEY DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2013 (NSDCP 2013)

The proposed development has been assessed against the relevant objectives and controls under the NSDCP 2013. An assessment has been carried out below:

Part B, Section 1: Residential Development

Part B Section 1: Residential Development			
Control Compliance		Comments	
1.2 Social Amenity	· ·		
Population Mix	No – acceptable on merit	The proposal intends on retaining the existing land use but with a reduced number of units that are have been updated and enlarged to provide for bigger households. Whilst there is a reduced number of units, the amount and type proposed are acceptable and will diversify the existing housing choice within the area.	
Universal Design and	Yes	A minimum of 20% of dwellings in multi-dwelling housing and	
Adaptable Housing		residential flat buildings that contain more than 5 dwellings must comprise adaptable housing. The proposal involves two (2) adaptable units of out nine (9) units = 22% – thereby achieving the minimum 20% of units to be adaptable housing.	
1.3 Environmental Criteria			
Topography	No	Some concern is raised with regard to potential impacts on the rock wall along southern perimeter. This rock wall appears to be continuous and extends to adjoining and neighbouring properties to the east including No. 3 Warung Street. The Applicant failed to provide sufficient information to support the partial demolition of the wall – such that the stability of this large structure and the adjoining property at No. 3 Warung Street, are not compromised. Under P5, excavation should not occur within 1m of any property boundary. Where excavation is required within 500mm of a property boundary, Council must not grant development consent unless it is satisfied that the proposed excavation will not result in adversely impacting upon the structural integrity of adjoining properties. As per above, the information provided gives no certainty that the stability and integrity of the remaining rock wall and adjoining properties will be unaffected by the significant earthworks and demolition proposed.	
Views	No	The proposed development has been designed to not only maintain the existing height breach but exacerbate this scale by providing a taller element (lift overrun) and extend the building to portions of the site that are undeveloped. Any additional view loss impacts are unlikely to be significant compared to the existing building due to the topography of the site, the centralised location and dimensions of the lift overrun and orientation of the building extension. Notwithstanding that these impacts could be considered acceptable; it is recognised that a more compliant building design with reduced massing will assist in an improved sharing of existing views. As such, the proposed development cannot achieve the provisions/controls relating to view loss impacts.	

Colon Access	N-	The ADC exiteria is relevant and the present development
Solar Access	No	The ADG criteria is relevant and the proposed development
		fails to comply. The proposed development is able to provide
		sufficient solar access (3 hours) to adjoining and surrounding
		properties during mid-winter. A more height-compliant and
		less bulky building with greater eastern setbacks would
		provide improved solar access to No. 3 Warung Street.
Acoustic Privacy	Yes	Acoustic privacy is achieved by the design.
Visual Privacy	No –	Some concern is raised with regard to the east-facing bedroom
	acceptable on	windows. The provision of privacy louvres is considered
	merit	appropriate privacy treatments to minimise potential privacy
		impacts associated with these windows.
1.4 Quality Built Form		
Context	No	As mentioned and detailed above – the design and built form
		of the proposed development are not contextually
		appropriate.
Streetscape	No	As mentioned and detailed above – the visual bulk,
•		presentation and dominance of the proposed development
		are critical issues and ensure this does not respond sufficiently
		to the streetscape character.
Siting	Yes	Generally within the footprint of the existing building –
Jiting	163	however, a more appropriate design involves modifying this
		footprint to offer improved setback distances.
Sathaak Frant	Vos	
Setback – Front	Yes	See above – generally complies with ADG.
Setback – Side	No	Does not comply with ADG.
Building Separation	No	Does not comply with ADG.
Form, Massing Scale	No	As mentioned and detailed above – the visual bulk,
		presentation and dominance of the proposed development
		are critical issues. The height non-compliance is unacceptable.
Built Form Character	No	See above.
Dwelling Entry	Yes	
Roofs	Yes	The new flat roof and elements on top are acceptable and
		generally similar to the flat roof of the existing building.
Materials	No	The design treatments and aesthetic are not in character with
		the surrounding area and are not sympathetic to the
		conservation area.
Balconies – Apartments	Yes	Complies with ADG.
Minimum area of 8 m ² and		
minimum depth of 2 metres		
Front Fences	Yes	Acceptable and generally retains the rock wall as the more
		prominent feature.
1.5 Quality Urban Environment		
High Quality Residential	Yes	The criteria and guidance under the Apartment Design Guide
Accommodation		prevails.
Vehicle Access and Parking	Yes	As per above.
(Inclusive of considerations		
required under Part B Section		
10 Car Parking and Transport		
of NSDCP 2013)		
OI MODER 2019)		

Site Coverage

Site area: 985.4m²

Site coverage requirements for residential flat building: maximum 45% (443.43m²)

No

A maximum of 45% site coverage (443.43m²) is allowed for residential flat buildings on the subject site. The proposed building footprint of the proposal is calculated to be 511.7m², which is 52% of the site area and therefore does not comply. The variation is considered to have no merit as the existing building is compliant with this control and the variation is only associated with the extension to the building. The variation is not acceptable given that it involves excess bulk and scale – further exacerbating the current height breach of the building and extending it further into undeveloped parts of the site. A number of critical matters including response to context and heritage have been raised and the overall scheme cannot be accepted.



Site coverage diagram (proposed site coverage shaded in grey)

Landscaped area Site area: 985.4m² Landscaped area requirements for residential flat building: minimum 40% (397.16m²)	No – acceptable on merit	The proposed development will have landscaped areas totalling 288.1m² (29.2%) of the site and therefore, does not comply with the requirement. It is noted that the proposed development complies with the ADG criteria (refer to the ADG table).
Un-built upon area Site area: 985.4m² Un-built upon area requirements for residential flat building: maximum 15% (147.81m²)	No - acceptable on merit	A maximum un-built upon area of 15% (147.81m²) of the site area is allowed. The total un-built upon area proposed is 185.6m² or 18.8% of the site area. The proposed development is non-compliant with this requirement. These areas are attributed to the existing driveway and parking and turning areas and are adequately balanced by numerous landscaping treatments throughout the site. The variation is acceptable on merit.



Un-built upon area diagram (proposed un-built upon area shaded in cyan)

Excavation	No	No acceptable – see discussion under Clause 6.10 of the NSLEP 2013.
Landscaping	Yes	Acceptable.
Private and Communal Open	Yes	
Space		
Garbage Storage	No	Council's Waste Officer confirmed objections.
Site Facilities	No	A clothes drying facility in the courtyard or common property
		should be provided to avoid the use of the visually permeable
		balconies for clothes drying.
1.6 Efficient Use of Resources		
Energy Efficiency	Yes	The Applicant has provided a BASIX Certificate in support of
		the development application which requires suite of energy
		efficiency measures such as:
		Energy efficient internal appliances
		Energy efficient lighting
		Thermal insulation levels for glazing, walls and ceilings
		A condition can be imposed to ensure that the measures
		contained within the BASIX Certificate are undertaken at all
		stages of the development process.
Passive Solar Design	No	Fails to comply with ADG criteria.
Natural Ventilation	Yes	Achieves ADG criteria.
Stormwater Management	Yes	Accepted by Council's Development Engineer.

Part B, Section 13: Heritage and Conservation

The following table assesses the proposed development with respect to the relevant objectives and controls under Part B, Section 13 of the NSDCP 2013.

Part B	Part B, Section 13 – Heritage and Conservation			
Control	Compliance	Comments		
13.6 Heritage conservation areas	•			
Objectives				
O1 Ensure that new development is	No	The design, bulk and scape of the proposed		
designed to retain and complement		development are not in keeping with the existing		
the character and significance of the		character and fails to complement nor provide		
conservation area (refer to Part C of		positive contribution to the streetscape and		
this DCP for a description of		prominent setting of the site.		
the significance of the heritage		g a ma and		
conservation area).				
O4 Encourage change that will	No	As confirmed by Council's Heritage Planner – the		
remove uncharacteristic items or		proposed development will result in an		
reduce the extent of their		uncharacteristic item becoming more		
intrusion.		uncharacteristic, enlarged, less recessive and less		
4310111		acceptable than the current building.		
P7 Respond to characteristic	Yes	The proposed front setback is generally considered		
building alignments by not building	163	acceptable.		
forward of the established or		deceptable.		
characteristic front setback				
P8 Repeat any consistent pattern of	No	The proposed setbacks in relation to heritage items in		
side and rear setbacks of heritage	140	the vicinity are not acceptable and further separation		
and contributory items in the		is encouraged.		
vicinity of the site.		is chedulagea.		
P9 New work may adopt a	No	The proposed aesthetic and presentation is not		
contemporary character, provided	140	acceptable and will result in a dramatically different		
the development is not likely		built form and appearance that is out of character and		
to have a detrimental impact on the		does not respond adequately to the conservation		
characteristic built form of the area,		area and site's context and setting. The design		
particularly in terms of bulk, scale,		expresses a hybridised form that carries elements		
height, form or materials.		that split between post-war traditional and		
neight, rorm or materials.		contemporary.		
13.10.5 – Apartment buildings	L	Toombord. Y.		
Objectives				
O1 – Ensure that changes are	No	The proposed development involves significant		
sympathetic to significant fabric and		changes that are not sympathetic to the primary		
building elements and do		significant fabric of the building and fail to borrow		
not have a detrimental impact on		architectural forms and features within the		
the heritage significance of the		immediate vicinity that allow it to be of a more		
building.		compatible form and design.		
O2 – Conserve significant building	No – acceptable	The proposed development involves changes to an		
elements and features including	on merit	uncharacteristic item.		
verandahs, fenestration patterns,				
internal lobbies and staircases.				
Provisions				
P1 – Major changes to the scale and	No	Excessive bulk and scale are proposed and will have		
form of apartment buildings should		impacts on the heritage significance of the		
not occur where the additional floor		surrounding area.		
space would compromise the				
heritage significance of the existing				
Heritage Significance of the existing				
heritage significance of the existing				

		1
P2 – Alterations and additions are to	No	The proposed changes to the building fail to allow the
respond to the articulation and		uncharacteristic item to become a neutral item or a
rhythm of the existing building		contributory item. In fact, the proposed development
through the repetition of significant		introduces an even more uncharacteristic building
features that occur at regular		that does not complement the conservation area.
intervals.		
P3 – Retain original or significant	Yes	The proposed changes to the windows are generally
window and opening patterns. New		accepted.
openings are to respect this pattern		
and not introduce new patterns of		
window or door openings.		
P4 – External awnings, hoods and	No	The proposed balconies feature colouration and
other overhanging devices that will		materiality that are not appropriate to the
detract from the buildings form are		conservation area.
not permitted.		conscivation area.
P5 – Incorporation of lifts should be	Yes	The proposed lift is generally acceptable.
designed to minimise impacts on	162	The proposed lift is generally acceptable.
significant spaces and fabric within		
the building.	V	
P6 – Upgrading for compliance with	Yes	
the BCA, fire egress, disable access		
or service installations or structural		
upgrade should comply with Section		
13.5.6 to this Part of the		
DCP.		
P7 – Refer to section 13.5, 13.6 and	No	The built form, massing and scale of the proposed
13.9 to this Part of the DCP for other		development are unacceptable.
applicable controls.		
P7 – Ensure new openings have	Yes	
similar dimensions or are		
compatible with existing openings,		
such as width and height of double		
doors.		
P8 – Provide for reversibility of	Yes	Not relevant to uncharacteristic items.
internal changes (where appropriate		
and reasonable).		
13.9.1 Skylights, solar panels and	Yes	The proposed skylight and solar panels are situated
satellite dishes		on the flat roof and will have negligible impacts on the
		heritage significance of the conservation area.
13.9.2 Dormer windows	No	No dormer windows are proposed.
13.9.3 Verandahs and balconies		The proposed balconies require re-design.
13.9.6 Fences		The proposed fencing is generally acceptable.
13.9.4 Materials, colours and	No	As mentioned above, the proposed materiality,
finishes		colouration and finishes of the proposed
		development are not acceptable (as confirmed by
P8 Ensure materials, finishes and		Council's Heritage Planner).
colours are compatible with the		
characteristic built elements of the		
heritage conservation area as		
described in the relevant Area		
Character Statement (refer to Part C		
of the DCP).		
or the DCPJ.		

Re: 1 Warung Street, McMahons Point

13.9.5 Garages and carports O1 To ensure that vehicular accommodation does not detrimentally impact upon the significance of the heritage item or heritage conservation area. O2 To ensure that off-street car parking does not dominate the	No	The concept of an opening in the rock wall is generally acceptable; however, insufficient detail and information was provided to ensure that the stability and integrity of the rock wall are maintained.
19.9.7 Gardens O1 To ensure that significant landscape features and trees are retained and reflected in new development.	Yes	The proposed landscaping treatments feature new trees, garden beds and grassed lawn areas that are considered acceptable.

Part C: Character Statements

Section 9 - Lavender Bay Planning Area

Section 9.8 – McMahons Point South Conservation Area

The site is within the McMahons Point South Conservation Area, to which, Part C, Section 9.8 of the DCP applies. Given the unsympathetic design, excess bulk and scale, inappropriate architectural response and heritage impacts relating to the proposed development, it is considered that the proposed development will be highly contrary to the requirements under Section 9.8. This is further re-affirmed by Council's Heritage Planner. As such, the proposed development fails to result in an acceptable and supportable planning outcome that is incongruence with the established and desired future character and built form of the McMahons Point South Conservation Area. The design and contextual issues raised are made critical and enhanced by the high visibility of the site – being in a prominent location set against the Sydney Harbour foreshore.

LOCAL INFRASTRUCTURE CONTRIBUTIONS PLAN

The subject application has been assessed against the North Sydney Local Infrastructure Contribution Plan 2020 and is subject to the payment of contributions towards the provision of local infrastructure. A Section 7.11 levy will be applicable due to the changed dwelling capacity and apartment mix proposed. It is noted; however, that the proposed development is recommended for refusal and the contribution payments have not been calculated. Should the Panel support the proposal, the relevant local infrastructure contributions amount can be calculated by Council and conditions to impose payment can be imposed in the subsequent consent.

ALL LIKELY IMPACTS OF THE DEVELOPMENT

All likely impacts of the proposed development have been considered within the context of this report.

Re: 1 Warung Street, McMahons Point

ENVIR	CONSIDERED	
1.	Statutory Controls	Yes
2.	Policy Controls	Yes
3.	Design in relation to existing building and natural environment	Yes
4.	Landscaping/Open Space Provision	Yes
5.	Traffic generation and Carparking provision	Yes
6.	Loading and Servicing facilities	Yes
7.	Physical relationship to and impact upon adjoining development (Views, privacy, overshadowing, etc.)	Yes
8.	Site Management Issues	Yes
9.	All relevant S4.15 considerations of Environmental Planning and Assessment (Amendment) Act 1979	Yes

SUBMITTERS CONCERNS

The application was notified on two (2) occasions to adjoining properties and the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee and Union Precinct Committee.

Following the first notification period, Council received eleven (11) submissions from eight (8) individual properties and from both precinct committees during this period. The matters raised in these submissions objecting to the proposed development are listed below:

- Impacts on the sandstone cutting;
- Breach to maximum building height;
- Bulk, scale and density;
- Impacts associated with traffic, safety, amenity, view loss, privacy and solar access;
- impacts on heritage conservation area;
- Loss of landscaped areas;
- Excessive excavation;
- Setbacks;
- Construction noise;
- Inaccurate information in Statement of Environmental Effects;
- New building and additions and alterations; and
- Uncharacteristic built form.

Following the second notification period, Council received eight (8) submissions from four (4) individual properties and from the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee. The matters raised in these submissions were near identical to those mentioned in the submissions received in the first notification period.

Council's responses to the above issues and matters are provided below.

Impacts on sandstone cutting

Response: As mentioned above, the concept of a basement wall can be supported and this is highlighted in the response from Council's Traffic and Transport Engineer. It is noted however, that the insufficient information was provided to support the ability to safely construction the basement level without compromising the integrity and stability of the remaining wall and adjoining property. Further, the proposed development cannot be supported due to a number of unresolved issues as detailed in this report.

• Breach to maximum building height

Response: The Assessment section above provides sufficient discussion on the breach to the maximum building height under Clause 4.3. The proposed breach is considered to not have merit and is not supported.

• Bulk, scale and density

Response: Adequate discussion has been provided in the Assessment section above – detailing the excess bulk, scale and density of the proposed development.

Traffic and safety impacts

Response: Council's Traffic and Transport Engineer confirmed support for the basement opening. Transport for NSW – Sydney Metro did not raise concern with regard to the bus shelter. Traffic and safety impacts could be resolved through conditions and design details relating to the basement functions. Notwithstanding this, the proposed development is not supported for the reasons outlined throughout this report.

• Amenity and privacy impacts

Response: This has been covered in the Assessment section. Some of these impacts could be addressed through design changes – however, the proposed development is not supported for the reasons outlined throughout this report.

View loss impacts

Response: Aside from the lift overrun and the new portion in the north-eastern portion of the site, the proposed flat roof is generally the same as the existing building. Any potential view loss impacts are likely to be similar to the existing building and any additional view loss impacts may be considered reasonable. It is noted, however, that a more appropriate built form should step down with the topography of the site, incorporate a reduced bulk and scale and be more compliant with the maximum building height and promote improved view sharing.

Solar access

Response: Impacts on solar access on neighbouring properties has been covered in the Assessment section.

• Impacts on heritage conservation area

Response: Council's Heritage Planner confirmed that the proposed development fails to achieve objectives and provisions under Clause 5.10 of NSLEP 2013 and objectives and controls under the NSDCP 2013 (relating to heritage). As detailed throughout this report, the potential heritage impacts generated by the development are considered unacceptable.

Loss of landscaped areas

Response: Council's Landscape Development Officer advised that the proposed tree removal and new landscaped areas are supported. The proposed landscaping treatments appear appropriate and reflective of treatments found in similar residential buildings within McMahons Point.

Excessive excavation

Response: This has been detailed in the Assessment section pertaining to Clause 6.10 of NSLEP 2013. The proposed excavation is unacceptable.

Setbacks

Response: The Assessment section above provides sufficient discussion on setbacks and building separation distances – refer to the ADG table and NSDCP 2013 table.

Construction noise

Response: Construction noise can be minimised and mitigated through the imposition of conditions. It is acknowledged that such noise, whilst at times intrusive, are generally only temporary and intermittent.

• Inaccurate information in Statement of Environmental Effects

Response: Council undertakes a detailed and independent assessment of the application including any relevant matters relating to heritage. Any errors identified in the information package are disregarded and have no bearing on Council's assessment.

New building and additions and alterations

Response: It is noted that whilst the proposed development introduces a modified building to the site, the respective proposal description is considered accurate and reflective of what is being proposed by the Applicant. Whether the proposal should be considered a new building or alterations and additions to an existing building has limited bearing on the assessment of the proposed development. The same merit assessment has been applied. On balance, the proposed development is considered an unacceptable and unsupportable outcome for the site and locality.

Uncharacteristic built form.

Response: This has been covered in the Assessment section.

PUBLIC INTEREST

The proposal is not considered to be in the public interest for the reasons stated throughout this report including failure to resolve and address substantive matters and issues raised in public submissions.

SUITABILITY OF THE SITE

The proposed development is not considered to be suitable for the site having regard to the merits of the proposal as described in this report.

CONCLUSION + REASONS

The proposed development was considered under the relevant Environmental Planning Instruments and policies including SEPP 65, NSLEP 2013 and NSDCP 2013 and was found to be not satisfactory.

The application proposes partial demolition of and additions and alterations to an existing residential flat building, which is development that is permissible (with consent) in the R3 – Medium Density Residential zone.

With regard to the potential impacts on the environment including streetscape, foreshore area, conservation area and adjoining and surrounding properties and the unique context and setting of the site, the proposal fails to achieve a high quality design and optimal planning outcome and contextually appropriate infill development for the site and locality. In light of the above and the numerous unresolved matters and issues identified, the application is not considered to be satisfactory and is recommended for refusal.

HOW WERE THE COMMUNITY VIEWS TAKEN INTO CONSIDERATION?

Council received a total of nineteen (19) submissions from the community, the Lavender Bay Precinct Committee and Union Precinct Committee that raised valid and substantive concerns and issues including heritage impacts, excess height, bulk and scale, impacts on rock wall and excessive excavation. These concerns and issues have been discussed in this report and have not been adequately addressed by the final scheme.

Having regard to the merits of the proposed development, the application is recommended refusal for reasons outlined below.

RECOMMENDATION

PURSUANT TO SECTION 4.16 OF ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979 (AS AMENDED)

A. In consideration of the written request made by the Applicant pursuant to Clause 4.6 of the North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013, the consent authority is not satisfied that compliance with the development standard contained in Clause 4.3 – Maximum Height of Buildings of NSLEP 2013 is well founded.

The consent authority has identified that there are no sufficient environmental planning grounds which would justify contravening the development standard.

The consent authority has identified that the proposed development is not in the public interest as it fails to achieve consistency with the relevant objectives of Clause 4.3 – Maximum Height of Buildings and the R3 – Medium Density Residential zone under NSLEP 2013.

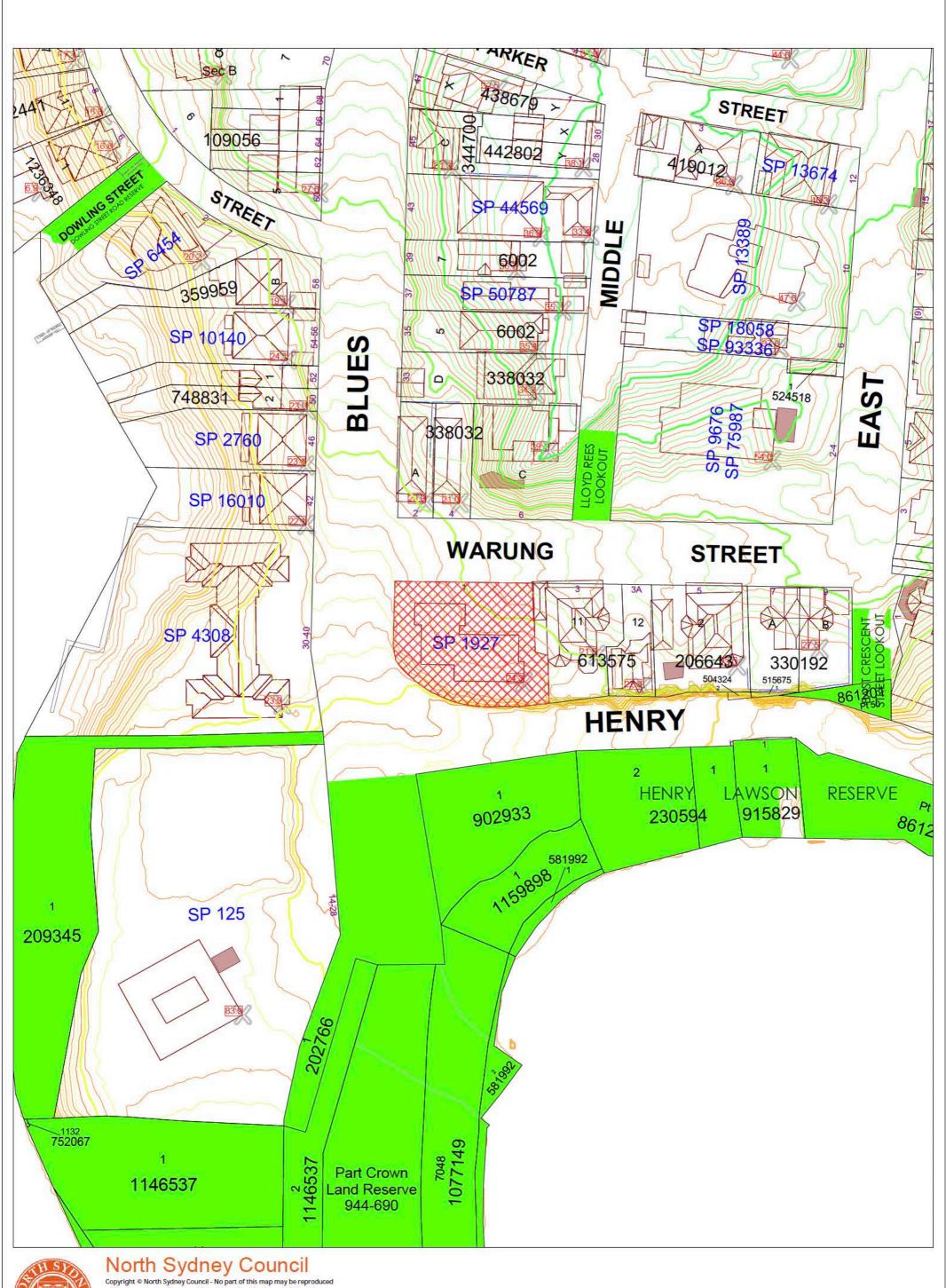
- B. THAT the North Sydney Local Planning Panel, exercising the functions of Council as the consent authority, resolve to refuse development consent to Development Application No. 379/21 for development involving partial demolition of existing residential flat building, construction of below ground basement with reconstructed and new apartment addition above and configuration of remaining apartments, on land at No. 1 Warung Street (legally described as SP 1927), as shown on Architectural Plans, prepared by Squillace and dated 28/03/22, for the following reasons:
 - 1. Pursuant to Section 4.15 (1)(a) of the EP&A Act 1979, the proposed development does not comply with the following relevant environmental planning instruments and development controls as follows:
 - State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 impacts on stability and integrity of rock wall and unable to satisfy relevant provisions under Chapter 10.
 - b) State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development unable to achieve design quality principles (Principles 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 9) under Schedule 1 and key guidance/criteria under the Apartment Design Guide.
 - c) North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013 Aims of the Plan unable to satisfy the key aims (2)(a), (2)(b), (2)(c) and (2)(e).
 - d) North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013 objectives of R3 zone relating to not compromising amenity of surrounding area and natural and cultural heritage of the area, providing a suitable visual transition between high density and low density residential areas and ensuring a high level of residential amenity is achieved and maintained.
 - e) North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013 objectives of Clause 4.3 unable to satisfy the objectives (1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(c), (1)(e), (1)(f) and (1)(g).
 - f) North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013 Clause 4.6 the consent authority is not satisfied as per provisions (3) and (4).
 - g) North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013 Clause 5.10 unable to satisfy the provisions under this clause.

- h) North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013 Clause 6.10 unable to satisfy the provisions under this clause.
- i) North Sydney Development Control Plan 2013, Part B, Section 1 Environmental Criteria (Section 1.3) failure to meet objectives and controls.
- j) North Sydney Development Control Plan 2013, Part B, Section 1 Quality Built Form (Section 1.4) failure to meet objectives and controls.
- k) North Sydney Development Control Plan 2013, Part B, Section 1 Quality Urban Environment (Section 1.5) failure to meet objectives and controls.
- North Sydney Development Control Plan 2013, Part B, Section 13 Heritage and Conservation failure to meet objectives and controls.
- m) North Sydney Development Control Plan 2013, Part C, Section 9 McMahons Point South Conservation Area (Section 9.8) failure to meet objectives and controls.
- 2. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(b) of the EP&A Act 1979, the proposed development is likely to have adverse impacts on the following aspects on the environment: heritage, streetscape, view loss, privacy, amenity, overshadowing (solar access), structural stability and integrity of adjoining land.
- 3. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(c) of the EP&A Act 1979, the subject site is not suitable for the proposed development for the following reasons: excessive bulk, scale and density, topography response, context and setting response not sympathetic to heritage conservation area and foreshore area, adverse impacts and lack of residential amenity for future occupants.
- 4. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(e) of the EP&A Act 1979, the proposed development is not considered to be in the public interest and is likely to set an undesirable precedent including poor design response to conservation and foreshore areas, endorsement of an unacceptable non-compliance to the maximum building height provision under Clause 4.3 and non-compliances with criteria under SEPP 65 and design guidance under the ADG.

MIGUEL RIVERA
SENIOR ASSESSMENT OFFICER

DAVID HOY TEAM LEADER (ASSESSMENTS)

STEPHEN BEATTIE
MANAGER DEVELOPMENT SERVICES



without permission. Commercial decisions should not be made based on information contained in this map without first checking details held by the responsible Government authority.

Further details can be obtained by calling (02) 9936 8100 or e-mail

mapping@northsydney.nsw.gov.au.

WARUNG STREET APARTMENTS

1 WARUNG STREET, McMAHONS POINT

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

DA DRAWING LIST

	DA DRAWING I	-101
NUMBER	NAME	CURRENT REVISION
DA-001	COVER SHEET	С
DA-012	SITE ANALYSIS PLAN	С
DA-019	LOWER GROUND LEVEL - DEMOLITION PLAN	С
DA-020	GROUND FLOOR - DEMOLITION PLAN	С
DA-021	LEVEL 1 - DEMOLITION PLAN	С
DA-022	LEVEL 2 - DEMOLITION PLAN	С
DA-023	ROOF LEVEL - DEMOLITION PLAN	С
DA-098	BASEMENT LEVEL PLAN	С
DA-099	LOWER GROUND LEVEL PLAN	С
DA-100	GROUND LEVEL PLAN	С
DA-101	LEVEL 1 PLAN	С
DA-102	LEVEL 2 PLAN	С
DA-103	ROOF PLAN	С
DA-201	NORTH & SOUTH ELEVATIONS - DEMOLITION	С
DA-202	EAST & WEST ELEVATION - DEMOLITION	С
DA-205	NORTH ELEVATION - PROPOSED	С
DA-206	EAST ELEVATION - PROPOSED	С
DA-207	WEST ELEVATION - PROPOSED	С
DA-208	SOUTH ELEVATION - PROPOSED	С
DA-210	STREETSCAPE WARUNG STREET	С
DA-211	STREETSCAPE BLUE POINT ROAD	С
DA-212	STREETSCAPE 4 & 6 WARUNG STREET	С
DA-213	STREETSCAPE HENRY LAWSON AVE	С
DA-301	SECTIONS SHEET 1	С
DA-401	SHADOW STUDY - WINTER SOLSTICE	С
DA-402	SHADOW STUDY - EQUINOXES	С
DA-431	SUN'S EYE VIEW - WINTER SOLSTICE	D
DA-432	SUN'S EYE VIEW - EQUINOXES	В
DA-450	3 WARUNG ST - SHADOW STUDY @ WINTER SOLSTICE	В
DA-531	LANDSCAPE COVERAGE & EXCAVATION PLAN	С
DA-551	BUILDING ENVELOPE	С
DA-601	SOLAR ACCESS & CROSS FLOW VENTILATION	С
DA-603	SEPP65 - STORAGE, PRIVATE & COMMUNAL OPEN SPA	CE C
DA-700	PHOTOMONTAGE	С
DA-701	BASEMENT ENTRY PHOTOMONTAGE	А
DA-800	BASEMENT ENTRY DRAWING	В

AMENDMENTS TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS

- 1. BASEMENT ENTRY WIDTH REDUCED TO 3.6m & RELOCATED 2.7m FROM THE BOUNDARY TO RETAINED NATURAL ROCK FORMATION. NEW PHOTOMONTAGE & DETAILS ADDED (DA-701 & DA-800).
- 2. REPLACED 2 CAR SPACES WITH COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE SPACES ON LOWER GROUND LEVEL. VISITOR BICYCLE SPACE RELOCATED.
- 3. UNIT L01 AREA REDUCED TO ACCOMMODATE A LARGER SERVICE ROOM & REDUCED GARBAGE ROOM.
- 4. LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE ROOM OF UNIT L01.
- 5. UNIT G03 LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE AREAS.
- 6. UNIT 103 CONVERTED TO A 2-STORY UNIT (UNIT 203 REMOVED) TO ACHIEVE 2.7m CEILINGS ON LOWER LEVEL & 2.4m CEILINGS TO UPPER LEVEL.

 * REFER TO ADG, OBJECTIVE 4C-1.
- 7. BASEMENT STAIRS CONNECTED WITH LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOBBY.
- 8. NEW STAIRS FROM LOWER GROUND LEVEL TO GROUND FLOOR LEVEL ADDED.
- DEEP SOIL AREA AND LANDSCAPE AREA INCREASED.
- 10. LINE OF EASTERN EXISTING BUILDING FACADE SHOWN AS DASHED ON PROPOSED FLOOR PLANS.
- 11. BALCONY SIZES REDUCED, STEEL POSTS REMOVED & GLASS BALUSTRADE AREA REDUCED. REDUCTION IN CONTRAST ON EXTERNAL COLOURS.
- 12. BUILDING ENTRY ON GROUND FLOOR RECONFIGURED. STAIRS & STAIRS LIFT REPLACED WITH A 1:20 RAMP & SITTING AREA.
- 13. BASEMENT CAR PARK EXHAUST ADDED. CAR PARK EXHAUST TO DISCHARGE AT LOWER ROOF LEVEL.
- 14. LIFT OVERRUN RAISED BY 675mm TO ACCOMMODATE STANDARD LIFT.
- 15. PORTION OF THE ROOF ABOVE UNIT 103 RAISED BY 360mm TO ACHIEVE 2.4m CEILINGS ON UPPER LEVEL.
- 16. SOLID BALCONY AWNINGS REPLACED BY OPERABLE LOUVRES.
- 17. FLAT SOLAR PANELS & DECORATIVE PEBBLES ADDED TO THE ROOF.
- 18. PHOTOMONTAGE & DRAWINGS AMENDED AS PER THE UPDATED DESIGN AND MATERIAL CHANGES.

ATTACHMENT TO LPP02 -01/06/2022
Page 8



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STATUS

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

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GRAPHIC SCALE

NOT TO SCALE

DRAWING NOTES

SUBJECT SITE



C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA
B 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

CLIENT

Highbury Warung Pty Ltd

squillace

ARCHITECTURE / INTERIORS

www.squillace.com.au

SYDNEY

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Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW),

17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

DA-001

JOB NO. SCALE HIG2009 N.T.S.

DRAWING NO.

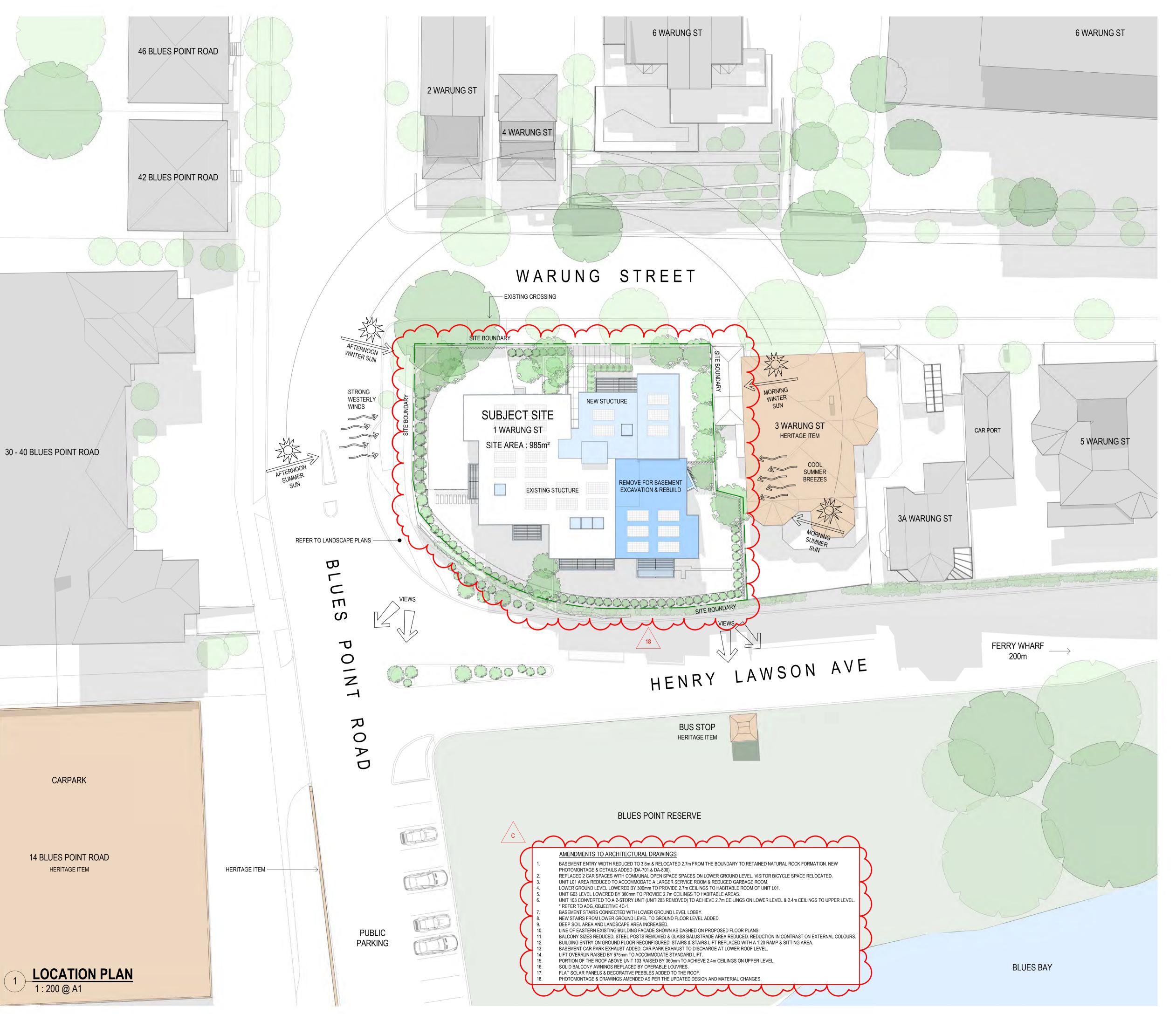
DRAWING TITLE

COVER SHEET

DRAWN BY CHECKED B



28.03.2022



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GRAPHIC SCALE

1:400 @ A3 0 5m 1:200 @ A1

DRAWING NOTES

<u>LEGEND</u>

EXISTING WALLS TO REMAIN

EXISTING WALLS TO BE DEMOLISHED

EXCAVATE

EXISTING TO BE DEMOLISHED

NEW WALLS & SLABS

REMOVE & REBUILD

NEW ADDITIONS

C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA B 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

A 18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

ISS DATE PURPOSE OF ISSUE

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NOMINATED ARCHITECT
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Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW), 17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

PROJECT

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

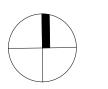
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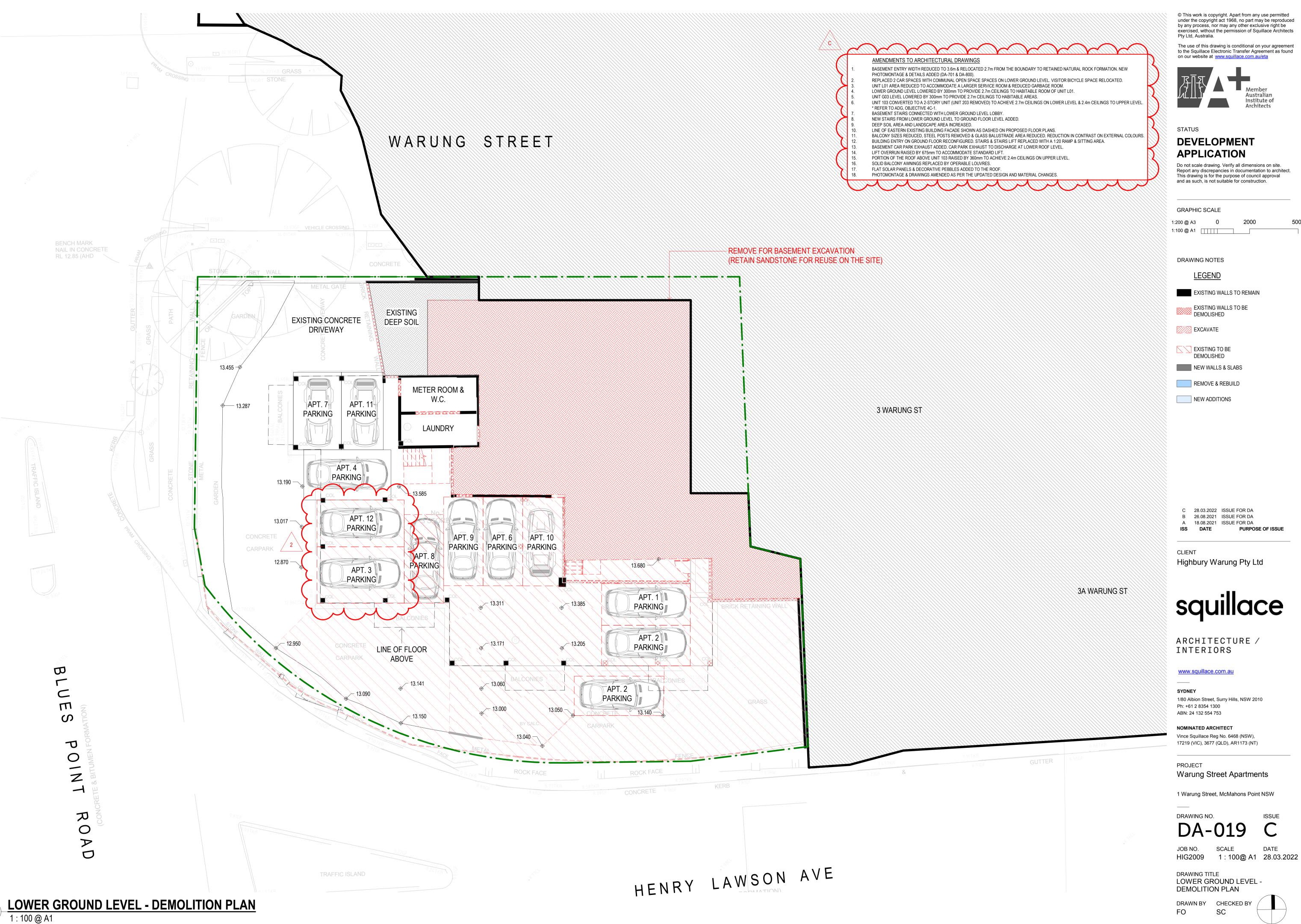
JOB NO. SCALE

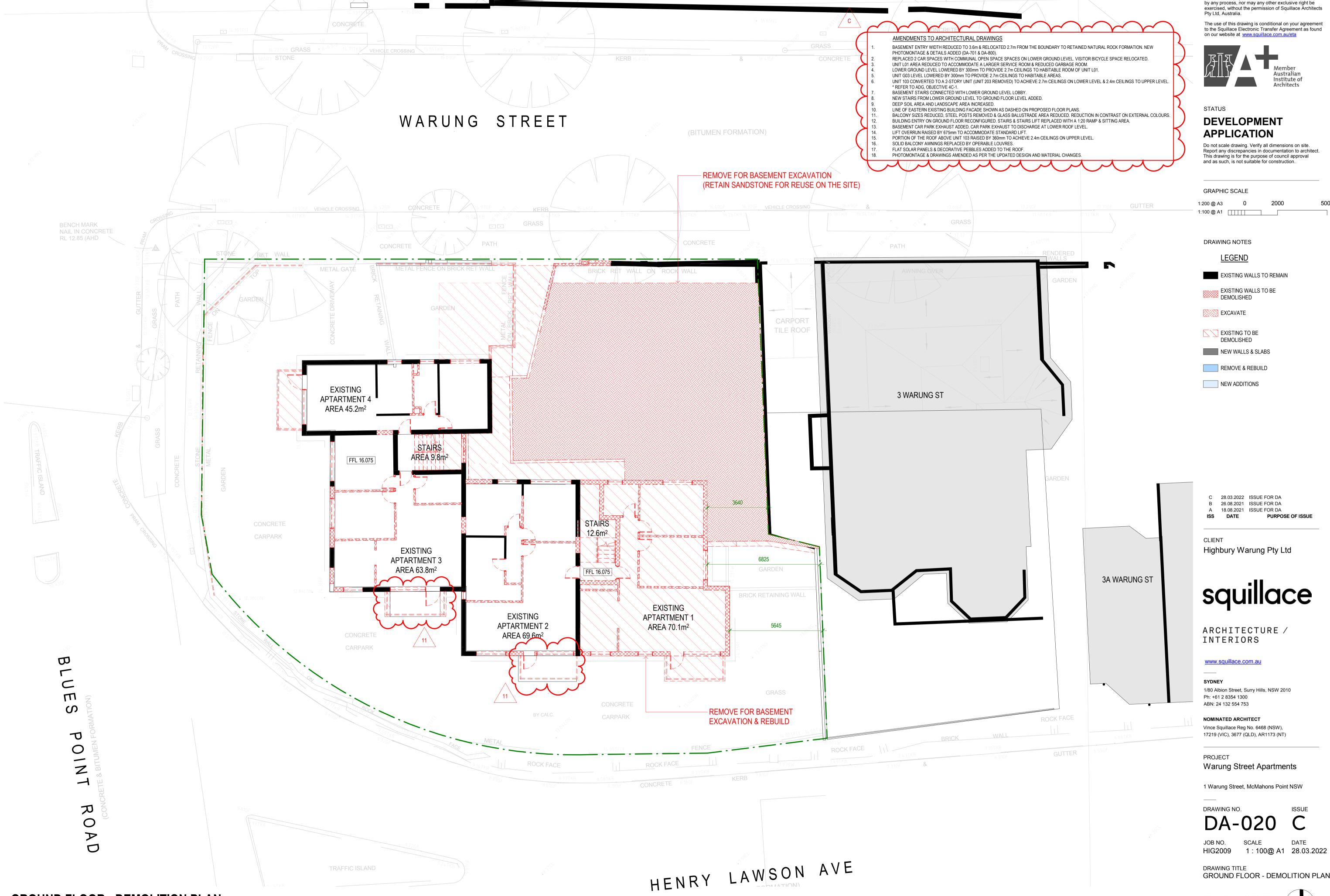
JOB NO. SCALE DATE
HIG2009 **AS SHOWN** 28.03.2022

DRAWING TITLE
SITE ANALYSIS PLAN

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY







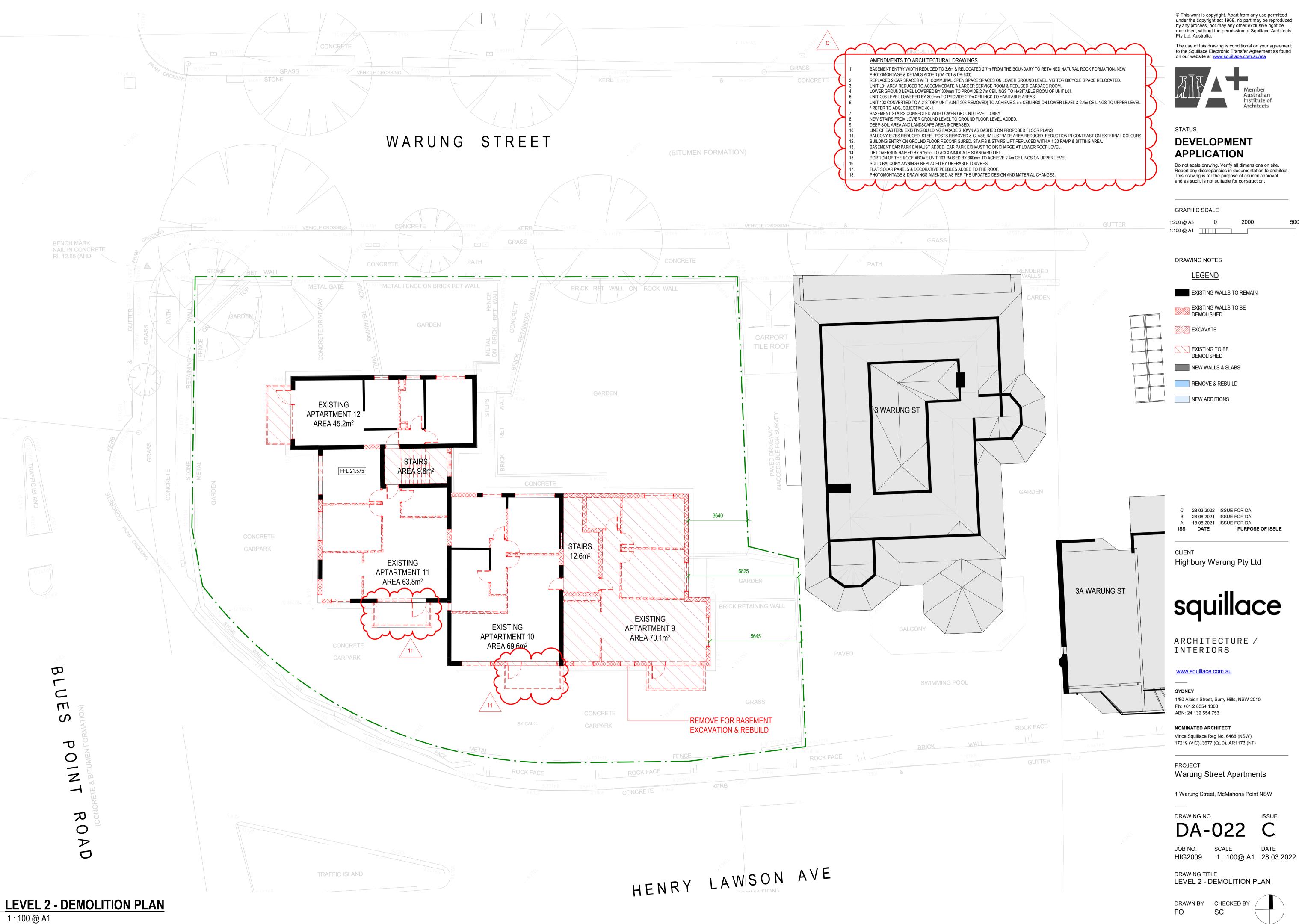
GROUND FLOOR - DEMOLITION PLAN

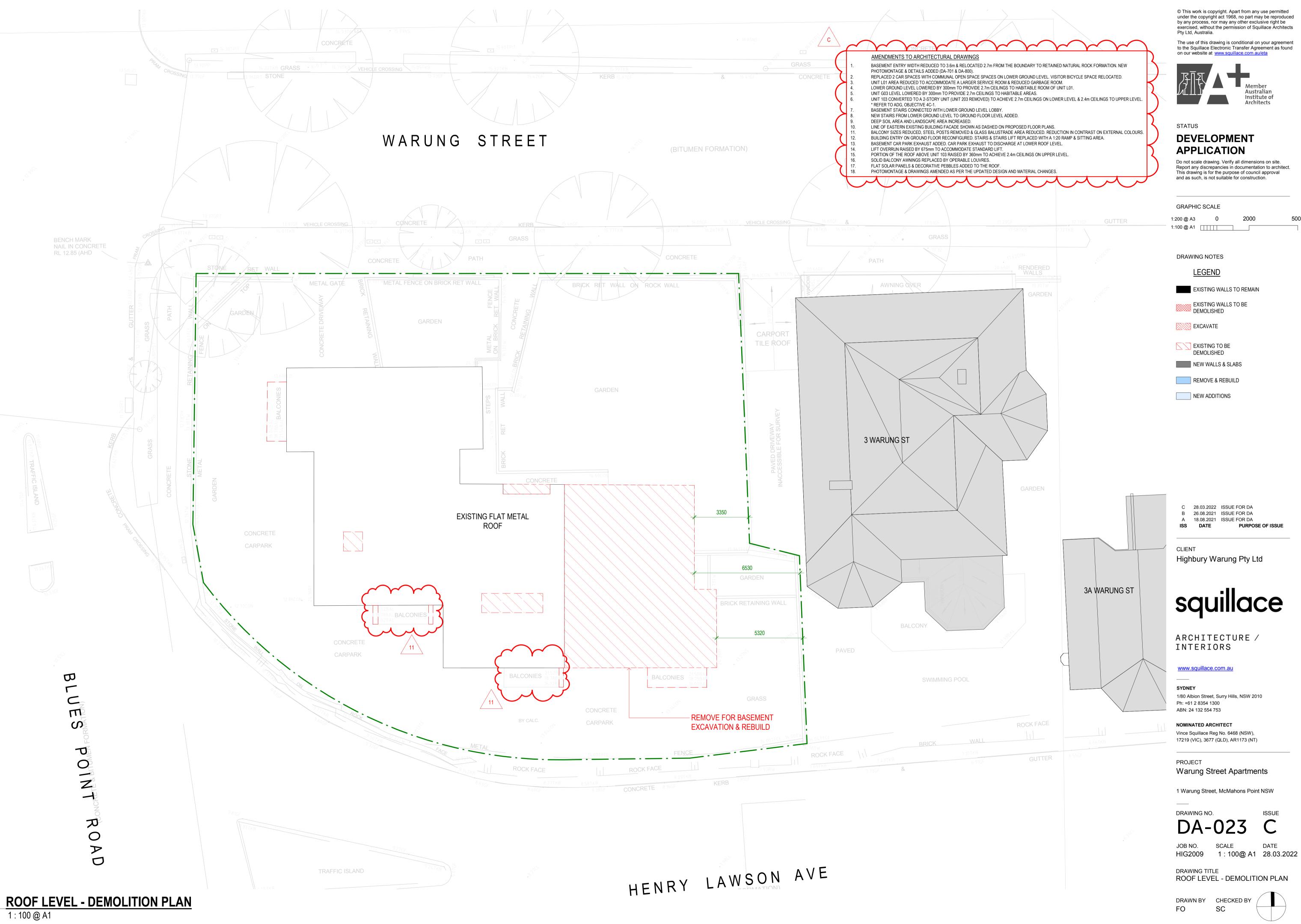
1 : 100 @ A1

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY

GROUND FLOOR - DEMOLITION PLAN

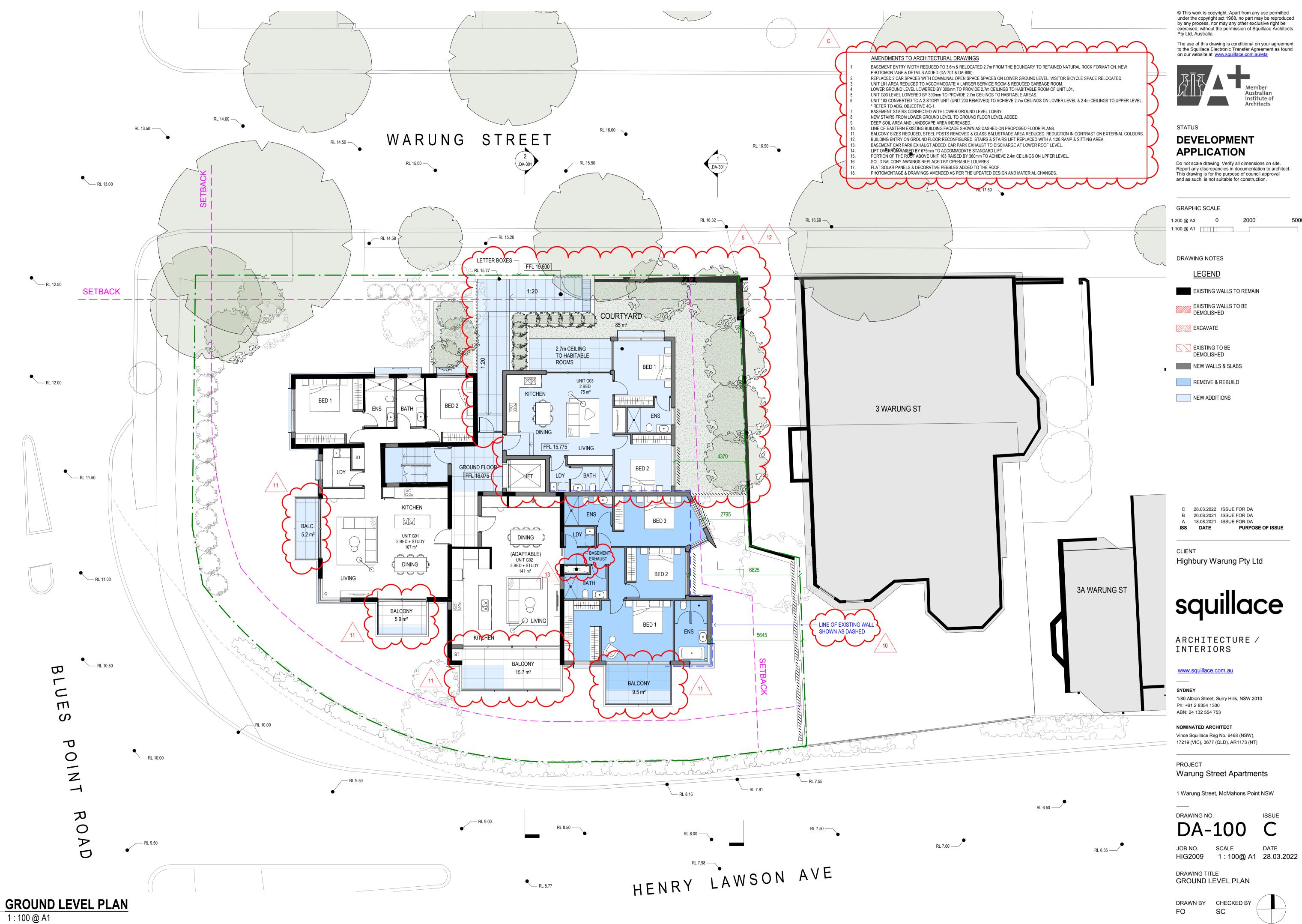
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HENRY LAWSON AVE

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DRAWING TITLE LEVEL 1 PLAN

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY



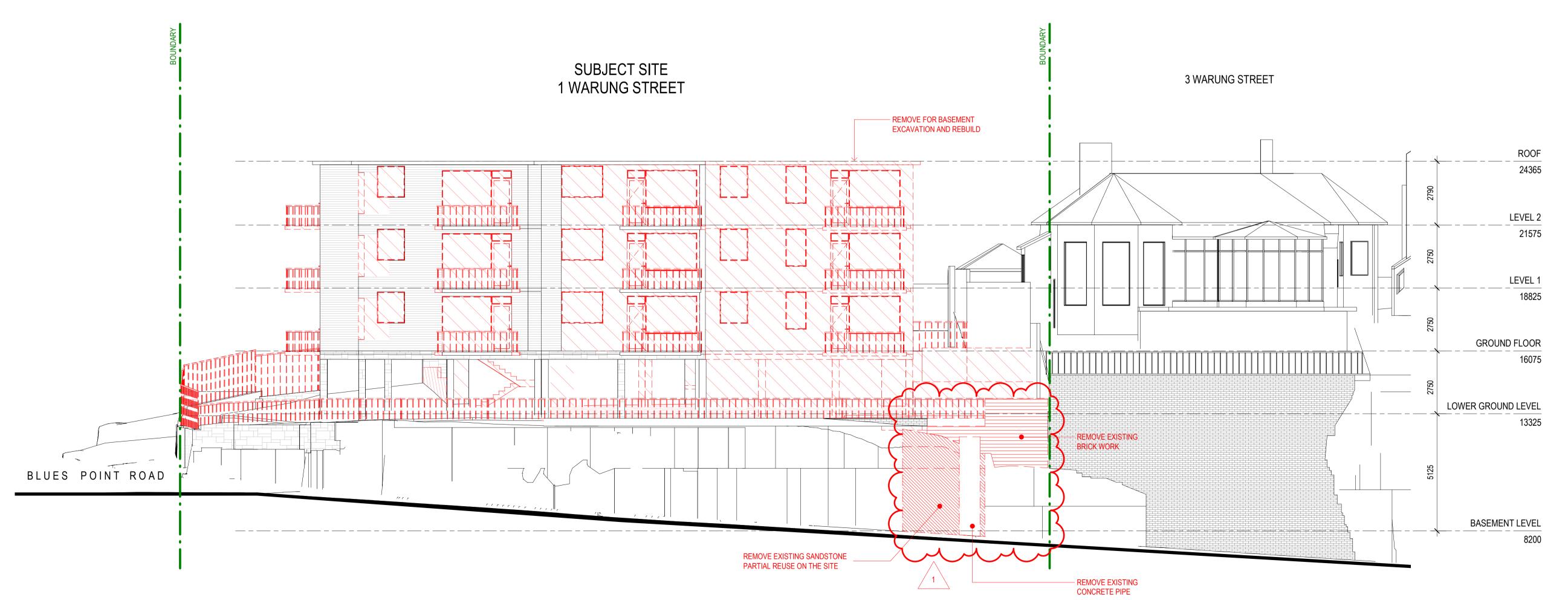
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LEVEL 2 PLAN

PURPOSE OF ISSUE



NORTH ELEVATION - DEMOLITION



SOUTH ELEVATION - DEMOLITION 1 : 100 @ A1

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW DRAWING NO. ISSUE

JOB NO. 1:100@ A1 28.03.2022

DRAWING TITLE NORTH & SOUTH ELEVATIONS -DEMOLITION

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY

FO SC



EXCAVATE 1

EXISTING TO BE DEMOLISHED

NEW WALLS & SLABS

REMOVE & REBUILD

C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA

B 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA 18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

Highbury Warung Pty Ltd

ARCHITECTURE /

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17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

Warung Street Apartments

SYDNEY

PROJECT

ISS DATE

CLIENT

PURPOSE OF ISSUE

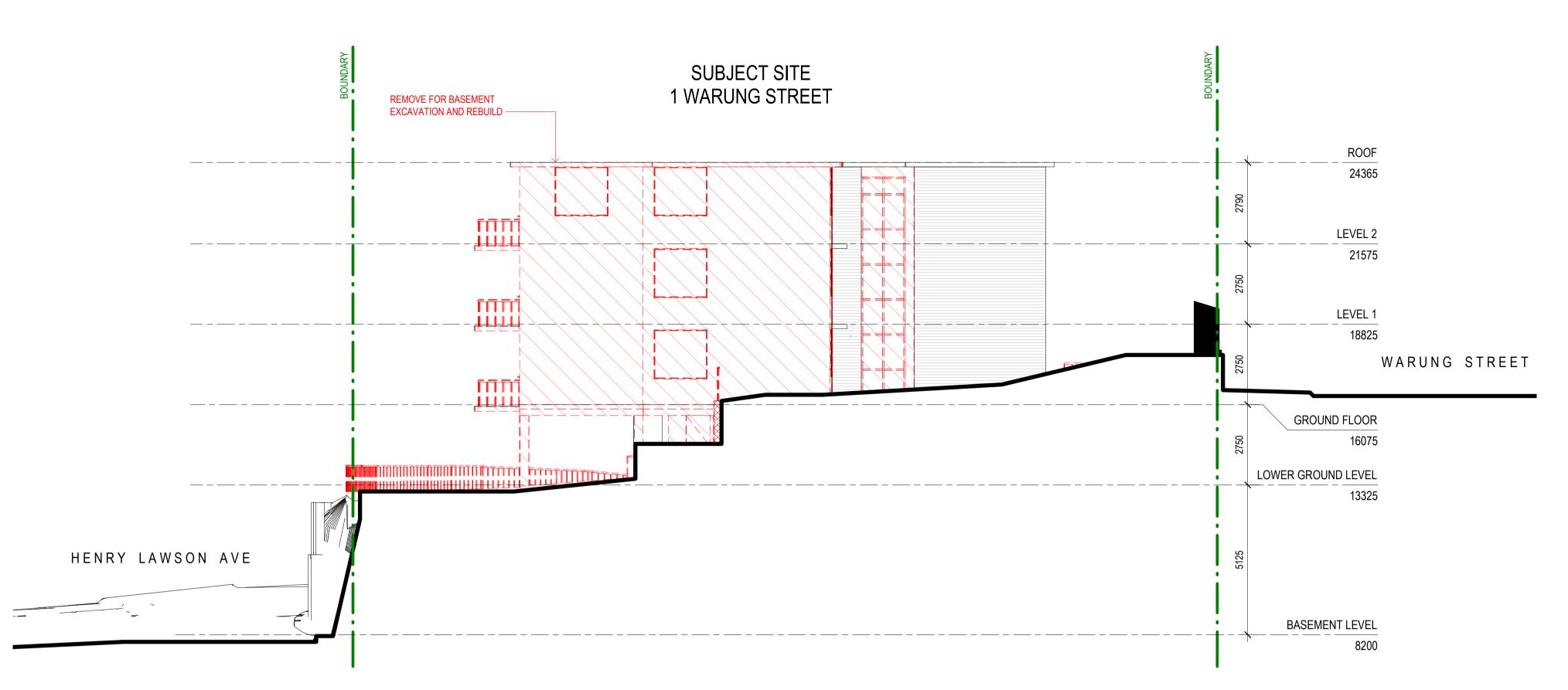
NEW ADDITIONS

Institute of

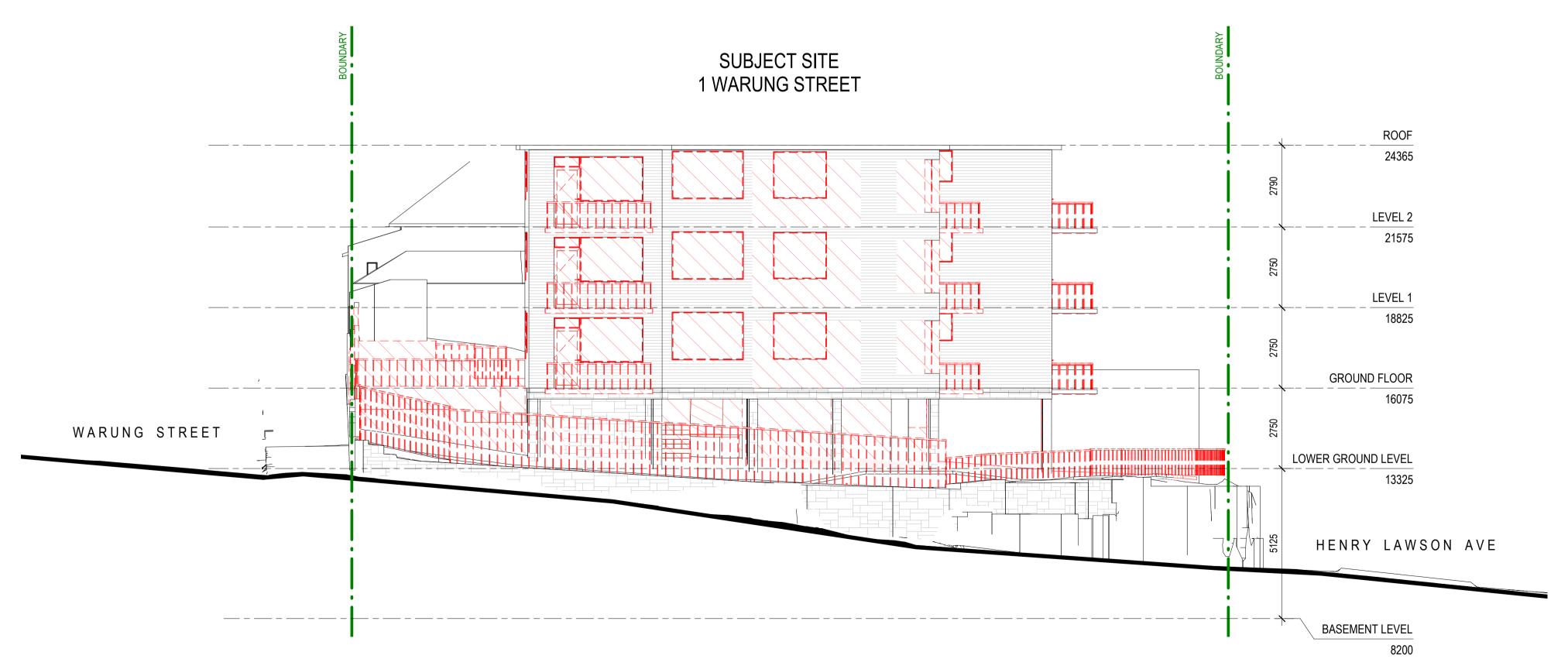
2000

5000

ATTACHMENT TO LPP02 -01/06/2022 Page 95



1 EAST ELEVATION - DEMOLITION 1: 100 @ A1



WEST ELEVATION - DEMOLITION
1: 100 @ A1

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STATUS

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

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GRAPHIC SCALE

1:200 @ A3 0 2000 5000 1:100 @ A1 _____

DRAWING NOTES

LEGEND

EXISTING WALLS TO REMAIN

EXISTING WALLS TO BE DEMOLISHED

EXISTING TO BE

EXCAVATE

DEMOLISHED NEW WALLS & SLABS

REMOVE & REBUILD

NEW ADDITIONS

C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA

B 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA 18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA PURPOSE OF ISSUE ISS DATE

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NOMINATED ARCHITECT Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW),

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PROJECT

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

DRAWING NO.

DA-202

1:100@ A1 28.03.2022

ISSUE

DRAWING TITLE EAST & WEST ELEVATION -DEMOLITION

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY FO SC

B. RENDERED CONCRETE DARK **GREY PAINT FINISH TO CEILINGS**

A. RENDERED CONCRETE LIGHT

GREY PAINT FINISH



C. EXISTING BRICK WALL



GREY PAINT FINISH







H. FLAT BAR GLASS BALUSTRADE G. ALUMINIUM WINDOW FRAME BLACK POWDER COAT FINISH

Pty Ltd, Australia.

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

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GRAPHIC S	CALE		
1:200 @ A3	0	2000	5000

DRAWING NOTES

C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA B 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA A 18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

Highbury Warung Pty Ltd

ARCHITECTURE /

1/80 Albion Street, Surry Hills, NSW 2010

Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW), 17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

INTERIORS

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Ph: +61 2 8354 1300 ABN: 24 132 554 753

NOMINATED ARCHITECT

SYDNEY

PROJECT

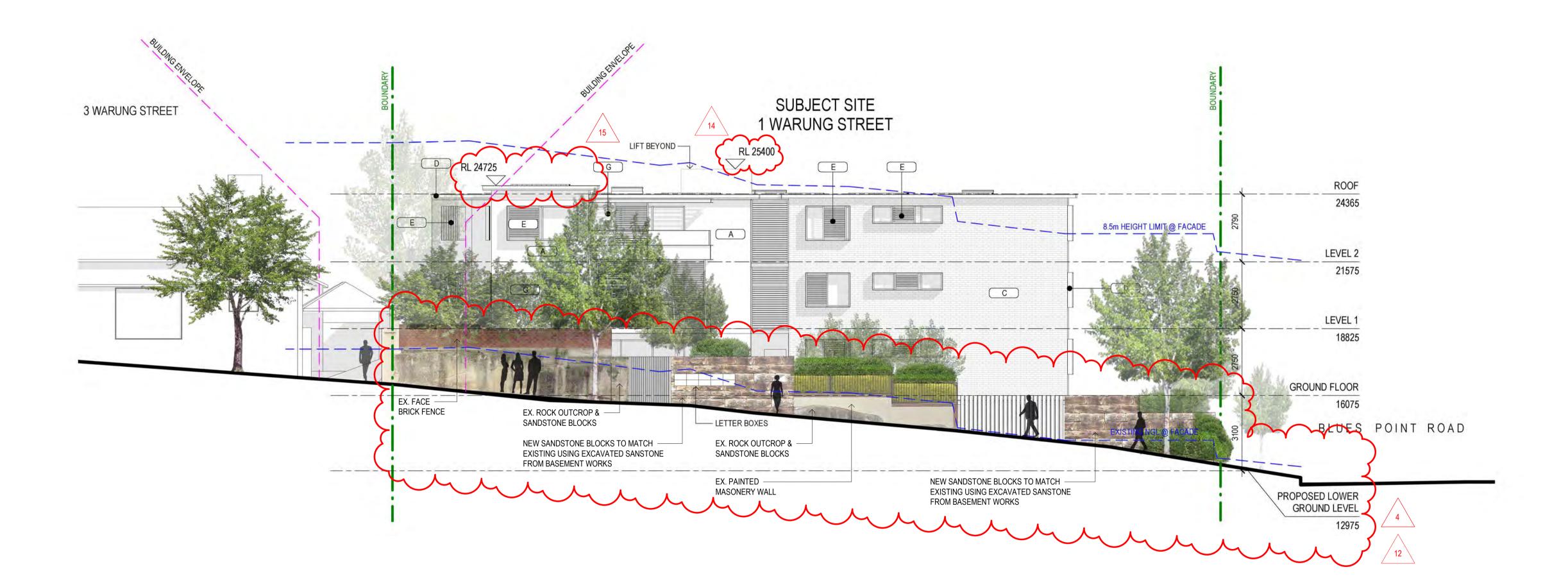
DRAWING NO.

PURPOSE OF ISSUE

ISS DATE

CLIENT

1:100 @ A1



AMENDMENTS TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS BASEMENT ENTRY WIDTH REDUCED TO 3.6m & RELOCATED 2.7m FROM THE BOUNDARY TO RETAINED NATURAL ROCK FORMATION. NEW PHOTOMONTAGE & DETAILS ADDED (DA-701 & DA-800). REPLACED 2 CAR SPACES WITH COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE SPACES ON LOWER GROUND LEVEL. VISITOR BICYCLE SPACE RELOCATED. UNIT L01 AREA REDUCED TO ACCOMMODATE A LARGER SERVICE ROOM & REDUCED GARBAGE ROOM. LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE ROOM OF UNIT L01. UNIT G03 LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE AREAS. UNIT 103 CONVERTED TO A 2-STORY UNIT (UNIT 203 REMOVED) TO ACHIEVE 2.7m CEILINGS ON LOWER LEVEL & 2.4m CEILINGS TO UPPER LEVEL. * REFER TO ADG, OBJECTIVE 4C-1. BASEMENT STAIRS CONNECTED WITH LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOBBY. NEW STAIRS FROM LOWER GROUND LEVEL TO GROUND FLOOR LEVEL ADDED. DEEP SOIL AREA AND LANDSCAPE AREA INCREASED. LINE OF EASTERN EXISTING BUILDING FACADE SHOWN AS DASHED ON PROPOSED FLOOR PLANS. BALCONY SIZES REDUCED, STEEL POSTS REMOVED & GLASS BALUSTRADE AREA REDUCED. REDUCTION IN CONTRAST ON EXTERNAL COLOURS. BUILDING ENTRY ON GROUND FLOOR RECONFIGURED. STAIRS & STAIRS LIFT REPLACED WITH A 1:20 RAMP & SITTING AREA. BASEMENT CAR PARK EXHAUST ADDED. CAR PARK EXHAUST TO DISCHARGE AT LOWER ROOF LEVEL. LIFT OVERRUN RAISED BY 675mm TO ACCOMMODATE STANDARD LIFT. PORTION OF THE ROOF ABOVE UNIT 103 RAISED BY 360mm TO ACHIEVE 2.4m CEILINGS ON UPPER LEVEL. SOLID BALCONY AWNINGS REPLACED BY OPERABLE LOUVRES. FLAT SOLAR PANELS & DECORATIVE PEBBLES ADDED TO THE ROOF. PHOTOMONTAGE & DRAWINGS AMENDED AS PER THE UPDATED DESIGN AND MATERIAL CHANGES.

NORTH ELEVATION - PROPOSED

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY

FO

DRAWING TITLE

NORTH ELEVATION - PROPOSED

HIG2009 1:100@ A1 28.03.2022

BLACK POWDER COAT FINISH

AMENDMENTS TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS

BASEMENT STAIRS CONNECTED WITH LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOBBY. NEW STAIRS FROM LOWER GROUND LEVEL TO GROUND FLOOR LEVEL ADDED.

LIFT OVERRUN RAISED BY 675mm TO ACCOMMODATE STANDARD LIFT.

SOLID BALCONY AWNINGS REPLACED BY OPERABLE LOUVRES. FLAT SOLAR PANELS & DECORATIVE PEBBLES ADDED TO THE ROOF.

PHOTOMONTAGE & DETAILS ADDED (DA-701 & DA-800).

DEEP SOIL AREA AND LANDSCAPE AREA INCREASED.

* REFER TO ADG, OBJECTIVE 4C-1.

BASEMENT ENTRY WIDTH REDUCED TO 3.6m & RELOCATED 2.7m FROM THE BOUNDARY TO RETAINED NATURAL ROCK FORMATION. NEW

UNIT 103 CONVERTED TO A 2-STORY UNIT (UNIT 203 REMOVED) TO ACHIEVE 2.7m CEILINGS ON LOWER LEVEL & 2.4m CEILINGS TO UPPER LEVEL.

BALCONY SIZES REDUCED, STEEL POSTS REMOVED & GLASS BALUSTRADE AREA REDUCED. REDUCTION IN CONTRAST ON EXTERNAL COLOURS.

BUILDING ENTRY ON GROUND FLOOR RECONFIGURED. STAIRS & STAIRS LIFT REPLACED WITH A 1:20 RAMP & SITTING AREA.

REPLACED 2 CAR SPACES WITH COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE SPACES ON LOWER GROUND LEVEL. VISITOR BICYCLE SPACE RELOCATED.

UNIT L01 AREA REDUCED TO ACCOMMODATE A LARGER SERVICE ROOM & REDUCED GARBAGE ROOM. LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE ROOM OF UNIT L01.

LINE OF EASTERN EXISTING BUILDING FACADE SHOWN AS DASHED ON PROPOSED FLOOR PLANS.

PHOTOMONTAGE & DRAWINGS AMENDED AS PER THE UPDATED DESIGN AND MATERIAL CHANGES.

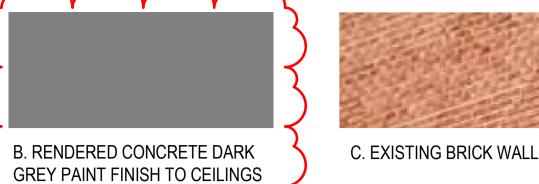
BASEMENT CAR PARK EXHAUST ADDED. CAR PARK EXHAUST TO DISCHARGE AT LOWER ROOF LEVEL.

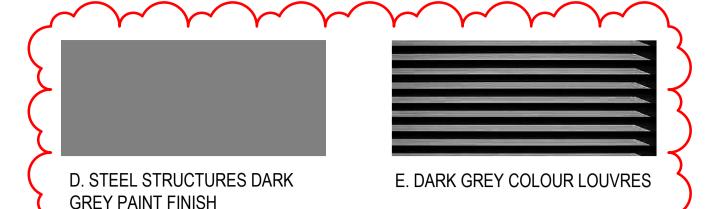
PORTION OF THE ROOF ABOVE UNIT 103 RAISED BY 360mm TO ACHIEVE 2.4m CEILINGS ON UPPER LEVEL.

UNIT G03 LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE AREAS.

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A. RENDERED CONCRETE LIGHT GREY PAINT FINISH



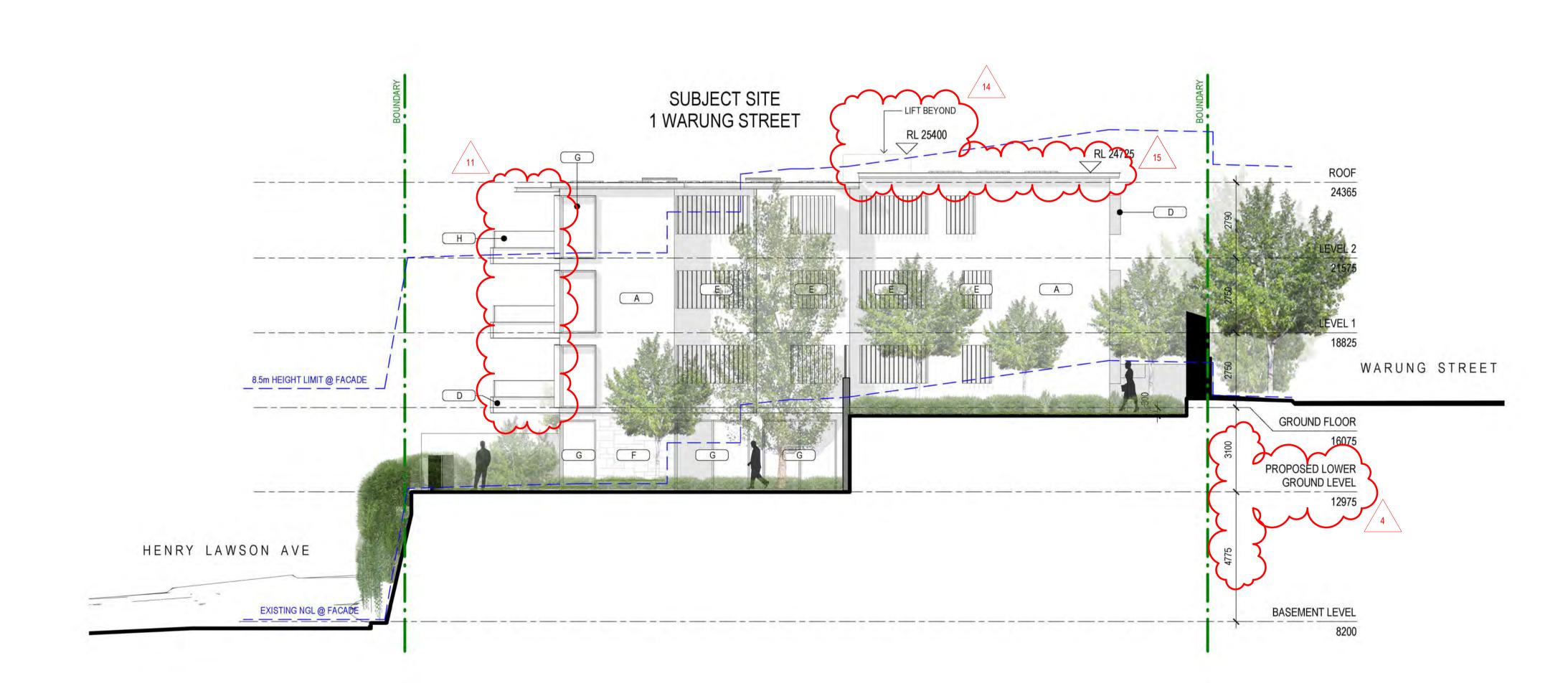








H. FLAT BAR GLASS BALUSTRADE



ARCHITECTURE / INTERIORS

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Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW),

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

HIG2009 1:100@ A1 28.03.2022

EAST ELEVATION - PROPOSED

1:100 @ A1

CLIENT

PURPOSE OF ISSUE

C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA B 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA A 18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

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DEVELOPMENT

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APPLICATION

GRAPHIC SCALE

1:100 @ A1

DRAWING NOTES

1:200 @ A3

Highbury Warung Pty Ltd

ISS DATE

SYDNEY

NOMINATED ARCHITECT

17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

DRAWING TITLE EAST ELEVATION - PROPOSED

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY FO

ATTACHMENT TO LPP02 -01/06/2022 Page 98





A. RENDERED CONCRETE LIGHT GREY PAINT FINISH

B. RENDERED CONCRETE DARK **GREY PAINT FINISH TO CEILINGS** C. EXISTING BRICK WALL

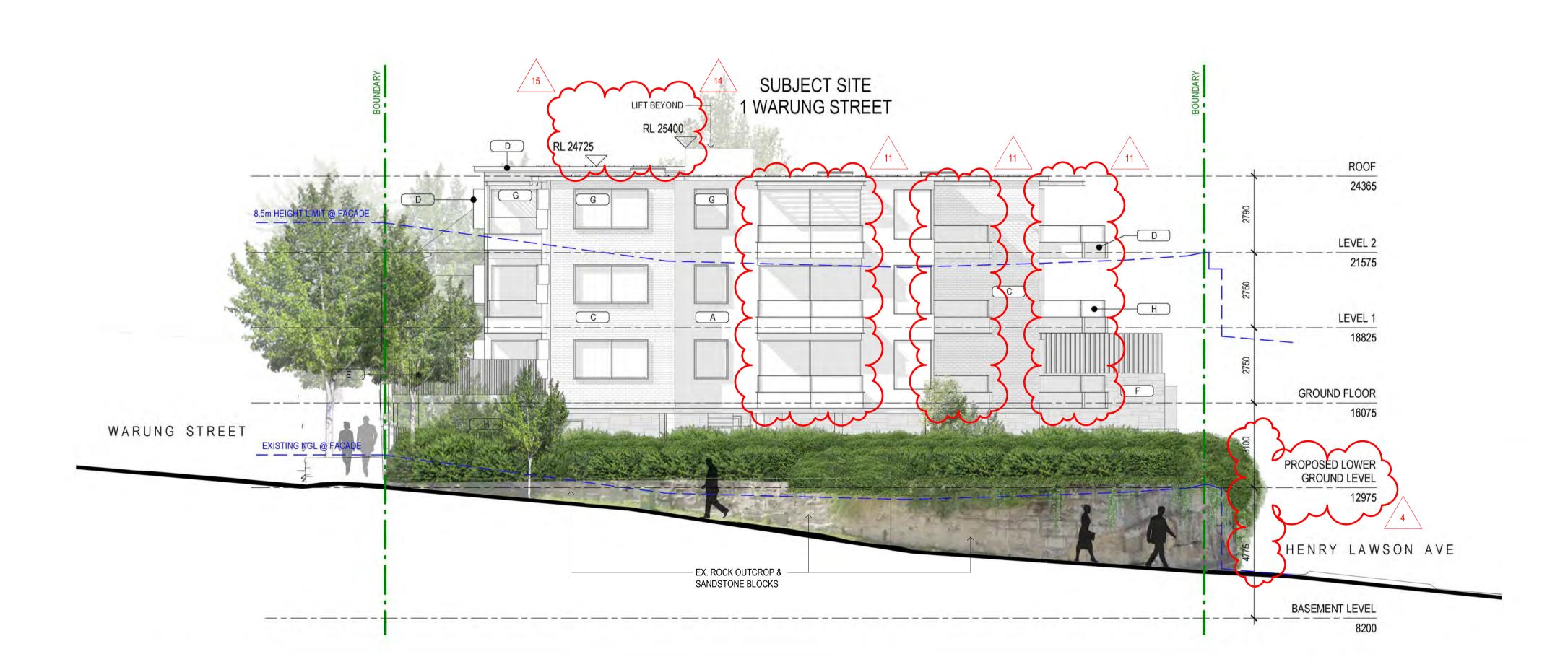
D. STEEL STRUCTURES DARK **GREY PAINT FINISH**

E. DARK GREY COLOUR LOUVRES

F. SANDSTONE WALL

G. ALUMINIUM WINDOW FRAME BLACK POWDER COAT FINISH

H. FLAT BAR GLASS BALUSTRADE



AMENDMENTS TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS BASEMENT ENTRY WIDTH REDUCED TO 3.6m & RELOCATED 2.7m FROM THE BOUNDARY TO RETAINED NATURAL ROCK FORMATION. NEW PHOTOMONTAGE & DETAILS ADDED (DA-701 & DA-800). REPLACED 2 CAR SPACES WITH COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE SPACES ON LOWER GROUND LEVEL. VISITOR BICYCLE SPACE RELOCATED. UNIT L01 AREA REDUCED TO ACCOMMODATE A LARGER SERVICE ROOM & REDUCED GARBAGE ROOM. LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE ROOM OF UNIT L01. UNIT G03 LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE AREAS. UNIT 103 CONVERTED TO A 2-STORY UNIT (UNIT 203 REMOVED) TO ACHIEVE 2.7m CEILINGS ON LOWER LEVEL & 2.4m CEILINGS TO UPPER LEVEL. * REFER TO ADG, OBJECTIVE 4C-1. BASEMENT STAIRS CONNECTED WITH LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOBBY. NEW STAIRS FROM LOWER GROUND LEVEL TO GROUND FLOOR LEVEL ADDED. DEEP SOIL AREA AND LANDSCAPE AREA INCREASED. LINE OF EASTERN EXISTING BUILDING FACADE SHOWN AS DASHED ON PROPOSED FLOOR PLANS. BALCONY SIZES REDUCED, STEEL POSTS REMOVED & GLASS BALUSTRADE AREA REDUCED. REDUCTION IN CONTRAST ON EXTERNAL COLOURS. BUILDING ENTRY ON GROUND FLOOR RECONFIGURED. STAIRS & STAIRS LIFT REPLACED WITH A 1:20 RAMP & SITTING AREA. BASEMENT CAR PARK EXHAUST ADDED. CAR PARK EXHAUST TO DISCHARGE AT LOWER ROOF LEVEL. LIFT OVERRUN RAISED BY 675mm TO ACCOMMODATE STANDARD LIFT. PORTION OF THE ROOF ABOVE UNIT 103 RAISED BY 360mm TO ACHIEVE 2.4m CEILINGS ON UPPER LEVEL. SOLID BALCONY AWNINGS REPLACED BY OPERABLE LOUVRES. FLAT SOLAR PANELS & DECORATIVE PEBBLES ADDED TO THE ROOF. PHOTOMONTAGE & DRAWINGS AMENDED AS PER THE UPDATED DESIGN AND MATERIAL CHANGES.

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DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

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GRAPHIC SCALE

1:200 @ A3 5000 1:100 @ A1 _____

DRAWING NOTES

C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA B 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA A 18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

PURPOSE OF ISSUE

CLIENT

ISS DATE

Highbury Warung Pty Ltd

ARCHITECTURE / INTERIORS

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SYDNEY 1/80 Albion Street, Surry Hills, NSW 2010

Ph: +61 2 8354 1300 ABN: 24 132 554 753

NOMINATED ARCHITECT Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW),

17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

PROJECT

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

DRAWING NO.

HIG2009 1:100@ A1 28.03.2022

WEST ELEVATION - PROPOSED

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY FO

DRAWING TITLE





G. ALUMINIUM WINDOW FRAME BLACK POWDER COAT FINISH



H. FLAT BAR GLASS BALUSTRADE



STATUS

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

Do not scale drawing. Verify all dimensions on site. Report any discrepancies in documentation to architect. This drawing is for the purpose of council approval and as such, is not suitable for construction.

GRAPHIC SCALE

1:200 @ A3 0 2000 1:100 @ A1 [TTTTT

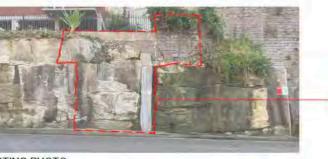
DRAWING NOTES

AMENDMENTS TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS

BASSIENT STRY WITH REQUEST DIS ARE RELOCATED 2.1m FROM THE BOUNDARY TO RETAINED NATURAL ROCK FORMATION. NEW HOTOMONTAGES & DETAILS ACCEDED (24-70) & DA-80).

REPLACED 2.CAR SPACES WITH COMMANAL OPEN SPACES ON LOWER GROUAD LEVEL. VISITOR BICYCLE SPACE RELOCATED. UNTIL UNIT ARE REPLOCED TO ACCOUNT OF THE REPLOCED CANADA CONTROL OF THE REPLOCATION OF THE R AMENDMENTS TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS

SUBJECT SITE 1 WARUNG STREET 3 WARUNG STREET -LIFT BEYOND RL 25400 ROOF 24365 LEVEL 2 21575 8.5m HEIGHT LIMIT @ FACADE LEVEL 1 18825 GROUND FLOOR 16075 BLUES FOINT ROAD PROPOSED LOWER GROUND LEVEL 12975 EXISTING NGL @ FACADS BASEMENT LEVEL NEW GROUND FLOOR WALLS CONSTRUCTED FROM EXCAVATED SANDSTONE EXISTING ROCK -REFER TO DRAWING DA-701 & NEW DRIVEWAY OPENING CREATED INTO NEW DRIVEWAY OPENING CREATED INTO EXISTING SANSTONE ROCK OUTCROP. NEW SANDSTONE BLOCKS TO MATCH EXISTING MADE FROM EXCAVATED SANSTONE. DA 800 FOR FURTHER DETAILS



PORTION OF THE WALL TO BE DEMOLISHED

28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA 18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA B DATE PURPO

Highbury Warung Pty Ltd

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Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

DRAWING NO ISSUE

DA-208

HIG2009 1:100@ A1 28.03.2022

DRAWING TITLE SOUTH ELEVATION - PROPOSED

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY FO SC

SOUTH ELEVATION - PROPOSED 1:100 @ A1

EXISTING PHOTO

BASEMENT ENTRY WIDTH REDUCED TO 3.6m & RELOCATED 2.7m FROM THE BOUNDARY TO RETAINED NATURAL ROCK FORMATION. NEW PHOTOMONTAGE & DETAILS ADDED (DA-701 & DA-800). REPLACED 2 CAR SPACES WITH COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE SPACES ON LOWER GROUND LEVEL. VISITOR BICYCLE SPACE RELOCATED. UNIT L01 AREA REDUCED TO ACCOMMODATE A LARGER SERVICE ROOM & REDUCED GARBAGE ROOM. LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE ROOM OF UNIT L01. UNIT G03 LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE AREAS. UNIT 103 CONVERTED TO A 2-STORY UNIT (UNIT 203 REMOVED) TO ACHIEVE 2.7m CEILINGS ON LOWER LEVEL & 2.4m CEILINGS TO UPPER LEVEL. * REFER TO ADG. OBJECTIVE 4C-1. BASEMENT STAIRS CONNECTED WITH LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOBBY.
NEW STAIRS FROM LOWER GROUND LEVEL TO GROUND FLOOR LEVEL ADDED. DEEP SOIL AREA AND LANDSCAPE AREA INCREASED. LINE OF EASTERN EXISTING BUILDING FACADE SHOWN AS DASHED ON PROPOSED FLOOR PLANS. BALCONY SIZES REDUCED, STEEL POSTS REMOVED & GLASS BALUSTRADE AREA REDUCED. REDUCTION IN CONTRAST ON EXTERNAL COLOURS.
BUILDING ENTRY ON GROUND FLOOR RECONFIGURED. STAIRS & STAIRS LIFT REPLACED WITH A 1:20 RAMP & SITTING AREA. BASEMENT CAR PARK EXHAUST ADDED. CAR PARK EXHAUST TO DISCHARGE AT LOWER ROOF LEVEL. LIFT OVERRUN RAISED BY 675mm TO ACCOMMODATE STANDARD LIFT. PORTION OF THE ROOF ABOVE UNIT 103 RAISED BY 360mm TO ACHIEVE 2.4m CEILINGS ON UPPER LEVEL. SOLID BALCONY AWNINGS REPLACED BY OPERABLE LOUVRES.

FLAT SOLAR PANELS & DECORATIVE PEBBLES ADDED TO THE ROOF.

PHOTOMONTAGE & DRAWINGS AMENDED AS PER THE UPDATED DESIGN AND MATERIAL CHANGES.

DRAWING NOTES C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA 18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA ISS DATE CLIENT Highbury Warung Pty Ltd squillace ARCHITECTURE / INTERIORS www.squillace.com.au 1/80 Albion Street, Surry Hills, NSW 2010 Ph: +61 2 8354 1300

14-28 BLUES POINT ROAD

3A WARUNG STREET 7 WARUNG STREET **5 WARUNG STREET** 3 WARUNG STREET SUBJECT SITE 30-40 BLUES POINT ROAD 1 WARUNG STREET BLUES POINT RD

STREETSCAPE ELEVATION WARUNG STREET 1 : 200 @ A1

STREETSCAPE WARUNG STREET

DRAWING TITLE

DRAWING NO.

ABN: 24 132 554 753

NOMINATED ARCHITECT

Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW), 17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

AS SHOWN 28.03.2022

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Page 100

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DEVELOPMENT

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APPLICATION

GRAPHIC SCALE

1:200 @ A1

1:400 @ A3

Pty Ltd, Australia.

STATUS

ATTACHMENT TO LPP02 -01/06/2022

WARUNG STREET

WARUNG STREET

WARUNG STREET

HENRY BLUES POINT
RESERVE
BEHIND

STREETSCAPE ELEVATION BLUES POINT ROAD

1: 200 @ A1

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GRAPHIC SCALE

1:400 @ A3 0 5m 10m 1:200 @ A1

DRAWING NOTES

C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA
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A 18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA
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NOMINATED ARCHITECT Vince Squillage Reg No. 646

Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW), 17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

PROJECT

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

DRAWING NO. ISSUE

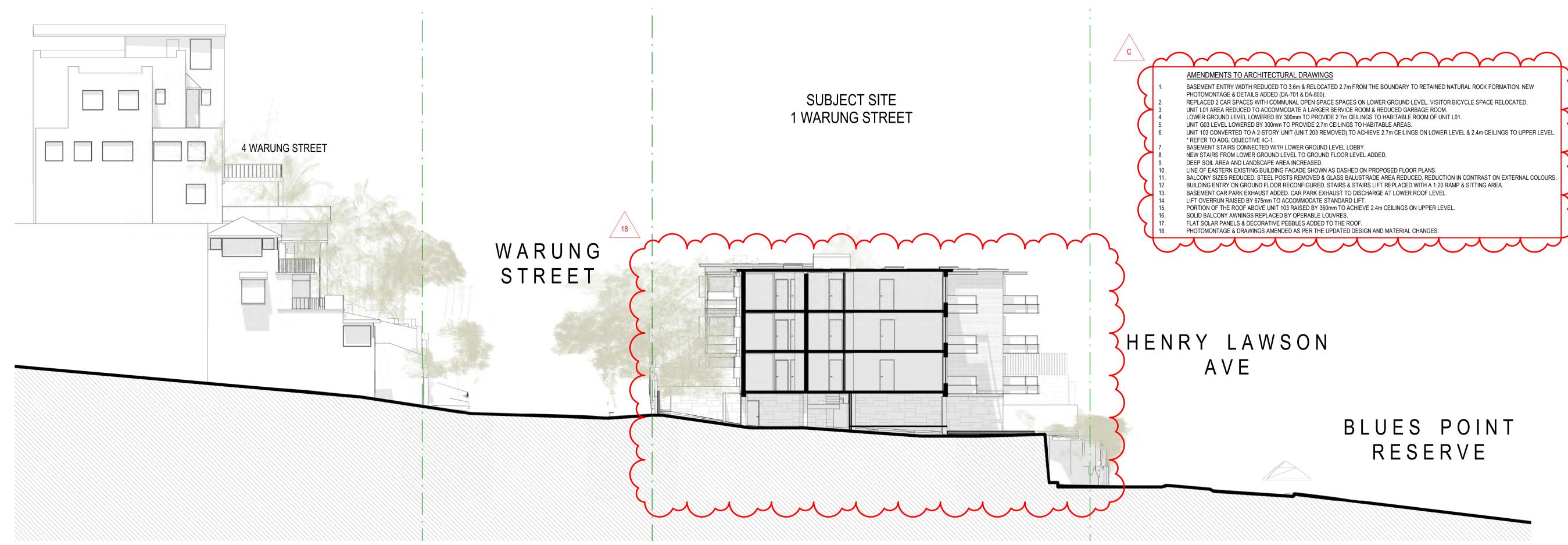
DA-211

JOB NO. SCALE DATE
HIG2009 **AS SHOWN** 28.03.2022

DRAWING TITLE
STREETSCAPE BLUE POINT ROAD

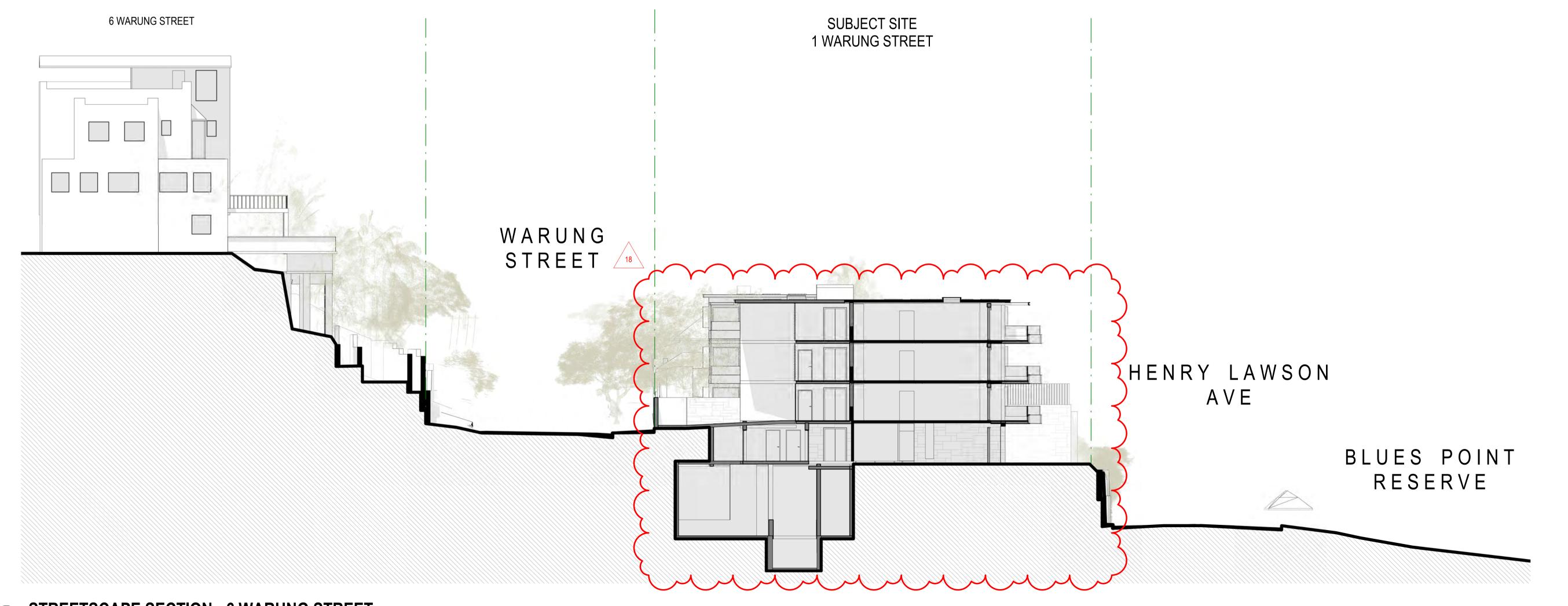
LDV QUEQUED DV

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STREETSCAPE SECTION - 4 WARUNG STREET

1 : 150 @ A1



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APPLICATION

GRAPHIC SCALE

NOT TO SCALE

DRAWING NOTES

Pty Ltd, Australia.

CLIENT

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18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

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Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW), 17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

NOMINATED ARCHITECT

17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

PROJECT

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

DRAWING NO.

JOR NO SCALE

 JOB NO.
 SCALE
 DATE

 HIG2009
 AS SHOWN
 28.03.2022

DRAWING TITLE
STREETSCAPE 4 & 6 WARUNG
STREET

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY

FO

SC

STREETSCAPE SECTION - 6 WARUNG STREET

1: 150 @ A1

ATTACHMENT TO LPP02 -01/06/2022 Page 103

> AMENDMENTS TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS BASEMENT ENTRY WIDTH REDUCED TO 3.6m & RELOCATED 2.7m FROM THE BOUNDARY TO RETAINED NATURAL ROCK FORMATION. NEW PHOTOMONTAGE & DETAILS ADDED (DA-701 & DA-800). REPLACED 2 CAR SPACES WITH COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE SPACES ON LOWER GROUND LEVEL. VISITOR BICYCLE SPACE RELOCATED. UNIT L01 AREA REDUCED TO ACCOMMODATE A LARGER SERVICE ROOM & REDUCED GARBAGE ROOM. LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE ROOM OF UNIT L01. UNIT G03 LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE AREAS. UNIT 103 CONVERTED TO A 2-STORY UNIT (UNIT 203 REMOVED) TO ACHIEVE 2.7m CEILINGS ON LOWER LEVEL & 2.4m CEILINGS TO UPPER LEVEL * REFER TO ADG, OBJECTIVE 4C-1. BASEMENT STAIRS CONNECTED WITH LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOBBY. NEW STAIRS FROM LOWER GROUND LEVEL TO GROUND FLOOR LEVEL ADDED. DEEP SOIL AREA AND LANDSCAPE AREA INCREASED. LINE OF EASTERN EXISTING BUILDING FACADE SHOWN AS DASHED ON PROPOSED FLOOR PLANS.
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> PHOTOMONTAGE & DRAWINGS AMENDED AS PER THE UPDATED DESIGN AND MATERIAL CHANGES.

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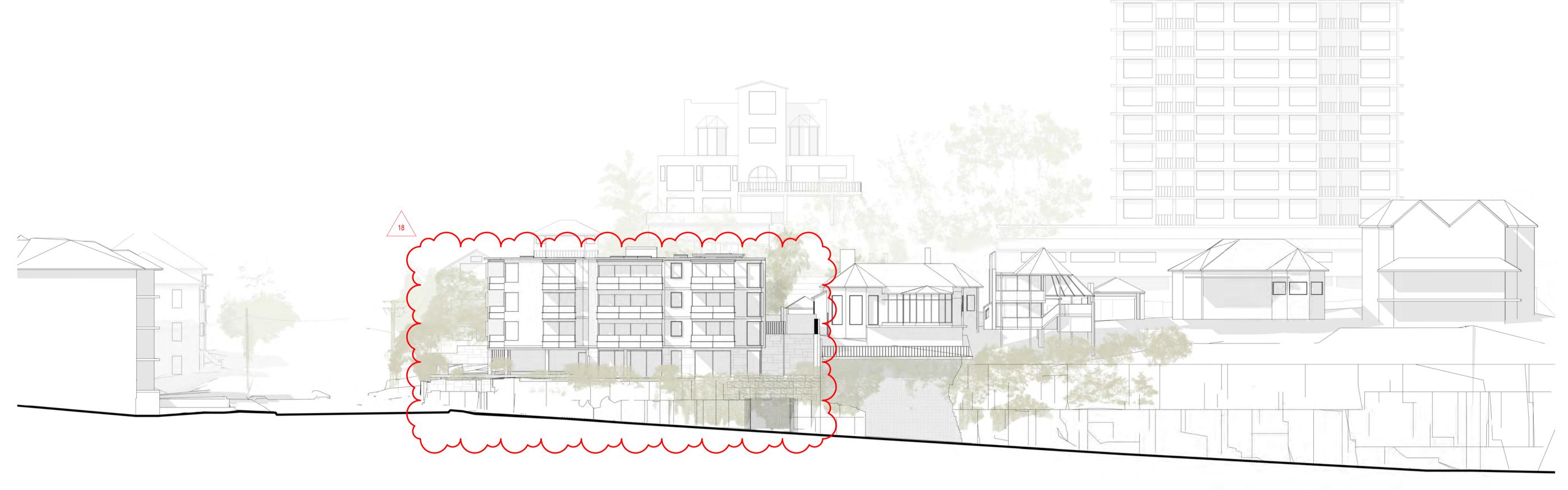
DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

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GRAPHIC SCALE

1:400 @ A3 1:200 @ A1

DRAWING NOTES



STREETSCAPE ELEVATION HENRY LAWSON AVE 1: 200 @ A1

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NOMINATED ARCHITECT

Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW), 17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

PROJECT

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

DRAWING NO. ISSUE

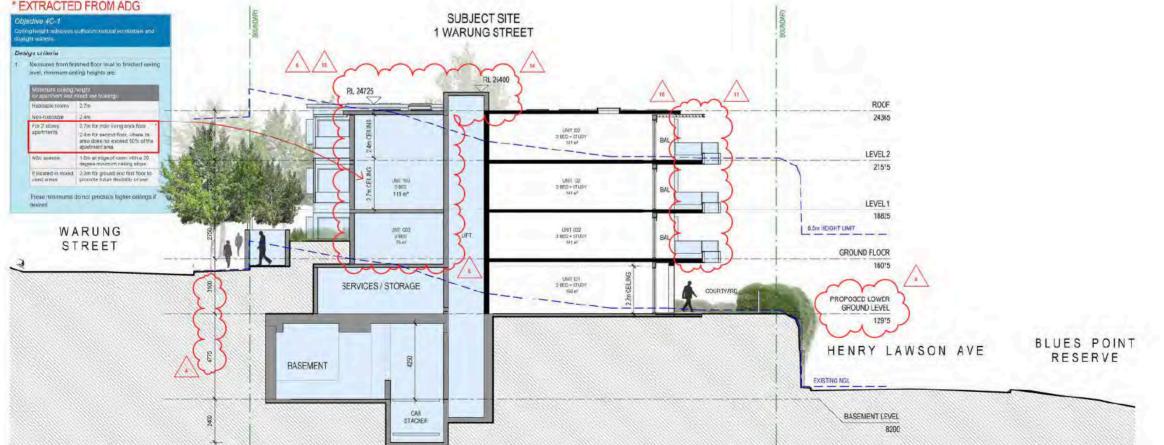
JOB NO. HIG2009 **AS SHOWN** 28.03.2022

DRAWING TITLE STREETSCAPE HENRY LAWSON AVE

FO

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DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

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GRAPHIC SCALE

1:200 m A3 0 2000 1:100 @ A1

DRAWING NOTES

LEGEND

EXISTING WALLS TO REMAIN

EXISTING WALLS TO BE DEMOLISHED

EXCAVATE

EXISTING TO BE DEMOLISHED

NEW WALLS & SLABS

REMOVE & REBUILD

NEW ADDITIONS

C 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA
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PROJECT

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

DRAWING NO.

DA-301 C JOB NO. SCALE

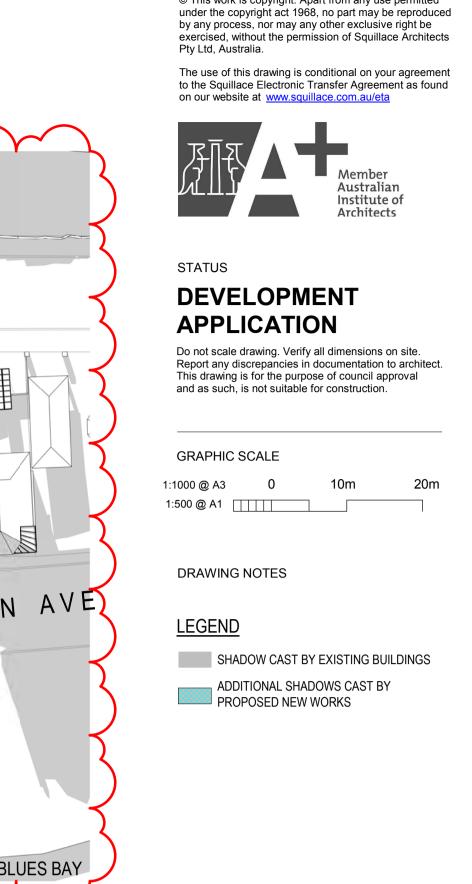
HIG2009 1:100@ A1 28.03.2022

DRAWING TITLE SECTIONS SHEET 1

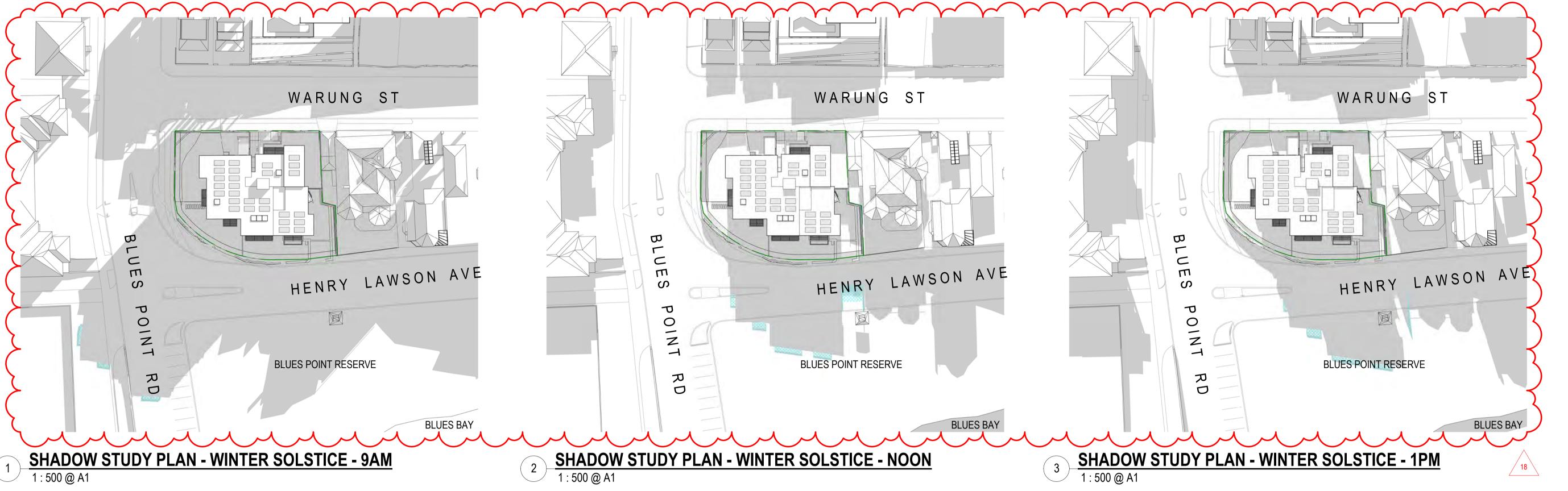
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DA SECTION 2



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17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

Warung Street Apartments

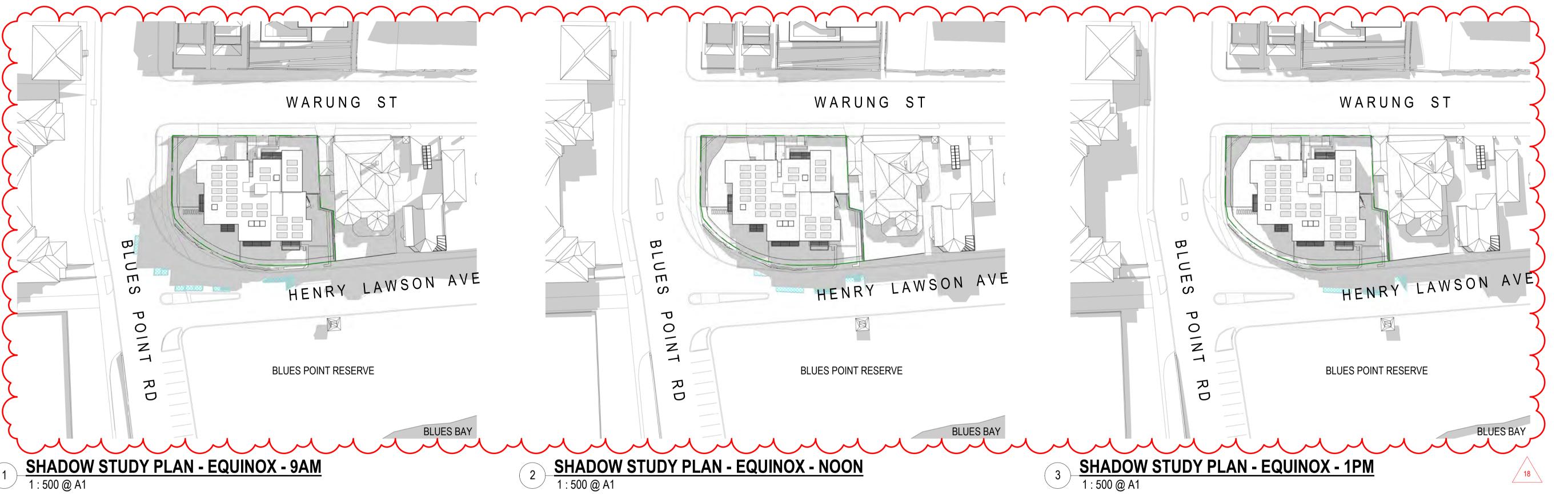
1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

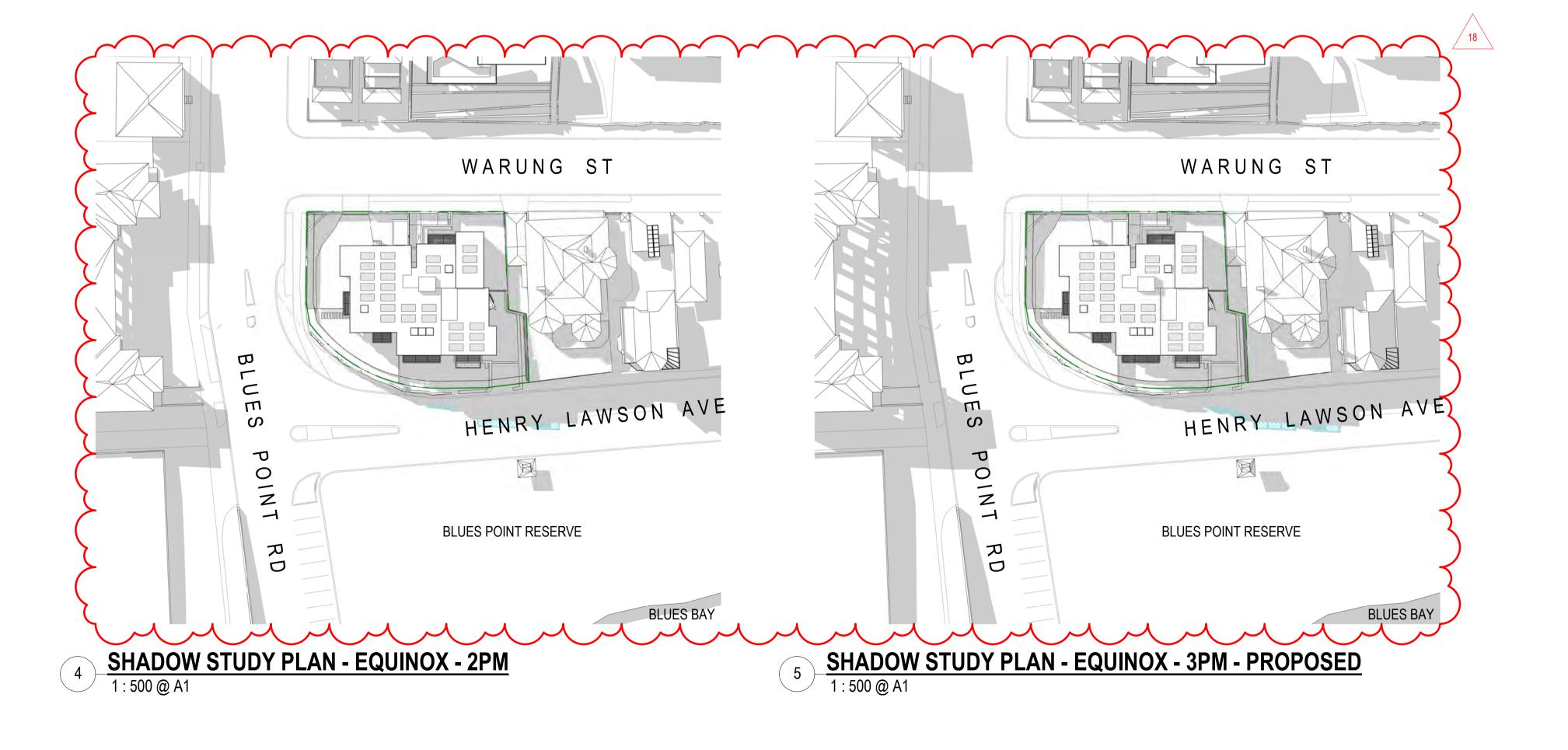
DRAWING NO.

28.03.2022 As indicated@

DRAWING TITLE 1 SHADOW STUDY - WINTER SOLSTICE

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NOMINATED ARCHITECT

Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW), 17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

Warung Street Apartments

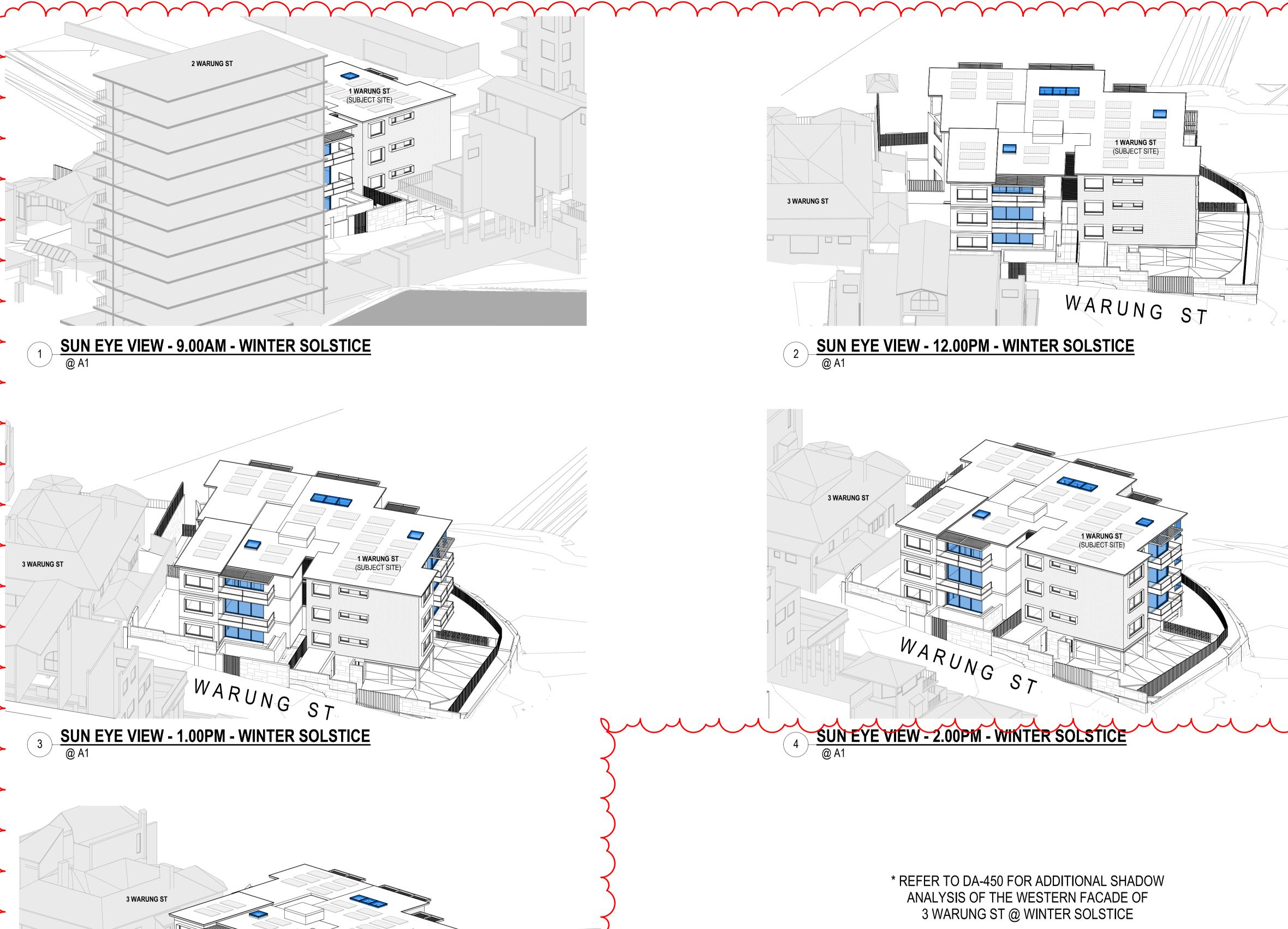
1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

28.03.2022

As indicated@

DRAWING TITLE 1 **SHADOW STUDY - EQUINOXES**





AMENDMENTS TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS BASEMENT ENTRY WIDTH REDUCED TO 3.6m & RELOCATED 2.7m FROM THE BOUNDARY TO RETAINED NATURAL ROCK FORMATION. NEW PHOTOMONTAGE & DETAILS ADDED (DA-701 & DA-800). REPLACED 2 CAR SPACES WITH COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE SPACES ON LOWER GROUND LEVEL. VISITOR BICYCLE SPACE RELOCATED. UNIT L01 AREA REDUCED TO ACCOMMODATE A LARGER SERVICE ROOM & REDUCED GARBAGE ROOM. LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE ROOM OF UNIT L01. UNIT G03 LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE AREAS. UNIT 103 CONVERTED TO A 2-STORY UNIT (UNIT 203 REMOVED) TO ACHIEVE 2.7m CEILINGS ON LOWER LEVEL & 2.4m CEILINGS TO UPPER LEVEL. * REFER TO ADG, OBJECTIVE 4C-1. BASEMENT STAIRS CONNECTED WITH LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOBBY NEW STAIRS FROM LOWER GROUND LEVEL TO GROUND FLOOR LEVEL ADDED. DEEP SOIL AREA AND LANDSCAPE AREA INCREASED. LINE OF EASTERN EXISTING BUILDING FACADE SHOWN AS DASHED ON PROPOSED FLOOR PLANS. BALCONY SIZES REDUCED, STEEL POSTS REMOVED & GLASS BALUSTRADE AREA REDUCED. REDUCTION IN CONTRAST ON EXTERNAL COLOURS. BUILDING ENTRY ON GROUND FLOOR RECONFIGURED. STAIRS & STAIRS LIFT REPLACED WITH A 1:20 RAMP & SITTING AREA. BASEMENT CAR PARK EXHAUST ADDED. CAR PARK EXHAUST TO DISCHARGE AT LOWER ROOF LEVEL. LIFT OVERRUN RAISED BY 675mm TO ACCOMMODATE STANDARD LIFT. PORTION OF THE ROOF ABOVE UNIT 103 RAISED BY 360mm TO ACHIEVE 2.4m CEILINGS ON UPPER LEVEL. SOLID BALCONY AWNINGS REPLACED BY OPERABLE LOUVRES. FLAT SOLAR PANELS & DECORATIVE PEBBLES ADDED TO THE ROOF. PHOTOMONTAGE & DRAWINGS AMENDED AS PER THE UPDATED DESIGN AND MATERIAL CHANGES.

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GRAPHIC SCALE

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DRAWING NOTES

SUN'S EYE VIEW LEGEND

INDICATES LIVING AREA GLAZING

D 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DAC 01.12.2021 ISSUE FOR DA B 26.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

18.08.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

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NOMINATED ARCHITECT Vince Squillace Reg No. 6468 (NSW),

17219 (VIC), 3677 (QLD), AR1173 (NT)

Warung Street Apartments

1 Warung Street, McMahons Point NSW

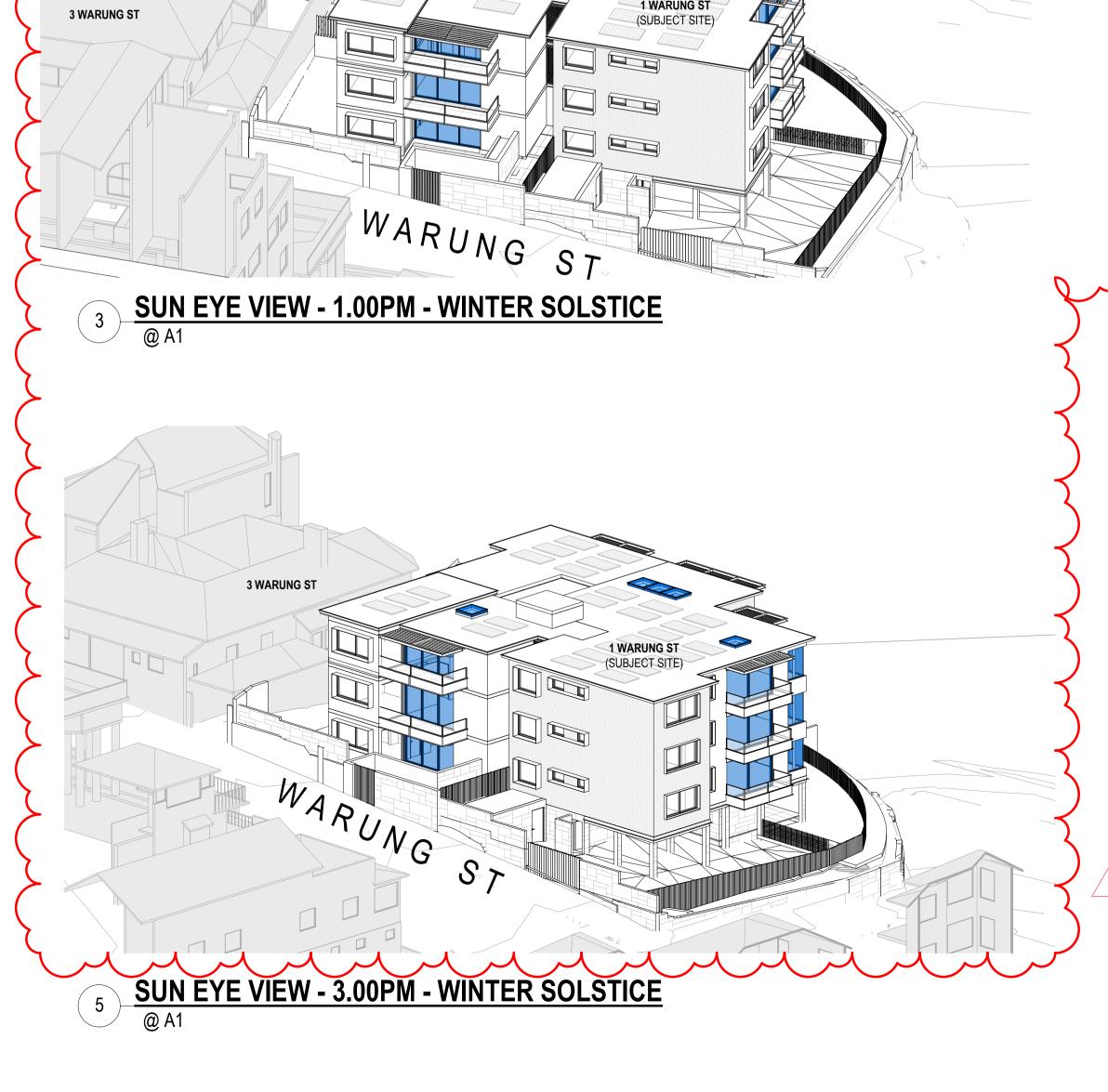
HIG2009 N.T.S.

DRAWING TITLE

SUN'S EYE VIEW - WINTER SOLSTICE

28.03.2022

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3 WARUNG ST 3 WARUNG ST 1 WARUNG ST (SUBJECT SITE) 1 WARUNG ST (SUBJECT SITE) MARUNG SUN EYE VIEW - 2.00PM - EQUINOX - NO OVERSHADOWING BEFORE 2:00 PM SUN EYE VIEW - 2.15PM - EQUINOX 3 WARUNG ST 3 WARUNG ST MARCHO 1 WARUNG ST (SUBJECT SITE) 1 WARUNG ST SUN EYE VIEW - 2.45PM - EQUINOX

@ A1 **SUN EYE VIEW - 2.30PM - EQUINOX** 3 WARUNG ST * HABITABLE AREAS OF 3 WARUNG ST NOT AFFECTED BY PROPOSED NEW WORKS DURING THE EQUINOXES FROM 9AM TO 3PM. 4 PCV CO AMENDMENTS TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS PHOTOMONTAGE & DETAILS ADDED (DA-701 & DA-800). REPLACED 2 CAR SPACES WITH COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE SPACES ON LOWER GROUND LEVEL. VISITOR BICYCLE SPACE RELOCATED. UNIT G03 LEVEL LOWERED BY 300mm TO PROVIDE 2.7m CEILINGS TO HABITABLE AREAS. UNIT 103 CONVERTED TO A 2-STORY UNIT (UNIT 203 REMOVED) TO ACHIEVE 2.7m CEILINGS ON LOWER LEVEL & 2.4m CEILINGS TO UPPER LEVEL. * REFER TO ADG, OBJECTIVE 4C-1.

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GRAPHIC SCALE

NOT TO SCALE

DRAWING NOTES

SUN'S EYE VIEW LEGEND

INDICATES LIVING AREA GLAZING

B 28.03.2022 ISSUE FOR DA A 01.12.2021 ISSUE FOR DA

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Warung Street Apartments

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HIG2009 N.T.S.

DRAWING TITLE SUN'S EYE VIEW - EQUINOXES

28.03.2022

DRAWN BY CHECKED BY FO

BASEMENT ENTRY WIDTH REDUCED TO 3.6m & RELOCATED 2.7m FROM THE BOUNDARY TO RETAINED NATURAL ROCK FORMATION. NEW

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BASEMENT STAIRS CONNECTED WITH LOWER GROUND LEVEL LOBBY

NEW STAIRS FROM LOWER GROUND LEVEL TO GROUND FLOOR LEVEL ADDED. DEEP SOIL AREA AND LANDSCAPE AREA INCREASED. LINE OF EASTERN EXISTING BUILDING FACADE SHOWN AS DASHED ON PROPOSED FLOOR PLANS.

BALCONY SIZES REDUCED, STEEL POSTS REMOVED & GLASS BALUSTRADE AREA REDUCED. REDUCTION IN CONTRAST ON EXTERNAL COLOURS. BUILDING ENTRY ON GROUND FLOOR RECONFIGURED. STAIRS & STAIRS LIFT REPLACED WITH A 1:20 RAMP & SITTING AREA. BASEMENT CAR PARK EXHAUST ADDED. CAR PARK EXHAUST TO DISCHARGE AT LOWER ROOF LEVEL. LIFT OVERRUN RAISED BY 675mm TO ACCOMMODATE STANDARD LIFT.

PORTION OF THE ROOF ABOVE UNIT 103 RAISED BY 360mm TO ACHIEVE 2.4m CEILINGS ON UPPER LEVEL. SOLID BALCONY AWNINGS REPLACED BY OPERABLE LOUVRES. FLAT SOLAR PANELS & DECORATIVE PEBBLES ADDED TO THE ROOF.

PHOTOMONTAGE & DRAWINGS AMENDED AS PER THE UPDATED DESIGN AND MATERIAL CHANGES.

SUN EYE VIEW - 3.00PM - EQUINOX
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