# 10.6. Investment and Loan Borrowings Report as at 31 August 2025

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ATTACHMENTS	1. North Sydney Monthly Report August 2025 [10.6.1 - 21 pages]				
CSP LINK	Outcome 8 – An effective, accountable and sustainable Council that				
	serves the community				
	G8. Manage Council's finances through robust long-term planning and				
	ongoing financial management				

#### **PURPOSE:**

The purpose of this report is to provide details of the performance of Council's investments and loans for the month ending 31 August 2025.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:**

- All investments have been made in accordance with the Local Government Act and Regulations and Council's Financial Investments Policy.
- For the month of August, the total investment portfolio (which includes Term Deposits, Floating Rate Notes and Bonds) provided a return of +0.31% (actual), or +3.73% p.a. (annualised), marginally underperforming the AusBond Bank Bill Index return of +0.32% (actual) or +3.84% p.a. (annualised).
- Returns on investments exceeded the August YTD budget by \$10,420. This result includes fees paid to Council's investment advisers for the period.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

**1. THAT** the report on Investments held at 31 August 2025, prepared in accordance with clause 212 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021, and the information on Loan Borrowings, be received.

#### **Background**

Clause 212 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021, states that the Responsible Accounting Officer must provide Council with a monthly report detailing all funds invested under Section 625 of the Local Government Act 1993. This report must include certification that the investments have been made in accordance with the Act and the Regulations made thereunder, also the revised Investment Order issued by the Minister for Local Government and Council's Financial Investment Policy.

It is also prudent to report loan balances and compliance with borrowing orders issued by the Minister for Local Government and Council's Debt Management Policy.

#### **Total Cash and Investment Balance and Reserves**

The total cash and investment balances are \$155,594,045. Most of this balance is held in reserves to be spent on certain activities and projects. Reserves fall into one of two categories:

- external restrictions (Council is obliged by legislation, or contract, to spend the funds on certain projects and activities); and
- internal allocations (Council has resolved to spend the funds on certain projects and activities).

The following table details the reserves held. Council had an unrestricted cash balance of \$12,420,213.

Council officers have finalised the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025 and updated the reserve balances accordingly (environmental and infrastructure levy external reserve was fully utilised and internal reserves were increased).

It should be noted that Council has received approval for an additional \$10 million loan from TCorp to fund the North Sydney Pool project, which has not yet been drawn and is therefore not included in the cash balances.

External Restrictions and Internal Allocations	Aug-25
External restrictions	
Developer contributions	\$56,241,728
Domestic waste management	\$20,592,950
Stormwater management charges	\$315,942
Unexpended Special Rates	\$239,884
Specific purpose grants	\$5,286,220
Other specific purpose contributions	\$1,997,762
Bradfield Park TfNSW Lease Reserve	\$650,142
Cammeray Park TfNSW Lease Reserve	\$785,157
Olympic Pool Redevelopment	\$24,541,124
Total external restrictions	\$110,650,910

External Restrictions and Internal Allocations	Aug-25
Internal allocations	
Project carry-forward balances	\$1,251,947
Community Housing - Capital Purchases	\$1,010,000
Community Housing - Major Maintenance	\$491,000
Deposits, retentions, and bonds	\$15,864,497
Employees leave entitlement	\$7,127,000
Income Producing Projects	\$498,000
I.T. hardware and software	\$1,074,574
Plant and vehicle replacement	\$3,921,903
Financial Assistance Grant	\$1,284,000
Total internal allocations	\$32,522,922
Total Restrictions and Allocations	\$143,173,832
Unrestricted Cash and Investments	\$12,420,213
Total Cash and Investments	\$155,594,045

#### **Investment Portfolio**

The following tables detail the performance of Council's investment portfolio (excluding cash deposits) to the benchmark for the month of August 2025 - and annualised for the year-to-date (including investments that have matured prior to that date).

	August 2025	Annualised YTD
Actual Return	0.31%	3.73%
Benchmark	0.32%	3.84%
Variance	-0.01%	-0.09%

Asset Type	Market Value	Portfolio Breakdown
Term Deposits	\$110,500,000	71.02%
Cash	\$39,094,045	25.13%
Fixed Bonds	\$6,000,000	3.86%
	\$155,594,045	100.00%

Council's average duration of term deposits, which comprised 71.02% of the investment portfolio, is approximately 199 days. The average duration aligns maturities with the expected outflows of the capital works program.

Council is holding higher than usual cash balances in anticipation of the funding requirements associated with the completion of the North Sydney Pool project.

All funds have been invested in accordance with the Act and the Regulations made thereunder. Council's investment portfolio complies with the revised Investment Order issued by the Minister for Local Government, which places restrictions on the type of investments permitted. All investments accord with Council's Financial Investments Policy.

Council continues to seek independent advice for investments and are actively managing the portfolio to ensure that returns are maximised, considering diversification and risk. A complete analysis of the performance is covered in the Monthly Investment Reports (Attachment 1) prepared by Council's investment advisor, Arlo Advisory. The report contains advice about optimal investment options but also notes that Council's scope to act on that advice is limited by its cash flow requirements. Council has considerable requirements for short term investments and deposits at call to fund its Capital Works budget including the North Sydney Olympic Pool project.

# Summary of Returns from Investments (includes Fair Value adjustments)

The actual investment returns for the year-to-date 31 August 2025 are \$10,420 more than the revised year-to-date budget.

Year	Original Annual Budget	Revised Annual Budget	YTD Budget	YTD Interest	YTD Actual FV adjustment	YTD Budget to Actual Variance
2025/26	\$3,912,000	\$3,912,000	\$652,002	\$662,422	-	\$10,420
Previous \	<b>r</b> ears					
Year	Original Annual Budget	Revised Annual Budget		Final Result Interest	Final Result FV adjustment s	Final Budget to Actual Variance
2024/25	\$2,534,059	\$5,234,059		\$5,518,399	-\$1,596	\$282,744
2023/24	\$2,490,000	\$5,490,000		\$5,425,310	\$5,334	-\$71,356
2022/23	\$1,384,350	\$3,340,000		\$3,697,634	\$4,647	\$350,281

Floating Rate Notes (FRNs) are required to be revalued each month using the Fair Value (FV) method, which estimates the market value of the investment. There has been no FRN since February 2025, therefore no disclosure is required.

Council will focus on shorter-term term deposits to meet cash flow needs.

# **Financial Investment Policy**

All categories are within the Policy limits for credit ratings. The portfolio remains well diversified, with credit quality rated as A, or higher. The maximum holding limit in each rating category and the target credit quality weighting for Council's portfolio are:

Long Term Rating Range	Invested	<b>Maximum Policy</b>	Distribution
(Standard & Poors)		Holding	
AA Category	\$112,594,045	100.00%	72.36%
A Category	\$38,000,000	60.00%	24.42%
BBB Category	\$5,000,000	35.00%	3.21%
Unrated ADIs (NR)	\$0	10.00%	0.00%

# **Loan Borrowings**

Council's Loan Borrowing Policy is the framework for Council's borrowing activities. This defines responsibilities and parameters for borrowing and related risk management activities. The Policy's objective is to control Council's exposure to movements in interest rates through the application of fixed, floating, or a combination thereof, to maintain a risk averse strategy.

Loan borrowings are in line with the following principles:

- That the capital cost of infrastructure be recognised over the period during which the benefits will be enjoyed.
- That loan funds are a resource to fund the replacement and upgrading of existing infrastructure and fund the creation of new infrastructure.

That loan funds will be limited to:

- acquisition or enhancement of income producing assets;
- construction and/or upgrading of buildings; and
- infrastructure assets that have a life expectancy greater than 10 years.

Council has three debt facilities:

#### Alexander Street Carpark and On-Street Carparking Management System Loan

This is a fixed loan financing option, fully amortising the drawn down amount of \$9,500,000 over 10 years, fixed interest rate, with quarterly repayments of interest and principal. The loan details are:

Loan amount:	\$ 9,500,000.00			
Loan term:	10 years			
From:	31/07/2018			
To:	31/07/2028			
Interest rate:	4.02%p.a.(fixed)			
Repayment:	Quarterly			
Dates	Principal	Interest	Principal	Payment
Dates	Principal Outstanding	Interest	Principal	Payment
Dates 1/07/2025	· •	Interest	Principal	Payment
	Outstanding	Interest \$35,595.85	<b>Principal</b> \$254,043.69	<b>Payment</b> \$289,639.54
1/07/2025	Outstanding \$3,513,002.06			·
1/07/2025 31/07/2025	Outstanding \$3,513,002.06 \$3,258,958.38	\$35,595.85	\$254,043.69	\$289,639.54

#### **Loan Funded Capital Projects:**

**Project 1:** Upgrading the Car Park in Alexander Street, Crows Nest **\$5 million** loan was sourced to fund project.

Current length of Loan as per the Long-Term Financial Plan (LTFP): 10 years to 2028

**Project 2:** Upgrading of On-Street Parking Management System **\$4.5 million** loan was sourced to fund project.

Current length of Loan as per LTFP: 10 years to 2028

# **Loans for North Sydney Olympic Pool Redevelopment**

In February 2022, Council established a \$31 million TCorp loan facility to partially fund the redevelopment of North Sydney Olympic Pool. Drawdown on the facility was processed on 28 April 2022. The funds were restricted and released, as required, to fund project cash outflows. These loan funds had been fully expended.

This loan is a fixed loan financing option, fully amortising the drawn down amount of \$31,000,000 over 20 years, fixed interest rate with semi-annual repayments of interest and principal. The loan details are:

Loan amount:	\$31,000,000.00			
Loan term:	20 years			
From:	28/04/2022			
To:	28/04/2042			
Interest rate:	4.24%p.a.(fixed)			
Repayment:	Semi-Annual			
Dates	Principal	Interest	Principal	Payment
	Outstanding			
01/07/2025	\$27,836,354.32			
28/10/2025	\$27,269,272.51	\$590,130.71	\$567,081.81	\$1,157,212.52
28/04/2026	\$26,690,168.57	\$578,108.58	\$579,103.94	\$1,157,212.52

In July 2024, Council established a \$20 million TCorp loan facility to fund further budget requirements of the redevelopment of North Sydney Olympic Pool. Drawdown on the facility was processed on 27 July 2024. The funds were invested with a maturity profile to match cash flow requirements of the project. The funds were restricted and are being released, as required, to fund project cash outflows.

This loan is a fixed loan financing option, fully amortising the drawn down amount of \$20,000,000 over 10 years, fixed interest rate with semi-annual repayments of interest and principal. The loan details are:

01/07/2025	\$19,228,419.44			
	Outstanding			
Dates	Principal	Interest	Principal	Payment
Repayment:	Semi-Annual			
Interest rate:	5.29%p.a.(fixed)			
То:	26/07/2034			
From:	26/07/2024			
Loan term:	10 years			
Loan amount:	\$20,000,000.00			

28/07/2025	\$18,436,430.57	\$508,591.69	\$791,988.87	\$1,300,580.56
27/01/2026	\$17,623,493.60	\$487,643.59	\$812,936.97	\$1,300,580.56

The \$10 million loan was approved to meet additional funding requirements for the North Sydney Pool. The loan was approved by TCorp and the agreement was signed by Council on 30 May 2025. The facility will remain available until 30 November 2025.

#### **Consultation Requirements**

Community engagement is not required.

# **Financial/Resource Implications**

Based on the year-to-date investment results, Council has exceeded its investment return target, primarily due to higher-than-expected cash balances and interest rates.

#### Legislation

Section 625 of the Local Government Act (NSW) allows councils to invest money that is not currently required for any other purpose. It further specifies how councils may invest. It specifies investments must be in accordance with the local government minister's orders. Clause 212 of the Local Government Regulation (NSW) 2021 requires that the Responsible Accounting Officer must make a monthly report to Council, setting out all details of money invested under Section 625 of the Local Government Act.

Sections 621 to 624 of the Local Government Act give councils the ability to borrow money and specify some further regulations on that borrowing. Council's staff consider it prudent to provide monthly reporting of loans.



# **Monthly Investment Review**



August 2025

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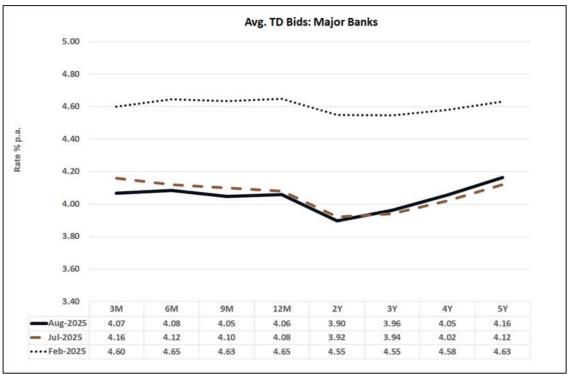
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# Market Update Summary

Global equity markets continued to reach new highs over August, despite the ongoing uncertainty with regards to global tariffs and geopolitics. Markets appear to be buoyed by further central bank rate cuts, or expectations of additional cuts in the short-term. Although the risks to growth remain material, the prospect of further policy support (both monetary and fiscal) is likely to provide support to the medium-term growth outlook and valuations.

In the deposit market, over August, at the short-end of the curve (under 9 months), the average deposit rates offered by the domestic major banks fell ~5bp compared to the previous month (July) after the RBA cut official interest rates. At the longer-end of the curve (1–5 years), the average deposit rates remained relatively flat with the market already largely pricing in additional two rate cuts over the next 6–12 months.



Source: Imperium Markets

With additional rate cuts and a global economic downturn priced in over the next 6-12 months, investors should consider diversifying and taking an 'insurance policy' against a potentially lower rate environment by investing across 1-5 year fixed deposits and locking in rates close to or above 4% p.a. (small allocation only).



# North Sydney Council' Portfolio & Compliance

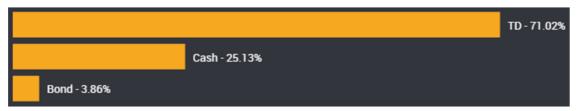
#### **Asset Allocation**

As at the end of August 2025, the portfolio was mainly directed to fixed term deposits (~71%). The remaining portfolio is directed to fixed bonds (~4%) and overnight cash accounts (~25%).

Senior FRNs are currently considered 'expensive' on a historical basis but new issuances should continue to be considered on a case by case scenario. In the interim, staggering a mix of fixed deposits between 12 months to 5 years remains a more optimal strategy to maximise returns over a longer-term cycle.

With additional interest rate cuts and a global economic downturn being priced in 2025, investors can choose to allocate a small proportion of longer-term funds and undertake an insurance policy against additional rate cuts by investing across 1–5 year fixed assets, locking in and targeting yields above 4% p.a. Should inflation be within the RBA's target band of 2–3% over the longer-term, returns around 4% p.a. or higher should outperform benchmark.

However, noting the significant capital outflows expected in the near term, Council is currently largely restricted to investing into very short-term investments (under 6-12 months). This is suitable to invest in short-dated fixed term deposits or high yielding cash accounts.





# **Term to Maturity**

Overall, the portfolio remains lightly diversified from a maturity perspective. Around 5% of assets is directed to medium-term assets (1-2 years), which has resulted in solid performance during the challenging economic environment over longer-term time periods. There is still high capacity to invest in the short-medium term horizon (1-2 years), with approximately \$100m at month-end.

Where liquidity permits (once immediate capital projects are finalised), we recommend new surplus funds be directed to 1–3 year horizon given this will help optimise returns over the long-run. We suggest this be allocated to any remaining attractive fixed term deposits.

In the interim, given the large ongoing capital expenditure flagged in the short-term, Council is likely to invest across shorter-tenors to match the capital program's cash flow requirements.

Compliant	Horizon	Invested (\$)	Invested (%)	Min. Limit (%)	Max. Limit (%)	Available (\$)
✓	0 - 90 days	\$75,094,045	48.26%	10%	100%	\$80,500,000
✓	91 - 365 days	\$72,500,000	46.60%	20%	100%	\$83,094,045
✓	1 - 2 years	\$8,000,000	5.14%	0%	70%	\$100,915,832
✓	2 - 5 years	\$0	0.00%	0%	50%	\$77,797,023
✓	5 - 10 years	\$0	0.00%	0%	25%	\$38,898,511
		\$155,594,045	100.00%			



#### **Counterparty**

As at the end of August, all individual limits comply with the Policy. We remind Council exposures to individual ADIs are driven by the portfolio's movements throughout any month. Overall, the portfolio is lightly diversified across the investment grade spectrum, with no exposure to the unrated ADIs (high credit quality).

We welcomed the decision to place a new deposit with Australian Unity (BBB+) recently. New accounts with different ADIs should continue to be considered, especially when it provides diversification and increases the overall returns of the portfolio.

Compliant	Issuer	Rating	Invested (\$)	Invested (%)	Max. Limit (%)	Available (\$)
✓	ANZ (Suncorp)	AA-	\$14,000,000	9.00%	30.00%	\$32,678,214
✓	CBA	AA-	\$39,094,045	25.13%	30.00%	\$7,584,168
✓	NAB	AA-	\$22,000,000	14.14%	30.00%	\$24,678,214
✓	NTTC Treasury	AA-	\$6,000,000	3.86%	30.00%	\$40,678,214
✓	Westpac	AA-	\$31,500,000	20.24%	30.00%	\$15,178,214
✓	ICBC Sydney	Α	\$19,000,000	12.21%	15.00%	\$4,339,107
✓	BoQ	A-	\$19,000,000	12.21%	15.00%	\$4,339,107
✓	Aus. Unity	BBB+	\$5,000,000	3.21%	10.00%	\$10,559,405
			\$155,594,045	100.00%		

On 31st July 2024, ANZ's takeover of Suncorp Bank was formalised, and ratings agency S&P upgraded Suncorp's long-term credit rating to that of its parent company immediately (now rated AA-). Any future investments with Suncorp will now be reflected under the parent company being ANZ.

# **Credit Quality**

The portfolio remains lightly diversified and is of very high quality. As at the end of August 2025, all categories were within the Policy limits, with all now in the AA or A rated categories:

Compliant	Credit Rating	Invested (\$)	Invested (%)	Max. Limit (%)	Available (\$)
✓	AA Category	\$112,594,045	72.36%	100%	\$43,000,000
✓	A Category	\$38,000,000	24.42%	60%	\$55,356,427
✓	BBB Category	\$5,000,000	3.21%	35%	\$49,457,916
✓	Unrated ADIs	\$0	0.00%	10%	\$15,559,405
		\$155,594,045	100.00%		



#### **Performance**

Council's performance for the month ending August 2025 is summarised as follows:

Performance (Actual)	1 month	3 months	6 months	FYTD	1 year	2 years	3 years
Official Cash Rate	0.30%	0.94%	1.94%	0.62%	4.10%	4.21%	3.94%
AusBond Bank Bill Index	0.32%	0.94%	2.00%	0.62%	4.25%	4.32%	4.00%
Council's T/D Portfolio	0.32%	0.97%	2.03%	0.65%	4.14%	3.97%	3.54%
Council's FRN Portfolio	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.43%	4.02%	4.16%
Council's Bond Portfolio	0.11%	0.32%	0.65%	0.22%	1.26%	1.21%	1.20%
Council's Portfolio^	0.31%	0.94%	1.96%	0.62%	3.98%	3.81%	3.41%
Rel. Performance	-0.01%	0.00%	-0.04%	0.00%	-0.28%	-0.52%	-0.59%

<sup>^</sup>Total portfolio performance excludes Council's cash account holdings.

Performance (% p.a.)	1 month	3 months	6 months	FYTD	1 year	2 years	3 years
Official Cash Rate	3.60%	3.77%	3.89%	3.72%	4.10%	4.21%	3.94%
AusBond Bank Bill Index	3.84%	3.79%	4.00%	3.72%	4.25%	4.32%	4.00%
Council's T/D Portfolio	3.87%	3.92%	4.08%	3.87%	4.14%	3.97%	3.54%
Council's FRN Portfolio	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.43%	4.02%	4.16%
Council's Bond Portfolio	1.29%	1.29%	1.29%	1.29%	1.26%	1.21%	1.20%
Council's Portfolio^	3.73%	3.78%	3.93%	3.74%	3.98%	3.81%	3.41%
Rel. Performance	-0.11%	-0.01%	-0.07%	0.02%	-0.28%	-0.52%	-0.59%

<sup>^</sup>Total portfolio performance excludes Council's cash account holdings.

For the month of August, the total investment portfolio (excluding cash) provided a solid return of +0.31% (actual) or +3.73% p.a. (annualised), marginally underperforming the AusBond Bank Bill Index return of +0.32% (actual) or +3.84% p.a. (annualised). The relative 'underperformance' over the past few years was due to the unexpected aggressive rate hikes undertaken by the RBA following the aftermath of the pandemic and Russia's invasion of Ukraine, which resulted in spike in global inflation. Whilst this 'underperformance' may continue in the short-term, we do anticipate this to be fairly temporary given the RBA has now commenced its easing cycle.

Note the period of underperformance is also highly dependent on reinvesting maturing funds at prevailing market rates *beyond 6 month tenors*. With large capital outflows, maturing funds are largely being spent or kept in low yielding short-dated assets. Council should also remind itself it has consistently 'outperformed' over longer-term time periods (last +10yrs).



#### **Recommendations for Council**

#### **Term Deposits**

As at the end of August 2025, Council's deposit portfolio was yielding **3.75% p.a.** (down 1bp from the previous month), with a weighted average duration of around 199 days (~6½ months). We recommend Council slightly increases this weighted average duration, should cash flows allow in future.

In the immediate future, given the significant outflows anticipated from capital projects, short-dated term deposits are suitable for North Sydney Council's purposes.

Please refer to the section below for further details on the Term Deposit market.

#### **Securities**

Primary (new) FRNs (with maturities between 3–5 years) are expensive on a historical basis but remains an option (particularly for those investors with portfolios skewed towards fixed assets) and should be considered on a case by case scenario. Fixed Bonds may also provide attractive opportunities from new (primary) issuances.

Please refer to the section below for further details on the FRN market.

#### Council's Senior Bonds

During October 2020, Council placed \$3m in the Northern Territory Treasury Corporation (NTTC), locking in a yield of 1.00% p.a. for a 5 year term. In August 2021, it placed another \$3m parcel with NTTC (AA-), locking in a yield of 1.50% p.a. for a 5 year term.

Council received the full rebated commission of 0.25% on the total face value of investments (i.e. \$6m x 0.25% = \$15,000) as it was introduced by Imperium Markets (sister company of Arlo Advisory). We believe these investments were prudent at the time of investment especially after the rate cut delivered in early November 2020 to 0.10% and the RBA's forward guidance on official interest rates (no rate rises "until at least 2024"). The NTTC bonds are a 'retail' offering and not 'wholesale' issuances. Given the lack of liquidity and high penalty costs if they were to be sold/redeemed prior to the maturity date, they are considered to be a hold-to-maturity investment and will be marked at par value (\$100.00) throughout the term of investment.



# **Term Deposit Market Review**

# **Current Term Deposits Rates**

As at the end of August, we see value in the following:

ADI	LT Credit Rating	Term	Rate % p.a.
ING Bank	Α	5 years	4.25%
NAB	AA-	5 years	4.20%
Westpac	AA-	5 years	4.15%
BoQ	A-	5 years	4.14%
NAB	AA-	4 years	4.10%
ING Bank	А	4 years	4.10%
BoQ	A-	4 years	4.04%
Westpac	AA-	4 years	4.03%
Australian Military	BBB+	3 years	4.07%
NAB	AA-	3 years	4.00%
ING Bank	А	3 years	3.96%
Police CU	Unrated	3 years	3.96%
Australian Military	BBB+	2 years	4.05%
Police CU	Unrated	2 years	3.96%
NAB	AA-	2 years	3.95%
Arab Bank Australia	Unrated	2 years	3.95%

The above deposits are suitable for investors looking to maintain diversification and lock-in a slight premium compared to purely investing short-term.

For terms under 12 months, we believe the strongest value is currently being offered by the following ADIs (we stress that rates are indicative, dependent on daily funding requirements and different for industry segments):



ADI	LT Credit Rating	Term	Rate % p.a.
Police CU	Unrated	12 months	4.15%
Westpac	AA-	12 months	4.12%
ICBC Sydney Branch	Α	12 months	4.12%
Bank of Sydney	Unrated	12 months	4.12%
NAB	AA-	12 months	4.10%
ICBC Sydney Branch	А	9 months	4.14%
Westpac	AA-	9 months	4.11%
NAB	AA-	9 months	4.10%
Police CU	Unrated	9 months	4.10%
ICBC Sydney Branch	А	6 months	4.20%
Police CU	Unrated	6 months	4.20%
Bank of China Sydney	Α	6 months	4.17%
Westpac	AA-	6 months	4.14%
NAB	AA-	6 months	4.10%
Police CU	Unrated	3 months	4.16%
ANZ	AA-	3 months	4.14%
Bank of Sydney	Unrated	3 months	4.14%
NAB	AA-	3 months	4.11%

For those investors that do not require high levels of liquidity and can stagger their investments longer term, they will be rewarded over a longer-term cycle if they roll for an average min. term of 12 months, with a spread of investments out to 5 years (this is where we see current value). In a normal market environment (upward sloping yield curve), investors could earn over a cycle, on average, up to ½-½% p.a. higher compared to those investors that entirely invest in short-dated deposits.

With additional rate cuts and a global economic downturn priced in over the next 6-12 months, investors should consider allocating some longer-term surplus funds and undertake an insurance policy by investing across 1-5 year fixed deposits and locking in rates close to or above 4% p.a. This will provide some income protection if the RBA decides to continue cutting rates over 2025 and into 2026.



#### **Term Deposits Analysis**

Pre-pandemic (March 2020), a 'normal' marketplace meant the lower rated ADIs (i.e. BBB category) were offering higher rates on term deposits compared to the higher rated ADIs (i.e. A or AA rated). But due to the cheap funding available provided by the RBA via their Term Funding Facility (TFF) during mid-2020, allowing the ADIs to borrow as low as 0.10% p.a. fixed for 3 years, those lower rated ADIs (BBB rated) did not require deposit funding from the wholesale deposit. Given the higher rated banks had more capacity to lend (as they have a greater pool of mortgage borrowers), they subsequently were offering higher deposit rates. In fact, some of the lower rated banks were not even offering deposit rates at all. As a result, most investors placed a higher proportion of their deposit investments with the higher rated (A or AA) ADIs over the past three years.



Term Deposit Rates – 12 months after pandemic (March 2021)

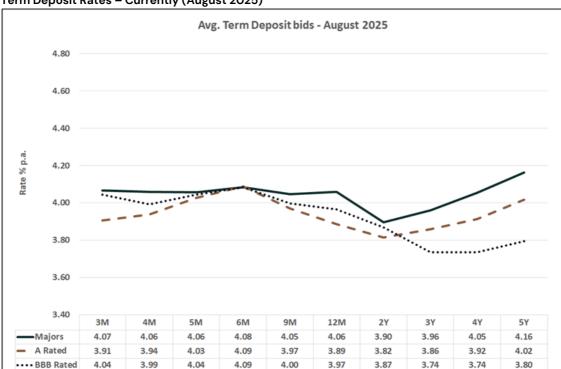
Source: Imperium Markets

The abnormal marketplace experienced during the pandemic is starting to reverse as the competition for deposits slowly increases, partially driven by the RBA's term funding facility coming to an end. In recent months, we have started to periodically see some of the lower rated ADIs ("A" and "BBB" rated) offering slightly higher rates compared to the domestic major banks ("AA" rated) on different parts of the curve (i.e. pre-pandemic environment). Some of this has been attributed to lags in adjusting their deposit rates as some banks (mainly the lower rated ADIs) simply set their rates for the week.

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Going forward, investors should have a larger opportunity to invest a higher proportion of its funds with the lower rated institutions (up to Policy limits), from which the majority are not lending to the Fossil Fuel industry or considered 'ethical'. We are slowly seeing this trend emerge, although the major banks always seem to react more quickly than the rest of the market during periods of volatility:



## Term Deposit Rates - Currently (August 2025)

Source: Imperium Markets

#### Financial Stability of the Banking (ADI) Sector

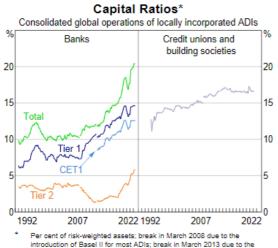
The RBA's latest Financial Stability report of 2024 reaffirms the strong balance sheet across the ADI sector. They noted that the risk of widespread financial stress remains limited due to the generally strong financial positions of most (individual) borrowers. Very few mortgage borrowers are in negative equity, limiting the impact on lenders (ADIs) in the event of default and supporting their ability to continue providing credit to the economy. Most businesses that have entered insolvency are small and have little debt, limiting the broader impact on the labour market and thus household incomes, and on the capital position of lenders (ADIs).

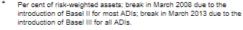
Australian banks (collectively the APRA regulated ADIs) have maintained prudent lending standards and are well positioned to continue supplying credit to the economy. A deterioration in economic conditions or temporary disruption to funding markets is unlikely to halt lending activity. Banks have anticipated an



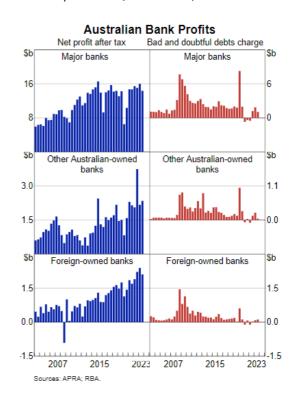
increase in loan arrears and have capital and liquidity buffers well above regulatory requirements (see Capita Ratios chart below). APRA's mandate is to "protect depositors" and provide "financial stability".

Over the past two decades, both domestic and international banks continue to operate and demonstrate high levels of profitability (see Australian Bank Profits chart below), which also includes two stress-test environments being the GFC (September 2008) and the COVID pandemic (March 2020):





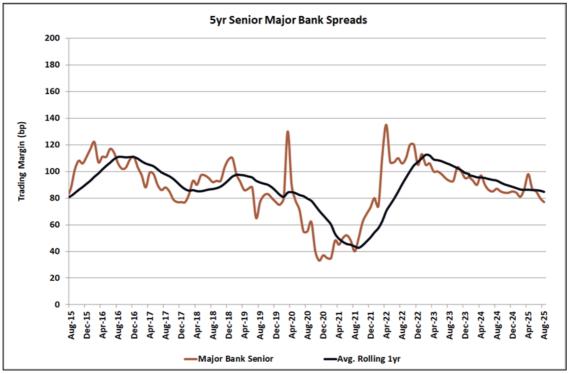
Source: APRA.





# Senior FRNs Market Review

Over August, amongst the senior major bank FRNs, physical credit securities tightened up to 3bp at the long-end of the curve. During the month, CBA (AA-) issued a dual 3¼ and 5 year senior security at +67bp and +77bp respectively. Long-term major bank senior securities are looking slightly expensive on a historical basis, noting the 5yr margin has averaged around the +87-90bp level over a cycle (currently around +77bp).



Source: IBS Capital

During the month, outside of CBA, only ING Bank Australia issued a new covered 5yr security (AAA) at +78bp. Amongst the "A" and "BBB" rated sectors, the securities tightened between 3-5bp at the longerend of the curve.



Overall, credit securities are slightly expensive on a historical basis but remain a good option for diversification purposes. FRNs will continue to play a role in investors' portfolios mainly based on their liquidity and the ability to roll down the curve and gross up returns over ensuing years (in a relatively stable credit environment), whilst also providing some diversification to those investors skewed towards fixed assets.

Senior FRNs (ADIs)	31/08/2025	31/07/2025
"AA" rated – 5yrs	+77bp	+80bp
"AA" rated – 3yrs	+62bp	+65bp
"A" rated – 5yrs	+85bp	+90bp
"A" rated – 3yrs	+72bp	+75bp
"BBB" rated – 3yrs	+120bp	+125bp

Source: IBS Capital

We now generally recommend switches ('benchmark' issues only) into new primary issues, out of the following senior FRNs that are maturing:

- On or before mid-2028 for the "AA" rated ADIs (domestic major banks);
- On or before 2026 for the "A" rated ADIs; and
- Within 6-9 months for the "BBB" rated ADIs (consider case by case).

Investors holding onto the above senior FRNs ('benchmark' issues only) in their last few years are now generally holding sub optimal investments and are not maximising returns by foregoing realised capital gains. In the current challenging economic environment, any boost in overall returns should be locked in when it is advantageous to do so, particularly as switch opportunities become available.



# Senior Fixed Bonds - ADIs (Secondary Market)

With global inflation softening and official interest rates starting to drop progressively, investors may look at some opportunities in the secondary market. We currently see value in the following fixed bond lines (please note supply in the secondary market may be limited on any day):

ISIN	Issuer	Rating	Capital Structure	Maturity Date	~Remain. Term (yrs)	Fixed Coupon	Indicative Yield
AU3CB0314763	Bendigo	A-	Senior	24/10/2028	3.16	4.79%	4.23%
AU3CB0308955	BoQ	A-	Senior	30/04/2029	3.68	5.30%	4.36%
AU3CB0319879	Nova Sco.	A-	Senior	21/03/2030	4.57	5.23%	4.80%



# **Economic Commentary**

#### International Market

Global equity markets continued to reach new highs over August, despite the ongoing uncertainty with regards to global tariffs and geopolitics. Markets appear to be buoyed by further central bank rate cuts, or expectations of additional cuts in the short-term. Although the risks to growth remain material, the prospect of further policy support (both monetary and fiscal) is likely to provide support to the medium-term growth outlook and valuations.

Across equity markets, the US S&P 500 Index rose +1.91%, whilst the NASDAQ gained +1.58%. Europe's main indices were mixed, with gains in UK's FTSE (+0.60%), whilst France's CAC (-0.88%) and Germany's DAX (-0.68%) both fell.

The July US FOMC minutes showed most officials still prioritising inflation risks over labour market softness. US core CPI came in at consensus at +0.32% m/m in July, to be +3.1% y/y annually. US unemployment rate rose to 4.2% from 4.1% in line with consensus, whilst there was a 0.1% drop in the participation rate from 62.3% to 62.2%.

Canada's July labour market data showed an unexpectedly sharp fall in employment (-40.8k), but there was no change to the unemployment rate at 6.9%, thanks in large part to a 0.2% drop in the participation rate to 65.2%.

As expected, the Bank of England (BoE) cut rates by 25bp at its early August meeting, taking Bank Rate down to 4.00%, the fifth cut in the easing cycle that started a year ago. UK wages growth came in as expected with the key private excluding bonuses at +4.8% y/y vs. +4.8% consensus and +4.9% previously.

The RBNZ cut rates by 25bp to 3.00% as expected, but the dovish tone surprised, with two members voted for a 50bp cut, with the market forecasting a terminal rate of 2.50%.

China published its July inflation data, showing CPI avoiding a return to outright deflation, printing at 0.0% down from 0.1% against an expected -0.1%. In contrast PPI deflation held at its -3.6% June rates - the weakest in two years. Retail sales slowed to +3.7% y/y, industrial production decelerated to +5.7%, whilst new home prices fell -0.31% m/m - the sharpest drop since October.

The MSCI World ex-Aus Index rose +2.60% for the month of August:

Index	1m	3m	1yr	3yr	5yr	10yr
S&P 500 Index	+1.91%	+9.28%	+14.37%	+17.77%	+13.04%	+12.60%
MSCI World ex-AUS	+2.60%	+8.60%	+16.30%	+19.20%	+13.50%	+12.30%
S&P ASX 200 Accum. Index	+3.10%	+7.03%	+14.74%	+13.04%	+12.32%	+9.87%

Source: S&P, MSCI

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#### **Domestic Market**

The RBA cut the official cash rate by 25bp as expected to 3.60% in its meeting in August, encouraged by a further decline in core inflation and a slight easing in labour market conditions. There were no changes to the unemployment rate or inflation forecasts in the August Statement on Monetary Policy. The RBA has downgraded their longer-term productivity assumptions and now see Australian trend GDP growth at around 2%.

The Q2 wage price index (WPI) printed broadly as expected at +0.8% q/q vs. +0.8% consensus. The annual rate though was slightly stronger at +3.4% y/y vs. +3.3% consensus.

Monthly CPI indicator jumped to +2.8% in July from +1.9% in June, above expectations. The annual trimmed mean also jumped to +2.7% from +2.1%. The outcome of the July indicator was always going to come down to measurement of electricity subsidies and travel prices. Those components drove the surprise.

Employment rose +24.5k in July, with the unemployment rate ticking down 0.1% to 4.2%.

APRA formalised a three-tiered approach for prudential regulation for 'large', 'medium' and 'small' banks. This could allow a more nuanced regulatory approach and see reduced regulatory costs for medium banks.

The Australian dollar gained around +1.07%, finishing the month at US65.38 cents (from US64.69 cents the previous month).

#### **Credit Market**

The global credit indices remained relatively flat this month. They remain near the levels seen in early-mid 2022 (prior to the rate hike cycle from most central banks):

Index	August 2025	July 2025
CDX North American 5yr CDS	50bp	51bp
iTraxx Europe 5yr CDS	54bp	53bp
iTraxx Australia 5yr CDS	67bp	69bp

Source: Markit



# **Fixed Interest Review**

# **Benchmark Index Returns**

Index	August 2025	July 2025
Bloomberg AusBond Bank Bill Index (0+YR)	+0.32%	+0.30%
Bloomberg AusBond Composite Bond Index (0+YR)	+0.28%	-0.04%
Bloomberg AusBond Credit FRN Index (0+YR)	+0.46%	+0.43%
Bloomberg AusBond Credit Index (0+YR)	+0.60%	+0.26%
Bloomberg AusBond Treasury Index (0+YR)	+0.24%	-0.23%
Bloomberg AusBond Inflation Gov't Index (0+YR)	+0.83%	+0.03%

Source: Bloomberg

# Other Key Rates

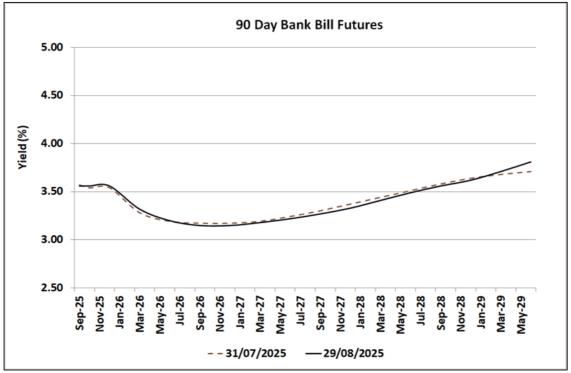
Index	August 2025	July 20255
RBA Official Cash Rate	3.60%	3.85%
90 Day (3 month) BBSW Rate	3.57%	3.68%
3yr Australian Government Bonds	3.37%	3.39%
10yr Australian Government Bonds	4.26%	4.26%
US Fed Funds Rate	4.25%-4.50%	4.25%-4.50%
2yr US Treasury Bonds	3.59%	3.94%
10yr US Treasury Bonds	4.23%	4.37%

Source: RBA, ASX, US Department of Treasury



# 90 Day Bill Futures

Bill futures remained relatively flat this month, consistent with the movement in the bond market:



Source: ASX

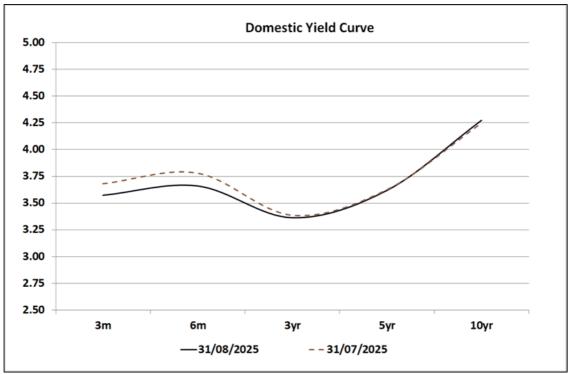


# **Fixed Interest Outlook**

US Fed chair Powell recently commented "the balance of risks may be shifting" (in relation to the Fed's dual mandate) and "with policy in restrictive territory, the baseline outlook and the shifting balance of risks may warrant adjusting our policy stance". The market continues to factor at least two rate cuts by the US Fed for the remainder of 2025.

The latest RBA Minutes concluded "some further reduction in the cash rate over the coming year" was likely, with the pace of that easing being contingent on the data flow. Inflation is expected to settle close to the mid-point of the target band of 2-3%, and growth remaining subdued with little gains in productivity. This outlook assumes that the cash rate reaches 3%; the RBA notes in their Statement of Monetary Policy (SoMP) that this path for the cash rate "...is consistent with sustaining balance in the economy, although this assessment is uncertain".

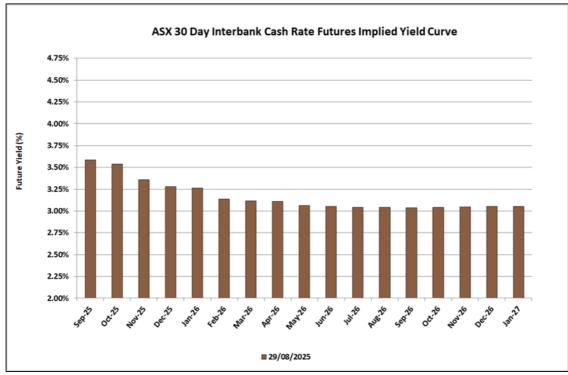
Yields remained flat at the longer-end of the curve this month:



Source: ASX, RBA



Financial markets are factoring up to two (2) additional rate cuts by early-mid 2026, taking the official cash rate down to 3.10%:



Source: ASX

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